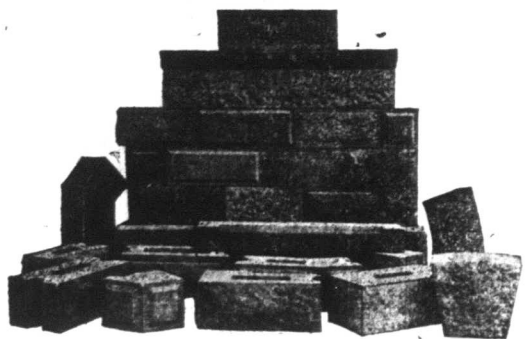


THE NAPANEE

Vol. L] No 30 -E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA



**JOY'S
Brick and
Block
Yard.**

Now is the time to build and make your repairs, while material is cheap and plentiful. JOY & SON have a large stock on hand, and are prepared to fill all orders on the shortest notice, for Brick, Concrete Blocks, and all kinds of Ornamental Stone for verandah construction.]

A Full Line of Sewer and Drain Tile on Hand.

Well Curbing for all size wells.—We build a fireproof and indestructible Chimney which any handy man can put in place.—We wholesale and retail Portland Cement. Special prices in our lots.—Estimates furnished for all kinds of buildings. Give us a call. Office and factory near G. T. R. bridge.

JOY & SON.

THE NEW SANITARY MEAT MARKET

opposite Town Hall.

Everything spotless and clean.
Choice western beef always in stock.
Beef all government inspected.
Choice spring lamb and mutton, veal and pork and home-made lard.

Choice line of cooked meat, jellied beef, jellied pork, veal, ham and tongue, veal and tongue, roasted ham, boiled ham, and English corn beef—all government inspected.

Fearman's hams and bacon.
Davies hams and bacon.
Fowler's hams and bacon.

Prompt delivery.

A. KELLY.

Phone 135.

15th

**CLOVER,
ALSIKE,**

—and—

TIMOTHY SEED

—ALSO—

**FARMER'S
DRIED APPLES**

—WANTED AT—

Court of Revision.

In the matter of appeals from the Court of Revision of the Township of Sheffield.

Take notice that the County Judge of the County of Lennox and Addington has appointed **TUESDAY, THE 18th DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1911**, at the town hall in the Village of Tamworth, in the Township of Sheffield, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to hear and determine appeals from the Court of Revision of the Township of Sheffield of the Assessment Roll for 1911.

JAS. AYLSWORTH,
Township Clerk.

VOTERS' LISTS, 1911.

Municipality of the Village of Bath, County of Lennox and Addington.

Notice is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in Section 9 of "The Ontario Voters' Lists Act" the copies required by the said sections to be so transmitted or delivered of the list made pursuant to the said Act of all persons appearing by the last revised Assessment Roll of the said municipality to be entitled to vote in the said municipality at elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal Elections, and the said list was first posted up in my office at Bath on the 1st day of July, 1911, and remains there for inspection.

And I hereby call upon all voters to take immediate proceedings to have any errors or omissions corrected according to law.

E. P. SHEPARD,

Clerk of the Municipality of Bath.
Dated at Bath this 1st day of July, 1911.

I.O.O.F. EXCURSION

—TO—

Toronto

—and—

Niagara Falls!

THE "RANKER" OFFICER

HE CAN DO LITTLE IN ARMY
WITHOUT PRIVATE MEANS.

Some Years Ago the "Gentleman Rankers" Who Could Not Pass Competitive Examinations Entered the Service as Privates and Were Rapidly Advanced to Commissions.—Points on Promotion.

The question of giving the private soldier a better chance of gaining a commission in the army than he has at present crops up from time to time. And it has lately been prominently before the British public, owing to the increasing difficulty the authorities find in getting officers from the usual source—that is, the public schools, via Sandhurst and Woolwich.

At present the commissioned establishment of the army is short by nearly 3,000 officers. I will not deal with this rather serious state of affairs beyond remarking that, while the officer's work and duties have been greatly increased, he is still far from being paid a "living wage," says a writer in London Answers. Men with money, naturally enough, are beginning to fight shy of a profession where it is all work and no pay.

Now, as regards promotion from the ranks, I do not know exactly how many ex-rankers there are holding commissions, but there are certainly some hundreds. These may be divided into three classes. First of all, there is the "ex-gentleman ranker."

Twenty years or so ago the competitive entrance examinations for the army were severe, there being about eight candidates for each vacancy. This meant that many gentlemen's sons who would have made good officers were kept out of the army because they had not the gift of being "crammed" by the army tutors, who then used to make an uncommonly good thing of it.

Being keen on soldiering, they used to enlist. Provided they were good men—and sometimes when they were not—they were quickly pushed on. I knew one case where a gentleman ranker was made a lance-corporal within three days of enlistment. A genuine private would have been lucky to get his lance-corporal's stripe under a year.

These gentleman rankers often got their commissions in two or three years; so that, if they enlisted at, say eighteen, they might be officers by the time they were twenty-one. The system was bad. It meant that the genuine non-committed officers were kept back to make way for the gentleman ranker.

His training in the ranks was more or less of a farce. He often paid a man to do disagreeable duties for him. Officers who had got their commissions in the usual way had a right to feel aggrieved. Much money had been spent on their education; they had had to pass hard examinations, and here was the gentleman ranker being pitch-forked into the army at almost the same age as themselves.

To-day, owing to the absence of competition, it is much easier to get

TOWN COUNCIL.

Council Chambers,

Monday, July 3d, 1911.

Council met in regular session on Monday evening, Mayor A. S. Kimmerly presiding.

Members present—Reeve Alexander, and Councillors Stevens, Waller and Dickinson.

Minutes of last regular session were read and confirmed.

A communication was read from G. F. Rutan, in reference to damage sustained to gas engine used by Mr. Foster in Wonderland. It seems that on a recent Saturday Contractor Lytton, on the Dundas street sewer, had informed Mr. Foster that the water pipe crossing the sewer excavation would not be interfered with that day, and in consequence Mr. Foster started his engine, and turned on the water (which is used for cooling the cylinder of the engine) and proceeded to give his usual afternoon show. In the meantime the said water pipe crossing the sewer had been interfered with and the supply of water cut off, and when Mr. Foster went to shut down his engine he found it badly overheated and burned. The engine has been out of commission for the past couple of weeks, and it is the intention to collect for inconvenience and damage to engine.

The communication was referred to the Town Solicitor.

A communication was read from the County Clerk to the effect that the assessment of the town for County purposes had been fixed at \$800,000, and a rate of 5 mills on the dollar struck, which would necessitate the town raising \$4,000 for County purposes. Filed.

The following communication was received from John W. McCullough, Chief Health Officer of Ontario, re Sewerage system and sewerage disposal:—

Dear Sirs,—In respect to the matter discussed with your representatives, I beg to say that for the approval of the Provincial Board of Health there will be required in addition to the plan submitted a detailed report and plan of the proposed disposal plant, showing area, etc., and quantity of sewage to be treated.

Inasmuch as the Board will not permit raw sewage to be drained into the river, it will be necessary that the disposal works be begun and pushed to completion at a reasonable date. If assurance is given of the good faith of the municipality the matter will, if the report, etc., are satisfactory, probably be given approval.

Kindly let me have these details at your earliest convenience.

JOHN W. McCULLOUGH,

Chief Health Officer of Ontario.

Ordered to lay on the table until later in the evening.

The following communication was read from Mr. Chas. Walters, Secretary of the Electric Light Commissioners:—

To the Mayor and Council.

At a special meeting of the Board of Electric Light Commissioners, held on Friday last, at which Mr. Holland, assistant engineer of the Hydro Electric Commission, was present, the following resolutions were passed:—

THE BEST OLD
—ALSO—
**FARMER'S
DRIED APPLES**
—WANTED AT—
SYMINGTON'S.

**Why Not
send China**
for weddings—you can send no
more appropriate gift than a
piece of
FINE CHINA
We have an immense range of fine
articles, either separately or in sets, that
would be most suitable for wedding or
other gifts. In fact our china is too good
for the regular trade and our intention is
to sell out the whole lot. To accomplish
this we will inaugurate

On June 1st
and for 30 days after a
Great Clearing Sale
at prices never before heard of. Come
early and get first choice.
A. E. PAUL,
Paul's Bookstore.

NOTHING IN IT
That is, in
using a
**RUBBER
STAMP**
when well
printed letter
heads give
such a
**Business
Air**
to your
Business

WILLIE
**LET US PRINT YOUR
STATIONERY.**

We have just installed a fast new
Job Press, making three presses in
our office exclusively for Job Work
We are also adding new type, etc.
making our Job Plant the best in the
district.
**The Napanee Express Job
Department.**

—10—
Toronto
—and—
Niagara Falls!
Special Train Both Ways
Wednesday, August 9th
Train leaves Napanee 6.35 a. m. R-
turning leaves Union Station 11 p. m.
Tickets, from Napanee to Niagara Falls,
\$3 45 : to Toronto \$3 35.

**MCCORMICK
MACHINERY**
Gasolene Engines,
Dairymaid Cream Separ-
ators.
Scales, Pianos, Organs,
Real Estate for Sale
Buggies, Cutters, Etc.
SPENCER & ROSE.
West of Market.

THIS IS WHY
we sell more Regina's than
Walthams, Elgins, or other
American makes—any of
which we will sell you, if
you prefer.
They are the only 3 years
universally guaranteed
Watch you can buy
This means 450 of the best
jewellers in Canada will take
care of our guarantee to you if
you are away travelling, etc.
ALL parts factory finished and
interchangeable, making repairs
easy.
They are made by the most
skilful watch mechanics in the
world.
Marvellous timekeepers.
Hardly ever break mainsprings
REMEMBER we keep and
can sell you all other makes of
watches.
F. CHINNECK
Optician and
Jeweller.

Wednesday Half Holiday.
The merchants of the
Town of Napanee, will
close their places of busi-
ness on the following
Wednesday afternoons :
July 5th, 19th, 26th, Aug-
ust 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd.
Stores to close at 12.30 p.
m.

man to go to disagreeable duties for
him. Officers who had got their com-
missions in the usual way had a right
to feel aggrieved. Much money had
been spent on their education; they
had had to pass hard examinations,
and here was the gentleman ranker
being pitch-forked into the army at
almost the same age as themselves.
To-day, owing to the absence of
competition, it is much easier to get
a commission by examination than
it was. Moreover, for some time the
authorities would not promote the
ranker with less than six years' ser-
vice, except for distinguished con-
duct on active service. He may now
get a commission after two years' service.
Anyway, the supply of "gentleman
rankers" is now small. A good job,
too, I think, because they were often
unpopular with both officers and
men. The former disliked them for
reasons already explained; the latter,
for the way they were favored in the
ranks.
True, when a gentleman ranker got
a commission he was always posted
to another regiment; but the men of
his new corps knew that he had not
really been "through the mill" of
the ranks.
The second class of "ranker" is the
genuine "ranker," the man born in
a humble walk of life, like General
Luke O'Connor, V.C., or the late
General Sir Hector Macdonald, who
wins a commission by sheer force of
merit and character.
There are very few of them. On
the other hand, there are plenty of
men in the ranks who deserve com-
missions, and would make excellent
officers. Yet they remain uncom-
missioned.
In most cases, it is simply a ques-
tion of ways and means. In ordinary
circumstances a junior officer must
have at least \$500 a year private
means over and above his pay, and
he will need that for from six to ten
years, until he "gets his company"
—is promoted captain—when he may
just be able to live on his pay.
The genuine ranker seldom has
\$500 a year private means, or any
private means at all, and if he takes
a commission he will probably have
to resign it long before he has any
chance of qualifying for pension.
Nevertheless, it is possible for the
genuine ranker without private
means to become an officer, and to
live as such without getting into debt
or going to India. I am such a one,
for I belong to the third, and by far
the largest class of ranker officer—
namely, those holding commissions
as quartermasters or ridingmasters,
with honorary rank as lieutenant,
captain, or major.
The ridingmaster of a mounted
corps is perhaps better off than a
quartermaster. He gets slightly bet-
ter pay—10s. 6d. a day minimum—
and his work is more interesting. I
am occupied chiefly with quarters,
stores, and interminable accounts,
while he has the more virile work of
making the raw recruit into the fin-
ished horseman.
Until all officers are paid enough
to live on, it is almost useless for a
penniless man to enlist with a view
to gaining a full commission; but as
quartermasters and ridingmasters
there are good openings in the army
for any man, irrespective of the state
of life into which he is born.

To take off Corps—No matter how bad.
Use "Rexall Ointment" it does
the trick. Sold in Napanee only at
Wallace's Drug Store. Sent by mail
on receipt of price, 25c.

St. Catharines fruit men are anxious;
unless rain comes the outlook is serious.
Raspberries are cooking on the vines.
Louis Renaud, of Aylmer, Que., was
struck by a train at Ernestown and
his hearing, which was very defective,
was completely restored.
**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

tary of the Electric Light Commis-
sioners :—
To the Mayor and Council.
At a special meeting of the Board
of Electric Light Commissioners,
held on Friday last, at which Mr.
Holland, assistant engineer of the
Hydro Electric Commission, was
present, the following resolutions
were passed :
1. Moved by Commissioner Miller,
seconded by Commissioner Kimmer-
ly, that the Hydro Electric Commis-
sion be requested to examine the
proposed by-law re the sale of the
municipal lighting plant and to re-
port at its earliest convenience as to
its reasonableness and as to the
advisability of the Town of Napanee
passing the same, also that the Com-
mission be asked to advise us as to
the prospect of obtaining power
through the Hydro Electric Com-
mission, and to give us as early as
possible all available figures regard-
ing the same.
2. That in view of the fact that
we have asked for a report from the
Hydro Electric Commission we deem
it advisable to ask the Municipal
Council to defer the submission of
the by-law until the report on the
same from the Commission has been
received.
I am instructed to say that the
Commissioners would like to have
the Council approve of their action
of submitting the by-law to the Hy-
dro Electric Commission, and also
to defer submitting the by-law in
accordance with the second resolu-
tion.
Mr. Holland stated to the Com-
missioners that the services of the
Commission for work of this nature
were free of charge, and also that
they would send a representative to
Napanee to report to the Council,
and if desired would address the
ratepayers at a public meeting.
On motion of Councillors Waller
and Stevens, the communication was
ordered filed.
Moved by Coun. Waller, seconded
by Coun. Stevens, that in reference
to the communication from the Pro-
vincial Health Officer, that Mr.
Wright, engineer, be asked to pre-
pare the necessary plans for works
asked for by the said Health Officer.
Carried.
Coun. Waller informed the Council
that several citizens had been asking
him for information in reference to
erecting refreshment booths on the
streets on the 12th of July.
The Clerk informed the Council
that according to his recollection the
town by-law governing streets cov-
ered the question brought up by Coun.
Waller, and that the Chairman of
Streets had full power to regulate
the same.
Moved by Coun. Dickinson, seconded
by Reeve Alexander, that any
citizen be granted temporary use of
the streets for booths on July 12th,
under the supervision of the Chair-
man of Streets. Carried.
ACCOUNTS.
The following accounts were order-
ed paid :
J. L. Boyes, \$ 1 90
Electric Light Commissioners—
Streets, 271 66
Town Hall, 15 80
Fire Hall, 7 60
P. O. Clock, 10 00
Warner Park, 20 90
W. A. Grange, 10 00
W. T. Waller, 10 00
W. R. Pringle's account of \$5.50,
was referred to the Streets Com-
mittee with power to act.
Council adjourned.
Dr. James Douglas, of New York,
has forwarded a cheque for \$50,000 to
endow the chair in colonial history in
Queen's University, Kingston. Dr.
Douglas graduated in the class of 1858,
and has shown his interest in his alma
mater by numerous gifts. Professor
Grant, the first holder of the chair in
colonial history, is at present on his
wedding in the Italian lakes. Dr.
Douglas' gift was conditional upon
Queen's being freed from church con-
trol.

FREE EXPRESS

A QUARTER OF A CENTURY

finds us in the lead for
Plumbing, Steam, Hot
Water and Hot Air
Heating.

M. S. MADOLE

ANADA—FRIDAY, JULY 7th, 1911

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

J. L. BOYES' SUMMER CLEARING SALE

Every Man or Boys' Suit in the store marked in plain figures at Reduced Prices from 25 to 33 per cent.

Straw Hats at 30 and 40 per cent. reduction.

Boys' Shirt Waists at ½ price. Regular 75c for 38c, 50c for 25c.

Men's Soft Shirts, regular value 75c, \$1, and \$1.25 —at 47c

J. L. BOYES,

THE ELECTRIC LIGHT BY-LAW.

The more the ratepayers examine the agreement and by-law which proposes to sell the town plant to The Seymour Power Company the more popular does this agreement become. Compared with the agreements under which other towns are working, Napanee will secure excellent terms, in some particulars a good deal better than most towns enjoy and electric lights under the proposed agreement will be as low as anywhere else when a similar consumption of current is sold. In addition Napanee will have a first class steam plant always ready to be used in case of emergency, an insurance for light which most towns have not. With cheap power available from manufacturers and the Napanee Water power developed to its full capacity, the town will be in an exceptionally good position to offer inducements to manufacturers, and negotiations are already under way for the starting of at least one new industry in Napanee, for which plenty of water, cheap power and competitive rates by rail and water are a necessity. Should the by-law carry all these advantages will be immediately available. The Seymour Company have a large amount of power for sale and are locating manufacturers at various places along their transmission lines and Napanee should be added to the list of towns where the company may offer the necessary inducements to manufacturers to locate. The company are not receiving an exclusive franchise, but one which may be terminated at

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

Cutting wheat has commenced in Niagara district.

Mrs. Robert Hughes, who died at Innisville, was 102 years old.

The King reviewed 35,000 Boy Scouts at Windsor, the Canadians leading the march past.

At Belleville, on Sunday, Duncan Axford and Mrs. Alice Thompson, both of Marlbank were married.

Christ Church Cathedral at St. John, N. B., was struck by lightning and burned, only the walls being left.

Toronto's temperature rose to 103 degrees Monday, breaking all records in the history of the city. There were many prostrations.

Montreal's reception to Sir Wilfrid Laurier will be a most brilliant affair if the present plans are carried out. A big illumination is one of the features.

Mrs. Annie Huckings, aged seventy-five years, of Camden East, was seized with a stroke of apoplexy, and is in the Kingston general hospital for treatment.

The strike of the Kingston stone cutters and masons has been settled with a two years agreement under which the men will receive an advance of fifty cents per day after one year.

Alexander Wilson, aged twenty-five years, was drowned in the Bay of Quinte, off Point Ann. Wilson, with two companions, was in a sailboat when a sudden gust of wind swung the boom which struck Wilson, knocking him into the bay. He sank and did not rise.

All the French societies of Hull, Que., have petitioned Mayor Archambault to stop the Twelfth of July procession there. The mayor wrote Dr. Sproule, and the latter refused to accede to their request. The parade will be held. It is expected 5,000 Orangemen will be present in view of the possibility of trouble.

Charged with having misrepresented himself in attempting to cash a check for \$6 Ross Phalen, alias John Brown, alias Bangeet, a Canadian, was arrested at Watertown, N. Y., early Wednesday afternoon. Phalen purchased a hat valued at \$2 and then offered the check in payment, saying that he wasn't sure that it was good.

At Yarker, Monday morning, while waiting for the train, a young woman with a baby in her arms, stumbled over a suit case, sitting on the platform, which she did not see, and fell. When falling the baby fell out of her arms and was hurt considerably. She took the youngster to a doctor and as a consequence the train went without her.

Platinum, iron and feldspar have been discovered on the farm of J. W. Hill, about four miles from Seeley's Bay. Mr. Hill was prospecting on his farm about the beginning of April when he came across his find. He accordingly sent samples to Ottawa and they were found to contain 1-Platinum, 1 percent; iron 50 per cent, and the feldspar, pure. Mr. Hill stated to The Standard that iron is cropping out at the surface and the platinum about two feet below the surface. It is quite likely that a mine will be opened up in the near future.

Through-being struck by a G. T. R. train at Ernestown on Monday, Louis

DAFOE & WALLER

Lumber, Shingles, Lath,
Posts, Sash, Doors,
Mouldings, Etc.

AGENTS for Canadian Fairbanks Gas and Marine Engines.

AGENTS for Ruberoid Roofing and Flooring.

FACTORY next to the Big Mill. 'Phone 14

THE - DOMINION - BANK

Head Office - Toronto.

E. B. OSLER, M. P., President.

W. D. MATTHEWS, Vice-President.

Capital \$4,000,000.

Reserve \$5,000,000.

Total Assets \$62,000,000.

A Branch of this Bank will be Established in LONDON, ENGLAND, on the 1st of July next at 73 Cornhill, E. C.

This branch will issue Letters of Credit and Drafts on all important points in Canada, negotiate Bills sent for collection, make telegraphic transfers, and transact every description of banking business.

Information will be furnished on all Canadian matters. A special Department will be provided for the use of visitors and bearers of our Letters of Credit.

C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.

Veteran Land Grants Wanted

Ontario or Dominion, located or unlocated
MULHOLLAND & CO.,
28-1-y McKinnon Bldg., Toronto.

WANTED—A good general servant at once. Apply to Mrs. B. F. DAVY.

BOARDERS WANTED—Apply to MRS. McCLEW, Thomas Street. Also table boarders. 30bp

FOR SALE—A good Threshing Outfit. Monarch Separator and Leader Engine-Tank, etc. This machine an attachments can be seen at Herbert Lloyd's, Parma; or for information apply to W. H. CHALMERS, Parma 27cp

WANTED—Good general servant. Apply to P. O. Box 338, Napanee, Ont. 24

HOUSES TO RENT—Two desirable houses on Bridge street east. Apply to G. B. JOY. 50

FOUND—Left in A. E. Paul's store some days ago, a valuable piece of lace. Will owner kindly call for same and pay for advertising. 25

DOXSEE & CO.

July Sale of Gloves,
Blouses, Hosiery,
and Millinery
commencing

Saturday, July 1st

Lisle Thread Gloves in White and Black elbow lengths, lace tops. Regular price 50c, SALE PRICE 38c.

Lisle in Black and Tan. Regular 80c, SALE PRICE 55c.

White, all lace. Regular 80c, SALE PRICE 50c.

MILLINERY

Large Sailors, in the latest New York designs. Regular price \$1.75, SALE PRICE \$1.00.

The Leading Millinery House

immediately available. The Seymour Company have a large amount of power for sale and are locating manufacturers at various places along their transmission lines and Napanee should be added to the list of towns where the company may offer the necessary inducements to manufacturers to locate. The company are not receiving an exclusive franchise, but one which may be terminated at the end of any ten years, and as all extensions necessary must be made when required by the council, the town will be in a position to see that the company fully lives up to the agreement. Some ratepayers have made the statement that in case of a break down on the company's lines elsewhere the company might use the steam plant here to supply other customers to the detriment of the service here. While the company have the right to use the steam plant for any purpose they choose, the expense of installing transformers and machinery to be able to use the steam generated current elsewhere effectually bars the company from so doing as it would not pay to instal a lot of expensive equipment merely for an emergency elsewhere, though the company can at any time use it to supply Napanee without any additional machinery.

THE HYDRO ELECTRIC PROPOSAL.

Mr. Holland, an engineer of the Hydro Electric Commission, was here this week and made some general statements re power and asked the town to defer voting on the by-law until the Hydro Electric Commission had time to go further into the matter of supplying power to Napanee. The Hydro electric commission have had a number of months in which to furnish figures, and all Napanee has yet received are the prices published some weeks ago which required the town to guarantee to purchase at least 200 h.p., 75 per cent of which would have to be paid for whether used or not, at a price largely in excess of the Seymour price, and the town would have an idle steam plant on their hands. The Hydro Electric Commission have not as yet any electric current to sell nor have they commenced any work leading to that end. Two years at least and more probably five years, must elapse before the commission could possibly deliver power and in the meantime the town could go on loosing about \$3000 per year and put up with 12 hour service instead of 24 hour service and have no power to offer anyone. Mr. Holland while talking a lot about what the Seymour Co., would make out of their contract would not promise power at any date, would give no prices as to rates, in fact Mr. Holland had nothing whatever to offer the town, and would promise nothing though the Commission has had several months in which to get their figures ready for presentation to the eastern municipalities. Compare the proposal of the Hydro Electric with the Seymour Co., agreement. The Hydro have nothing to offer for years to come and no guarantee as to prices, while the Seymour Co., have the power and are willing and eager to supply any quantity desired at a reasonable rate and deliver the goods without delay, take over the town's steam plant at a reasonable valuation and save the town and electric light users 20 per cent of the cost of electric lighting besides meter rates. The company also propose to spend \$200,000 developing the Napanee water power to its full capacity, enlarge the gas plant, extend the mains, reduce the cost of gas, and if possible double the output of the plant. We leave it to the ratepayers to judge whether the town would be wise to wait for the Hydro Electric Commission to figure on power for a few years yet, or accept the offer of the Seymour Co.,

Sir William McDonald has made another gift to McGill University of land near the university property, for needed extensions. Sir William's gifts to McGill now amount to nearly \$10,000,000.

Miss Parry, of Dunnville, who is a property owner in Buffalo, was refused admission to the United States at Black Rock the other day.

they were found to contain :-Platinum, 4 per cent; iron 50 per cent, and the feldspar, pure. Mr. Hill stated to The Standard that iron is cropping out at the surface and the platinum about two feet below the surface. It is quite likely that a mine will be opened up in the near future.

Through being struck by a G. T. R. train at Ernestown on Monday, Louis Renaud of Aylmer, Que., a farm hand, who was walking on the tracks, can now hear. Previous to that he was almost stone deaf. He could not hear the locomotive's whistle screeching at him to get off the tracks, and the cow-catcher knocked him 100 feet, through a barbed wire fence. The injured man was taken to the Kingston General Hospital, where Dr. Williamson found that he was suffering from a scalp wound and several broken ribs. Renaud, who is thirty-six years of age told the doctor how his hearing had been restored to him, and was quite happy over the bump the locomotive had given him.

ALBERT COLLEGE

BELLEVILLE, ONT.

Over 300 students enrolled annually, half of whom are young ladies. Highest advantages in all departments. Buildings heated by steam and lighted by electricity. Will reopen Tuesday, September 5th, 1911. For Calendar or room address

PRINCIPAL DYER, D. D.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the estate of Margaret Emma Grant, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 134 of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Section 35, and amending Act, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Margaret Emma Grant, late of the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, spinster, deceased, who died on or about the 20th day of May, A. D. 1911, are required to deliver or send by post, prepaid to H. M. Deroche, Napanee, Ontario, solicitor for the Toronto General Trusts Corporation, executors of the last will and testament of the said Margaret Emma Grant, deceased, on or before the

8th DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1911.

their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security, if any, held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 8th day of August, A. D. 1911, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have received notice, and will not be responsible for the said assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they have not received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

H. M. DEROCHE.

Solicitor for the Executors.

Dated this 4th day of July, 1911. 30d

EXECUTORS' SALE—By Public Auction.

The Executors of Robert Thompson, late of the Town of Napanee, Commission Merchant, deceased, will offer for sale by Public Auction at his late residence, Centre street, Napanee, on SATURDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1911, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, the following Real Estate, being composed of the residence of the late Robert Thompson on the west side of Centre street in the Town of Napanee, having a frontage of 88 feet on Centre street by 190 feet in depth. Upon the premises is erected a brick dwelling house with all modern conveniences. The premises are centrally located and very desirable. The sale is subject to a reserve bid.

The said Executors will also offer for sale at the same place at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, a large quantity of household goods and effects consisting of rugs, curtains, blinds, bedding, table linen, dining room furniture, one parlor suit, large mirror, bedroom furniture, one gas stove, two coal stoves, steel trays, linings, prints and a quantity of dishes.

Terms of sale of Chattels—CASH. Further terms and conditions of sale of Real Estate will be made known at the time of sale, or upon application to the undersigned.

JOHN ENGLISH, Esq.,

Solicitor for Executors.

Dated this 12th day of June, A. D. 1911.

HOUSES TO RENT—Two desirable houses on Bridge street east. Apply to G. B. JOY. 50

FOUND—Left in A. E. Paul's store some days ago, a valuable piece of lace. Will owner kindly call for same and pay for advertising. 25

FOR SALE—The brick residence on East Street formerly occupied by the late Mrs. J. D. Ham. Apply to HERRINGTON WARNER & GRANGE. 31f

HOUSE FOR SALE, with two lots, new house 38 x 24, barn 28 x 24, electric light, hard and soft water, a splendid property at a low price. Apply to M. PIZZARELLO. 11

THE ANDREWS PROPERTY. Piety Hill is being offered at a sacrifice price. Large brick house, brick barn, and four full sized lots. Apply to MESSRS. HERRINGTON WARNER & GRANGE. 24 f

LOTS FOR SALE—Several desirable lots for summer residences, beautifully situated on Thompson's Point, convenient to Glen Island and Glenora. Wharf at lots where all boats call. Apply to J. B. ALLISON at Custom's House, Napanee. 15f

WANTED—Parties to sell locally the latest Washing Machine; no boiler required, works easy; no wear nor tear, sells cheap, good money in it. Every home wants one. Communicate at once with THE MARTIN TRUNK COMPANY, Limited, Picton, Ont. 28b

TO LET—9 Roomed Dwelling, square ceilings up stairs, good cellar and cistern, newly renovated, pleasant locality, corner Mill and Thomas streets, MANLY JONES, Insurance and Real Estate Agent. 29

FOR SALE—The Willett Arnold farm at Forest Mills, 60 acres, (part of lots 13 and 14, in the 8th concession of Richmond. Good building and choice land, and well watered. Will sell right as owner has moved to the North-west. MANLY JONES, Insurance and Real Estate Agent, Box 526, Grange Block, Napanee. 17f

40 FARMS FOR SALE in Napanee and Belleville districts. Many of these are valuable farms, and at right price. Call at once or write for list. We can suit you, and you will save time and money. Also some good town properties. W. G. H. BROWN, Real Estate. Opposite Royal Hotel, Napanee.

MOTOR BOAT FOR SALE—Motor Boat "Minota," length 24 feet, width 6 feet, seating capacity for 10 persons. Equipped with two cylinder, 4 cycle, Buffalo engine, with reverse gear and dynamo, cork cushion, life belt, fenders, anchor, and all necessary tools (also oil cloth cover.) Speed, 8 miles per hour, which can be increased by using larger wheel. 22-fp

NELSON STRANDER, Picton, Ont.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat A Candy Bowl Laxative.

NORTHERN CROWN BANK

Head Office,

Winnipeg.

Authorized Capital, \$6,000,000.

Paid Up Capital, \$2,200,000.

DIRECTORS:

President	Sir D. H. McMillan, K.C.M.G.
Vice President	Capt Wm. Robinson
Jas. H. Ashdown	H. T. Champion
D. C. Cameron	W. C. Leistikow
General Manager	Robt. Campbell
Supt of Eastern Branches	V. F. Cronyn
	Frederick Nation
	Hon. R. P. Roblin

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT—Special care given to Savings Accounts, which may be opened by depositing \$1.00 and upwards at any Branch.

COLLECTIONS—Owing to our numerous Branches throughout Canada we are able to make collections at a minimum cost.

R G. H. TRAVERS,

Manager Napanee Branch.

MILLINERY

Large Sailors, in the latest New York designs. Regular price \$1.75, SALE PRICE \$1.00.

The Leading Millinery House

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND RESERVE OVER \$10,900,000.

UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid. Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Yarker F. W. CLARKE, Mgr.

Napanee E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.

Canada's Greatest Nurseries.

Want a representative for Napanee and surrounding district

The reliability, healthy condition of our stock, as well as truthness to name, must be appreciated by the public or they would not have helped us to increase our business yearly since 1837, the date of our establishment.

Our firm's name lends prestige to our representatives.

Complete line of Nursery Stock for 1911.

Write for full particulars.

STONE & WELLINGTON,

The Fonthill Nurseries, Toronto, Ont.

Good Vanilla Flavoring.

We think our Vanilla Flavoring "is good" that we will sell you a 10, 25 or 50 cent bottle and let you use one quarter of it and if not satisfied will refund you full purchase price—Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store. Our Maple flavoring gives ice cream, Candies or Cake icing the real Maple flavor.

BY-LAW NO.

Of the Corporation of the Town of Napanee.

A By-law to authorize and confirm a certain Agreement between the Corporation of the Town of Napanee and the Seymour Power and Electric Company, Limited, bearing date June 19th, 1911, providing for the sale of the Electric Light Plant and the granting of a franchise to the Seymour Power and Electric Company, Limited.

WHEREAS the Corporation of the Town of Napanee and Seymour Power and Electric Company, Limited, have entered into an Agreement in the terms set forth in Schedule "A" to this By-law.

AND WHEREAS it is necessary that the said Agreement shall be submitted to and receive the assent of the electors of the Municipality of the Town of Napanee in manner provided by the Consolidated Municipal Act, 1903, in respect of By-laws requiring the assent of the electors.

THEREFORE, the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the Town of Napanee, with the assent of the said electors, enacts as follows:

1. That the said Agreement be and the same is hereby ratified and confirmed, and shall be binding upon the Corporation of the Town of Napanee according to the terms hereof.

2. That the said sum of \$40,666.51, the consideration named in Schedule "A" to this By-law, when paid to the Corporation shall be set aside as a trust fund to be used in the redemption of the Electric Light Debentures of said Corporation, issued under the authority of By-laws Numbers 718 and 783 of said Corporation, and no part of said fund shall be used for any other purpose, unless and until there be a surplus remaining after payment of all of said outstanding Debentures, in which event said surplus shall be paid into the general funds of said Corporation.

3. This By-law shall come into force and effect immediately on and after the final passing thereof.

4. The votes of the qualified electors of the Municipality of the Town of Napanee shall be taken on this By-law in pursuance of the provisions of the Statutes in that behalf on Monday, the 24th day of July, 1911, from nine o'clock in the forenoon till five o'clock in the afternoon of the same day by the following Deputy Returning Officers and Poll Clerks at the following places: that is to say:

WEST WARD, NO. 1.

Polling Place, Frank Kinkley's Residence; Deputy Returning Officer, C. W. Bowen. Poll Clerk, James McGraw.

WEST WARD, NO. 2.

Polling Place, Public Library Building; Deputy Returning Officer, Frank Dean. Poll Clerk, Walter Metcalf.

CENTRE WARD, NO. 1.

Polling Place, Town Hall; Deputy Returning Officer, G. T. Walters. Poll Clerk, J. M. Graham.

CENTRE WARD, NO. 2.

Polling Place, Mrs. Cronk's Residence; Deputy Returning Officer, P. Gleeson. Poll Clerk, I. J. Lock-

Addington, all of which are hereinafter called "the Property."

AND WHEREAS the parties hereto have agreed that "the Corporation" shall sell to "the Company" all of the said "the Property" and "the Company" shall purchase from "the Corporation" all of the said "the Property" at the sum of \$40,666.51 on the terms and conditions hereinafter set out:

NOW THIS AGREEMENT witnesseth that in consideration of the premises and of the sum of one dollar now paid by each of the parties hereto to the other, the receipt whereof is by each of said parties hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto Mutually Covenant, Promise and Agree with each other as follows:

1. "The Corporation" agrees to sell to "the Company," and "the Company" agrees to purchase from "the Corporation" all of "the Property" in the recitals above referred to, and to assign all its rights in and under its lease with the Great North Western Telegraph Co., at and for the sum of \$40,666.51, payable by "the Company" to "the Corporation" at the office of the Treasurer of "the Corporation" at the expiration of thirty (30) days from the date of the final passing of the By-law confirming this Agreement, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon; and on payment of said moneys "the Corporation" agrees to deliver to "the Company" a good and sufficient deed of transfer of all the said "the Property" free from all incumbrance, and the Mayor and Clerk are hereby authorized to execute the Deed of transfer therefor and affix the Corporate Seal thereto.

2. "The Company" shall search the title to the lands at its own expense and "the Corporation" shall not be bound or required to furnish either Registrar's or Solicitor's abstract of title to the same other than any it has in its possession, or produce or furnish any title deeds or copies of same other than those in its possession, either for the purpose of verifying the abstract or otherwise, and if "the Company" has any objections to the title it shall deliver the same to "the Corporation" within thirty days after the date hereof, and if "the Corporation" without any default on its part is unable to make a good title to the said lands within ten days from the date of said objections being delivered, if "the Company" declines to take such title as "the Corporation" is so able to make, then either party may withdraw from this contract on the repayment of "the Corporation" to "the Company" of any sum of money paid on account of the purchase money, and "the Company" shall not be entitled to any compensation or expenses in connection therewith. If "the Company" fails or neglects to deliver any objections to title as aforesaid within the time limited as aforesaid it shall be considered that "the Company" has accepted the title which "the Corporation" is able to give, and time is to be the essence of this Agreement.

3. "The Corporation" shall not

rooms, pantries, porches, vestibules, attics, and outbuildings shall not be counted, although lighted. "The Company" shall at its own cost supply the meters to each consumer, but where the monthly invoice exceeds the sum of fifty cents no charge shall be made for meter rent, but where the monthly invoice is under fifty cents "the Company" shall be entitled to charge in addition to its monthly invoice a meter rent of twenty-five cents a month. While "the Company" shall be entitled to add the meter rent under the conditions above set out, if it be found on the first day of January in any year that the total invoice for the preceding year or time the current has been delivered equals or exceeds the sum of fifty cents per month for such time (exclusive of meter rent) the amount charged for such meter rent shall be deducted from and allowed to the consumer on his subsequent invoices. The consumer shall elect in writing delivered to "the Company," which of the two methods indicated he desires to be applied in his case for the electric energy furnished to him for lighting purposes, and such election shall stand good and be unchangeable without the consent of "the Company" for twelve months. The election so made by the consumer shall be made before the current is delivered in case of a new consumer, and if not so made the invoices shall be made up and chargeable for current at the rate first mentioned of ten cents per kilowatt hour, subject to reduction as aforesaid if paid within the time limit, and shall continue at such rate until the thirty-first day of December following, and to entitle any other consumer to the rates mentioned in the option above given, the election shall be handed in to "the Company" before the thirty-first day of December in any year, and if so handed in shall be continued for one year from the first day of January following, and not be liable to change for twelve months. It is also understood that the user of electric energy for lighting purposes as above, is to have the privilege to use electric energy for usual domestic purposes, such as heating flat irons, running dustless cleaners, sewing machines, and other small matters of a similar kind, and also under regulations as to attachments to be approved by "the Company" to run a motor, requiring 25 horse power or less at the said rate of three cents per kilowatt hour. The power used shall be governed by and included in one or other of the above rates as may be decided by the said consumer.

7. "The Company" is to have the right to operate the present system of lighting streets, residences and other buildings, which it takes over as it is, subject to such improvements and repairs as may be deemed necessary under the conditions hereinafter set out.

8. "The Company" shall erect the poles, crossarms, guys, braces, wires and light appliances on the streets and highways at their own expense and to the satisfaction of

system of the said town, provided that "the Company," in extending such system beyond the limits provided in the schedule mentioned in the preceding paragraph hereof, shall not be required to carry its lines a greater distance from light to light or from its lines then in existence than 400 feet, except upon terms of "the Corporation" paying the actual cost of labor, poles and wiring, only for the additional distance, except in case the said extension of such system provide an annual revenue of at least ten per centum of the cost of said extension, and when such lights are so erected and installed they shall be maintained and lighted from the date of their erection and be paid for by "the Corporation" on the same terms and conditions as those then existing up to the termination of this Agreement.

11. "The Company" shall furnish, erect and maintain all poles, wiring, lamps, connections and fixtures, including crossarms and brackets, as may be required for the said lighting system, and shall keep in proper repair all such poles, lamps, wires and fixtures, and in case of any suits for damages caused by the electric current for or by reason of the poles, wires and every other matter connected with said lighting system "the Company" will defend all such suits at its own expense and pay all damages and costs for which "the Corporation" may become liable by reason of such suit or suits.

12. "The Company" agrees that the poles for street circuits shall be kept painted and shall not be dangerous or unsightly, or such as to incommode the adjoining property owner unnecessarily, and that the same shall be erected in a manner reasonably satisfactory to "the Corporation," or to its Council, and the written approval of the Clerk of "the Corporation," or other officer designated for such purpose by the Council of "the Corporation," shall be necessary for any new lamps erected under this Agreement, but such approval shall not relieve "the Company" from responsibility in case of accident or injury to person or property.

13. "The Company" agree to furnish a current strength of not less than six and six-tenths amperes, and a voltage of not less than seventy-five at each and every arc electric lamp, which must be maintained from time of starting up and during the hours of lighting, and every arc lamp shall be supplied with carbons of the best quality and suitable dimensions, with globes of clear glass and uniform thickness, and proper shape, to avoid casting rings or streaks of light and shadow, and the said globes shall be kept clean and whole, and all electric lamps used for lighting the streets shall burn with a clear, steady light without undue flickering or hissing, each and every night during the term of this Agreement. And "the Company" shall supply at each incandescent lamp electric energy of 115 volts, or such other voltage as may be necessary, and shall renew each and every incandescent electric lamp as soon as it has noticeably depreciated below sixty candle power.

The lamps shall burn each night, approximately from sunset to sunrise.

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CENTRE WARD, NO. 1.

Polling Place, Town Hall; Deputy Returning Officer, G. T. Walters. Poll Clerk, J. M. Graham.

CENTRE WARD, NO. 2.

Polling Place, Mrs. Cronk's Residence; Deputy Returning Officer, P. Gleeson. Poll Clerk, I. J. Lockwood.

EAST WARD.

Polling Place, W. J. Normile's Office; Deputy Returning Officer, H. V. Fralick. Poll Clerk, Arthur Fellows.

5. That Monday, the 17th day of July, 1911, at twelve o'clock noon, shall be the day and hour, and the Council Chamber in the Municipal Buildings the place where the Mayor shall attend to appoint persons to attend at the various polling places and at the final summing up of the votes by the Clerk on behalf of the persons interested in promoting or opposing the passing of this By-law respectively.

6. That Tuesday, the 23th day of July, 1911, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, shall be the day and hour and the Clerk's Office, in the Town of Napanee, the place where the Clerk shall sum up the number of votes given for and against this By-law.

By-law read a first time this 19th day of June, 1911.

(Signed), W. A. GRANGE, Clerk.

By-law read a second time this 19th day of June, 1911.

(Signed), W. A. GRANGE, Clerk.

By-law read a third time, signed and sealed this day of A. D., 1911.

Mayor.

Clerk.

Schedule "A" to By-Law.
Electric Light and Power Agreement

THIS AGREEMENT MADE (IN DUPLICATE) this 19th day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Between THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWN OF NAPANEE (hereinafter called "the Corporation") of the first part, and SEYMOUR POWER AND ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED, (hereinafter called "the Company") of the second part.

WHEREAS "the Corporation" is seized and possessed of certain goods, chattels, plant, machinery, and electrical apparatus used by "the Corporation" for the purpose of producing electric light and electric energy in the Town of Napanee, and of carrying on its said business, which goods, chattels, etc., above referred to, are taken to include pole lines, cables, wires, lines, accumulators, insulators, transformers, lamps, works, appurtenances, appliances, tools, electric light fixtures, and all and everything used by "the Corporation" in connection with its business as producers of electric light and electric energy, and also a certain lease or license to use certain poles of the Great North Western Telegraph Co., and of certain real estate on which is erected a steam plant belonging to "the Corporation," which real estate may be described as follows:—As lot number Fourteen (14) on the south side of Water street, in the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and

any objections to title as aforesaid within the time limited as aforesaid it shall be considered that "the Corporation" has accepted the title which "the Corporation" is able to give, and time is to be the essence of this Agreement.

3. "The Corporation" shall not be bound to tender a conveyance in any event, and if "the Company" makes default in payment of said moneys, "the Corporation" may resell "the Property" to any one, either person or corporation, and "the Company" shall bear all loss and all costs occasioned by a resale.

4. "The Company" covenants and agrees with "the Corporation" that it will pay the said sum of \$40,668.51 to the said "the Corporation" at the expiration of thirty days from the date of the final passing of the By-law confirming this Agreement, according to the true intent and meaning of the foregoing Agreement, and will indemnify "the Corporation" from all rent which may become due the Great North Western Telegraph Co. from and after said date.

5. On "the Company" carrying out the foregoing conditions and terms of sale and purchase according to the true intent and meaning of same, a grant will automatically come into operation, giving to "the Company" and to its successors and assigns the right, privilege and authority to erect, maintain and operate for a period of thirty years from the date hereof, poles and wires together with all necessary guys, crossarms, braces and other appliances upon all the streets, highways and public places of the Town of Napanee, or any extensions thereof, for the purpose of supplying electric light, heat and power to "the Corporation" and the inhabitants of the Town of Napanee, and to erect such wires over, under or across all streets, highways or public places in the said town as may be necessary or convenient for the proper and safe conduct of such electricity for the purpose aforesaid.

6. "The Company" for itself, its successors and assigns, in consideration of such grant and privilege, hereby undertakes and agrees with "the Corporation" to supply to all applicants of financial standing within the Town of Napanee, on the streets on which its lines are erected and within 250 feet of same, or to a further distance up to within 400 feet of its lines, if so ordered by the Council of "the Corporation," electric energy for the purpose of lighting at a rate of ten cents per kilowatt hour, with a discount of twenty per cent, if accounts are paid within ten days from the date of invoice for the preceding month's supply, and for which purpose such date shall be determined by the date of delivering at the residence of such user, or by the day after it is deposited in the post office at Napanee, addressed to said user, for the amount of the invoice indicated thereon for previous supply.

The inhabitants referred to so using said electric energy for lighting a residence shall have the option instead of adopting the foregoing rate, of demanding a rate based on a net rate of ten cents per month for each room in his residence, with the addition of a rate of three cents per kilowatt hour. In arriving at the number of rooms in said house, cellars, halls, bathrooms, closets, store-

as it is, subject to such improvements and repairs as may be deemed necessary under the conditions hereinafter set out.

8. "The Company" shall erect the poles, crossarms, guys, braces, wires and light appliances on the streets and highways at their own expense and to the satisfaction of the party who may be indicated by the Council of "the Corporation," and any poles hereafter erected on Dundas street between Adelphi street and West street shall be of cement or iron, and shall own and be responsible for the plant, the material and the current to the point on the outside wall of the customer's building where "the Company's" wires enter the said building. "The Company" shall see that outside equipment, when installed, shall be in each and every case properly insulated and otherwise protected according to the latest then known practices. The wiring inside for such building shall also be properly insulated and otherwise protected in like manner by the consumer in all cases, to the entire satisfaction of the Inspector of the Canadian Fire Underwriters' Association, and "the Company" shall not be obliged or compelled to attach or turn on electric current until the above conditions are fully complied with, and "the Company" shall not, at any time, or in any event, be responsible for the wires or appliances used by the consumer or for the current or any action thereof after delivery to the consumer.

9. "The Company" shall also during the term of this Agreement keep and maintain as many electric arc lights of 500 watt capacity as the Municipality may, from time to time, require, which said arc lights are to be placed as shown in the schedule hereto annexed unless changed as hereinafter provided for, and any additional arc lights to be located by the standing Committee of Fire, Water and Light, of the Town of Napanee, or such other Committee as may, from time to time, have charge of the street lighting on the streets, squares, lanes, parks and highways in the Town of Napanee and which said arc electric lamps are to be of the best and most approved kind used in the Series Arc Electric System, and the said "Company" shall also during all the term of this Agreement erect, keep and maintain as many incandescent electric lamps of at least sixty (60) candle power as "the Corporation" may from time to time require, which said incandescent lamps are to be located, as shown in said schedule, unless changed as hereinafter provided for, on the public streets, squares, lanes, parks and highways in the Town of Napanee, which said incandescent electric lamps are to be of the best and most approved kind used in the Series Incandescent Electric Light System.

10. "The Company" shall and will also at all times during the continuance in force of this Agreement upon being required so to do by "the Corporation" through its Council, at "the Company's" cost and expense, erect, place and put up and maintain any further or additional number of electric lamps, either arc or incandescent, of equal quality and description on any of the streets, squares, lanes, parks and highways in the said town of Napanee as "the Corporation" through its Council, may from time to time designate for the purpose of extending such electric light

may be necessary and shall renew each and every incandescent electric lamp as soon as it has noticeably depreciated below sixty candle power.

The lamps shall burn each night, approximately from sunset to sunrise.

14. If a lamp or lamps be extinguished or not lighted during a portion of any night exceeding thirty consecutive minutes "the Corporation" shall be entitled to a rebate of the actual time the lamp or lamps are out over thirty minutes of the amount "the Company" would be entitled for said lamp or lamps if it, or they, had been burning.

15. "The Company" shall maintain at its own expense an efficient system of patrol for inspecting the entire street lighting system, while the lamps are burning, at least twice a week, so that any lamp which fails to burn properly shall be promptly reported, and put in order, or immediately replaced. It is understood by "the Company" that the utmost diligence shall be used in order that its consumers shall be efficiently served.

16. Lamps not burning in a manner satisfactory to "the Corporation" shall be repaired or proper lamps substituted within eighteen hours after notice has been given by "the Corporation," or by the Clerk thereof, that the lamp or lamps referred to does, or do not, burn satisfactorily.

17. "The Corporation" shall keep on file at the office of its Clerk a blueprint or map of the streets and blocks of the town to be furnished by "the Company," and "the Company" shall mark thereon in a manner satisfactory to the said Clerk, the geographical location of each and every lamp, and in the event of the location of any lamp or lamps being changed, or new lamps being added, "the Company" shall within five days of such changes or additions mark the new location of such lamp or lamps.

18. All safety appliances adopted by the best modern electrical practices shall be used throughout the system authorized directly or indirectly by this Agreement, and any improvement so adopted in lamp fixtures shall be made known to the Clerk or "the Corporation" and if then required by "the Corporation," through its Council, shall forthwith be supplied by "the Company" at the expense of said "Company."

19. Changes of location of lamps must be made by "the Company" within thirty days after the receipt of the notice from "the Corporation," and the actual cost only of the labor and material in making change shall be charged to "the Corporation." "The Corporation" reserves the right at any time to discontinue any lamp or lamps, as it may deem expedient; provided, however, that the number of lamps contracted for under this Agreement shall not be diminished during the continuance of this Agreement to a number less than the equivalent of thirty arc and thirty incandescent lights, provided that if any lamp shall be discontinued before it has been in use one year "the Company" shall be entitled to be paid rent to the end of one year from the time of its having been first installed and used, unless ordered for a shorter time, when special arrangements may be made.

20. "The Company" shall not cut, or permit to be cut, by their officers, servants or workmen, any

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tree upon the streets within the town limits except under the supervision, and with the consent, of some person to be appointed by "the Corporation," through its Council, for the purpose, and it shall not erect its poles or string its wires so as to damage any tree in the limits aforesaid, except with the consent of the aforesaid person.

21. "The Corporation," through its proper officers, shall, upon being satisfied as to the correctness thereof, certify the accounts of "the Company," for all services performed by "the Company" in each preceding month, and the accounts so certified after being approved by the said officers shall duly be paid by the Treasurer of "the Corporation" not later than the fifteenth day of the month following that in which the services are rendered.

22. The poles, wires, conductors, and every article, appliance and apparatus which may be necessary for electric energy, are to be furnished and maintained by "the Company" at its own cost and expense, and the lamps, wires and other conductors shall be thoroughly insulated and "the Corporation" shall not be held responsible for any injury or accident which may be occasioned by the poles, wires, conductors or electric current. "The Company" hereby further agrees that it will indemnify and save harmless "the Corporation," its officers, agents and servants, and each and every one of them against and from all suits and actions of every nature and description brought against any of them, and against and from all damages and costs to which it, they or any of them may be put to by reason of injury to the person or property of another, resulting from any improper or defective material, machinery, implement, appliances, or from any placing of poles, wires or other appliance used in performing this Agreement, or from any act of omission or commission claimed against "the Corporation" or "the Company," or the officers, servants or agents of each, in connection with matters involved under this Agreement or performing the services contemplated hereunder.

23. No rights or privileges to erect poles, wires or other appliances are conferred by this Agreement other than those required for the fulfilment hereof.

24. In case of a fire within the limits of "the Corporation," "the Company" shall have a man on the scene forthwith and within a reasonable time after the alarm has been given, who will cut or remove such lines or wires as may interfere with the work of the firemen, and as to this the Captain of the Fire Brigade shall be the sole judge. In case the man representing "the Company," as aforesaid, is not at the scene of the fire within the time mentioned the Captain of the Fire Brigade, or person in charge of the Brigade at the time, may remove or cut the wires, or may direct the same at his or their own risk, and it shall be the duty of "the Company" as soon as possible thereafter to render harmless the wires and lines and to restore them at once after the exigencies which caused their removal have ceased to exist, without expense to "the Corporation"; provided no rebate shall be asked for, or deducted, by "the Corporation" for any lights which may be extinguished by such contingencies.

temined by a Judge of the County Court of the County of Lennox and Addington whose decision shall be final thereon, and in the event of cancellation "the Company" shall forthwith remove all its poles, wires, and other appliances which are used in connection with electric lighting and furnishing heat and power as defined in this Agreement which are within the limits of the Town, to points outside the limits of the said Town.

31. "The Company" further covenants and agrees to furnish power, if desired, up to the extent of 1000 horse power by January 1st, 1912, for use in the said Corporation, and that the maximum charge for electric energy supplied under contract for power to customers in the said "Corporation" shall not exceed \$25.00 per annum per horse power for a twenty-four hour service or at the option of the purchaser a stand by charge of Twelve Dollars per horse power per annum of connected load plus a meter rate of one cent per horse power hour.

32. And "the Company" further covenants and agrees that the service it will give for light, heat and power shall be continuous for twenty-four hours daily.

33. "The Company" further agrees that if the prices charged by it for electric lighting, heating and power shall, at the end of any three years, after it has commenced to distribute electric lighting in the said "Corporation," be unsatisfactory to the said "Corporation," or the citizens thereof, that it will upon six months' notice in writing from the Municipal Council of the said "Corporation" submit the question of the rates charged to the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada.

34. It is further agreed by and between "the Corporation" and "the Company" that "the Corporation" shall have the right, power and privilege at any time after the expiration of ten years from the date of completion of the purchase of "the Property," under this Agreement, upon giving three months' notice in writing of their intention so to do, to "the Company," their successors or assigns, to purchase all "the Property," as it then exists, except that portion of the distributing system used by "the Company" to supply electric energy to consumers using twenty horse power or over, and in case of purchase "the Company" agrees to allow "the Corporation" to use any of its poles for stringing of the wires of "the Corporation's" system, on condition that "the Corporation" do pay to "the Company" annually for the use of such poles, the same amount as is charged for taxes against said poles so used, and "the Company's" wires thereon.

35. In the event of "the Corporation" taking over the distributing system as aforesaid at the end of ten years, or any time thereafter, within thirty years of the date of the transfer of "the Property," "the Company" shall have the right to use the streets and highways of "the Corporation" under the conditions of this contract where then applicable for the purpose of supplying electric energy to consumers using twenty horse power or over at the rates hereinbefore provided until the termination of thirty years from said date, but in no event shall said energy be used for lighting in any premises other

the day and year first above written.

SEYMOUR POWER AND ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED.

J. G. G. KERRY,
President.

A. B. COLVILLE,
Assistant Secretary.

A. ALEXANDER,
Acting Mayor.

W. A. GRANGE,
Clerk.

Schedule Referred to in Paragraph 9 of Agreement.

ARC LAMPS, 38, AS FOLLOWS:

Corner Water and Robert Streets.
Corner Mill and Robert Streets.
Corner Dundas and Robert Streets.
Corner Graham and Robert Streets.
Corner Thomas and West Streets.
Corner Dundas and West Streets.
Corner Bridge and Robinson Streets.

Corner Thomas Street and Belleville Road.

Corner Dundas and Richard Streets.

Corner Mill and Donald Streets.

Corner Dundas and Donald Streets.

Corner Bridge and Donald Streets.

Corner Union and Dundas Streets.

Corner Union and Water Streets.

Corner Napier and Water Streets.

Corner Napier and Dundas Streets.

Corner Allan, York and Bridge Streets.

Centre Street, at Swing Bridge.

Corner Centre and William Streets.

Corner Dundas and Centre Streets.

Corner Dundas and John Streets.

Corner Dundas and East Streets.

Corner Dundas and Adelphi Streets.

Corner Dundas Street and Newburgh Road.

Corner William and West (in Clarksville).

Corner Church Street and Newburgh Road.

Vine's Corners.

Corner Bridge and Adelphi Streets.

Corner Thomas and Adelphi Streets.

Corner Thomas and East Streets.

Corner East and Isabella Streets.

G. T. R. Station.

B. Q. R. Station.

Corner Isabella and Centre Streets.

Corner John and Graham Streets.

Corner Centre and Thomas Streets.

Corner John and Bridge Streets.

Corner Bridge and Robert Streets.

INCANDESCENT LAMPS, 30, AS FOLLOWS:

On Market Square.

Corner Robert and Thomas Streets.

Corner West and Graham Streets.

Corner Bridge and West Streets.

Corner Water and West Streets.

Corner Robinson and Mill Streets.

Corner Robinson and Dundas Streets.

Corner Richard and Water Streets.

Corner Richard and Bridge Streets.

Corner Donald and Thomas Streets.

Corner Simcoe and Thomas Streets.

Corner York and Bridge Streets.

Corner Raglan and Water Streets.

Corner Centre and Victoria Streets.

Corner Victoria and Pearl Streets.

Corner Mill and Centre Streets.

Corner John and Mill Streets.

G. B. Joy's House.

At Bridge.

HISTORIC PEARLS ARE FOUND

DISCOVERED IN A SCOTTISH CURIOSITY SHOP.

Worn By Mary Queen of Scots At Execution—Bought For Song, Sold For \$80,000.

After many centuries, and in a curious way, a historic necklace of black pearls which Mary, Queen of Scots, wore on the morning of her execution at Fotheringhay Castle, has been recovered in a romantic way. From that morning when, at the foot of the scaffold the ill-fated Queen distributed her jewels and money among her friends, the black pearl necklace had been lost sight of, and was only recently unearthed in an old curiosity shop in a small village in Scotland. The keeper of the shop parted with the pearls to a lady customer for \$3.12, but there was then nothing to indicate their real value. Now experts have declared that they are incomparable, and, in fact, they have been resold for no less a sum than \$80,000.

NECKLACE BOUGHT FOR SONG

It seems that a short time ago a lady, riding her bicycle in Scotland accidentally broke the chain by which her eye-glasses were suspended. Remembering that in a little shop she had seen a few strings of beads and other trifles dear to youthful village maidens, she rode there to see if she could find something to replace for a time her broken chain. Upon examination none of the articles in the shop seemed likely to serve her purpose, and she was on the point of leaving when the old lady behind the counter said: "I have got an old necklace that might do, but it is much more expensive. Shall I fetch it for you?" A necklace of rather large, dull-looking "beads" was produced. It did not seem to be quite what was wanted, but the curious workmanship of the clasp took the lady's fancy, and for the sum of twelve shillings and sixpence she became its owner, and to it attaching her eye-glasses she resumed her ride.

OFFERED \$30,000 FOR THEM.

To her purchase she attached but little importance, but, being one day in London, a friend, noticing the "beads," admired them not a little and expressed a wonder as to where such a pretty string had come from. It so chanced that shortly afterwards the owner of the "beads" had occasion to visit the shop of a dealer in antiques, her object being the purchase of a grandfather clock, and while there she showed her "beads" to the dealer, asking him what he thought of them. After a short inspection, the dealer became quite animated, fingering each "bead" in turn, and asking so many questions as to how and when the lady had become their owner, that her curiosity was completely aroused. Wondering what it could all mean, she took her "beads" to a jeweller of repute. Here they again excited great interest, but this time words were accompanied by deeds, for the jeweller said that if she cared to part with them, he thought he could get her as much as six thousand pounds!—for he said, "They are

the "Corporation"; provided no rebate shall be asked for, or deducted, by "the Corporation" for any lights which may be extinguished by such contingencies.

25. "The Company" shall not be obliged to erect or remove poles or posts between the fifteenth day of November and the fifteenth day of April following, during the continuance of this Agreement.

26. "The said 'Corporation'" shall, and will, pay to the said "Company," for each electric arc light so lighted, on the public streets, squares, lanes, parks and highways, in the Town of Napanee, for the full number of nights as hereinbefore provided, the sum of \$55 per year, payable monthly as hereinbefore mentioned, during the continuance in force of this Agreement. And the said "Corporation" shall, and will, pay to the said "Company" for each incandescent electric light so lighted on the public streets, squares, lanes and highways in the Town of Napanee for the full number of nights as hereinbefore provided, the sum of \$15.00 per year, payable monthly, as hereinbefore mentioned, during the continuance of this Agreement, provided, however, that the above incandescent lights do not include those lights in the Band Stand, Harvey Warner Park, and in front of Town Hall, Fire Hall and Library, which are to be paid for at the meter rate, and provided further that the "Corporation" shall pay \$2.00 per annum for each of the four-candle power lights at the fire alarm boxes.

27. This Agreement in so far as it requires "the Company" to furnish lights for the streets and other public places shall commence and continue in force for a period of ten years from the date of the transfer of "the Property" to "the Company," with right of renewal for another ten years if desired by "the Corporation," and a further right of renewal at the end of that term if "the Corporation" desires. The desire of "the Corporation" to extend this Agreement as above shall be signified by its giving to "the Company" six months' notice in writing of its intention so to do.

28. "The Company" is to have free access at all reasonable times to the premises on which the current is used, to read meters or to determine if the current is being carried, distributed and used in a proper or improper manner, or for the purpose connected with this Agreement.

29. "The Corporation" is not to be permitted to use the current furnished to it for any purpose or in any place other than is provided for in this Agreement, except for its own use, without having first obtained the written consent of "the Company."

30. It is further agreed that if "the Company" shall fail to carry out this Agreement and is in default in the aggregate for a period of three months out of any twelve months, except such default shall be occasioned by fire, water, rebellion, flood, the acts of God, of the King, or the enemies of the King, or other cause or causes of a like nature, "the Corporation" shall, in addition to its claim for damages, if any, have the right to cancel this Agreement. If "the Corporation" claims the right to cancel this Agreement under this clause, and "the Company" denies its right, the question whether "the Corporation" has the right to cancel this Agreement shall be de-

termined by a jury of twelve honest men or over at the rates hereinbefore provided until the termination of thirty years from said date, but in no event shall said energy be used for lighting in any premises other than those in which the said energy is also used for power purposes.

31. And it is hereby provided that in case "the Corporation" and "the Company," their successors or assigns, cannot agree upon the said value or price to be paid for that portion "the Property" so to be purchased under Section 34, the same shall be ascertained by arbitration under the provisions of the "Arbitration" Act.

32. "The Company" will maintain the said power house as now existing and under operation in condition for immediate service, from the date of completion of purchase until such time as it may be permitted by resolution of the Council of "the Corporation" by a two-thirds vote of the whole Council at a regular meeting thereof, to dismantle and dispose of the same.

33. Nothing in this contract shall be construed to give "the Company" an exclusive franchise or exclusive use of the streets for the purpose of supplying electric energy for light, heat and power.

34. If this Agreement and the franchise hereby given be continued in "the Company" for the period referred to of full thirty years, at the expiration of said period "the Company" shall remove all its poles, wires and other appliances which are used in connection with electric lighting and furnishing heat and power as defined in this Agreement, which are within the limits of the town, to points entirely outside of the limits of said town.

35. It is further agreed that the expression "financial standing," used in paragraph number 6 hereof, shall be satisfied in the case of any person applying for electric light who will pay for the connection with his premises if anything is due for the same hereunder, and will pay in advance the sum of five dollars as a guarantee to "the Company" for the payment of its accounts, said sum of five dollars to be returned to such person at the end of twelve months after such payment if all accounts against him to said time are duly paid.

36. "The Company" agree to give to "the Corporation," within thirty days after the third reading of the By-law confirming this Agreement, the bond of the Electric Power Company, Limited, in the sum of \$5,000.00 for the due execution by "the Company" of all the terms of this Agreement.

37. "The Corporation" will submit to the electors of "the Corporation" a by-law founded on this Agreement, within forty days after the day of the execution hereof by "the Company," and in the event of the same not receiving the assent of the electors in manner prescribed by law, this Agreement shall not be binding on either party to same.

38. Wherever used throughout this Agreement, the words "the Company" shall be deemed to extend to the successors and assigns of the party of the second part.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the parties hereto have hereunto set their corporate seals, and have caused these presents to be signed by their respective proper officers

Corner Centre and Victoria Streets.
Corner Victoria and Pearl Streets.
Corner Mill and Centre Streets.
Corner John and Mill Streets.
G. B. Joy's House.
At Bridge.
Half way up Roblin's Hill.
Corner William and Kingston Road.
Half way up William Street.
Corner Newburgh Road and Thomas Street.
Corner Bridge Street and Alma Avenue.
Corner East and Bridge Streets.
Corner John and Thomas Streets.
Corner Centre and Graham Streets.
Corner Centre and Bridge Streets.
At Foot Bridge.
At Foot Bridge.

NOTICE.

TAKE NOTICE that the above is a true copy of a proposed By-law which has been taken into consideration by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the Town of Napanee, and will be finally passed by the said Municipal Council (in the event of the assent of the electors being obtained thereto) after one month from the first publication in The Napanee "Beaver" and The Napanee "Express" newspapers, the date of which first publications being Friday, the 23rd day of June, 1911, and the votes of the qualified electors shall be taken thereon as follows:

West Ward, No. 1, at Frank Kinkley's residence.

West Ward, No. 2, at Public Library Building.

Centre Ward, No. 1, at Town Hall.

Centre Ward, No. 2, at Mrs. Fanny Cronk's residence.

East Ward, at W. J. Normile's office.

And commencing at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon, until the hour of five o'clock in the afternoon of Monday, the 24th day of July, 1911.

(Signed) W. A. GRANGE, Clerk.
Dated at Napanee, June 19th, 1911.
June 23, 30; July 7, 14, 21.

ONLY HIS PAST LIFE TAINTED

"But why does your father object to me?" demanded the humble suitor.

"Because," explained the haughty beauty of proud lineage, "papa says his ancestors have always been gentlemen of leisure, and you have to work for a living."

"Well, tell him I don't expect to after we are married," replied the humble suitor.

STRANGE DESERT SAND.

Sands found in parts of the great African desert have some peculiar properties. When gathered up in the hand and rubbed violently the small particles are said to become cooler than if touched while in no motion. Some of the particles from a few feet in depth are hotter than those found on the surface. A little of the sand blown through a tube will emit a peculiar sound, as if hot water were being poured on ice.

To cook salt fish nicely, it should be soaked in cold water the night before it is used, with a few spoonfuls of vinegar. Place it in cold water to cover, and gradually bring to the boil. Simmer for a quarter of an hour.

interest, but this time she was accompanied by deers, for the jeweller said that if she cared to part with them, he thought he could get her as much as six thousand pounds!—for he said, "They are black pearls of fair quality!"

Fortunately for herself, instinct prompted her to decline this offer, and, having related her experience to a friend, upon her advice she betook herself to one of the acknowledged experts in matters connected with antiquities in general and of ancient jewellery in particular. Here a brief examination of

"THE 'BEADS'

and a glance at a book of reference were sufficient. "This, madam, is the string of black pearls worn by Mary, Queen of Scots, on the day of her execution. The pearls have suffered by neglect, but I can buy them from you, should you wish to sell them for sixteen thousand pounds. I shall re-sell them at a profit to a customer if you accept my offer, which remains open for your consideration as long as you like." After consulting her friends the lady did accept the offer, and shortly afterwards the old shop woman in the little Scotch village was equally delighted and as astonished to receive a cheque for one thousand pounds. So, for the first time, as far as we know, since that grey day in the month of February, 1587, when the grim headsman's axe laid low the loveliness of ill-fated Mary Stuart, the pearls that enriched the neck which, a writer of the times tells us, was "graceful beyond compare," will once more serve to enhance a woman's charms, while for 300 long years and more their erstwhile royal owner, for whose fair beauty men were ready to risk their lives and fame, has lain forgotten in the sleep that knows no waking.

SENTENCE SERMONS.

Never mind whom you praise, but be very careful whom you blame.—Edmond Gosse.

A liar always thinks himself too clever to be found out, but almost invariably he is found out.

A self-made man? Yes, and worships his creator.—Henry Clapp.
Love is selfishness in two persons.—Boufflers.

Good maxims are germs of all good; firmly impressed on the memory, they nourish the will.—Joubert.

In this world one must be a little too kind to be kind enough.—Marius.

In reality history is no avail. Humanity is caught every day with traps that have served before.—Jules Simon.

To be without enemies is to be unworthy of having friends.—Joubert.

Virtue glories in persecution, as a flag glories in rags.—Frederic Mistral.

To apprehend contempt is to have deserved it already.—Pierre Loti.

Let us be kind if we wish to be regretted.—Pierre Loti.

Do not take upon yourself a load of hatred; it is a heavier load than you think.—Mme. de Sevigne.

Our passions and our necessities are our real tyrants. One should always be simple and virtuous, even if only for love of independence.—Mme. Aekermann.

He who loves is in the right.—Schiller.

For tea you can't beat LIPTON'S TEA

OVER 2 MILLION PACKAGES SOLD WEEKLY

STEAMERS IN A COLLISION

One Sunk and Passengers Rescued With Difficulty

A despatch from Quebec says: The steamer Aranmore, a few miles below Murray Bay, in a dense fog, at 1 o'clock in the morning, ran down and sank the steamer General Wolfe. Both boats were owned by the same firm, Holliday Brothers, of this city. Those on board the General Wolfe report that they saw nothing of the other ship until the shock occurred. The Aranmore struck the Wolfe on the starboard side, causing her to swing around, and then, after the recoil, struck her again on the port side. The General Wolfe sank in 25 minutes, and lies in 30 fathoms of water, having carried down with

her a valuable cargo, consisting in part of two or three hundred cases of salmon destined for the United States, especially bought up by a dealer for the Fourth of July market. Both ship and cargo are insured.

Immediately after the shock both vessels launched their lifeboats, and all the passengers and crew of the Wolfe were rescued.

Most of the passengers of the wrecked vessel were residents of the coast. In the confusion and darkness seven of the passengers fell into the water, and their cries for help are described as heart-rending. These cries were their only means of being saved.

GERMANY SENDS GUNBOAT

French Feeling Aroused Over Intervention in Morocco

A despatch from Berlin says: Germany took direct action in Morocco and ordered the gunboat Panther to Agadir, the most southern port of Morocco, twenty-three miles southeast of Cape Ghir.

The official announcement says that the step was taken at the request of German firms in South Morocco for protection to the lives and property of Germans and native proteges in Morocco, and that unfriendly intentions toward Morocco are not involved.

Agadir is near Mogador, a fortified seaport on the Atlantic, upon which according to earlier rumors, Germany has designs.

Astonishment is the word used in

semi-official circles to describe French feelings over the action of Germany in sending a gunboat to Agadir, Morocco.

It is declared that the move is not in accordance with the spirit either of the Algeiras act or the Franco-German agreement of February, 1909, which recognized Germany as having pre-eminent commercial rights in Morocco, but France as having predominant political rights.

It is pointed out that France is capable of maintaining order and protecting foreign interests in Morocco, for which purpose she despatched an army to Fez and Mequinez.

TRAGEDY IN A SHANTY.

John G. Taylor Held for Murder at Vancouver.

A despatch from Vancouver says: John G. Taylor, a resident of the city for the past eighteen years, and now in his seventy-sixth year and a veteran of the civil war, existing chiefly on his monthly pension, is to night in police custody

Standing up in one of the rapidly-moving cars on the roller coaster at Hanlan's Point, Fred Swallow overbalanced himself and fell out, receiving injuries from which he died later in St. Michael's Hospital.

Swallow was struck by a car which followed the one in which he was a passenger. It is against the rules for anybody to stand up in

PRICES OF FARM PRODUCTS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES OF AMERICA.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, July 4.—Winter wheat, 90 cent; patents are steady at \$3.35, Montreal freight; Manitoba flours are unchanged. The following: First patents, \$5.10; second patents, \$4.50; and strong bakers, \$4.40, on track, Toronto.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern quoted at \$1.00 3-4, Bay ports; No. 2 at 99 3-4, and No. 3 at 94 3-4.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 red and white are quoted outside at \$1 to 82c.

Barley—The market is dull, with prices nominal.

Oats—37 1-2 to 38c, outside, for No. 2 and at 39 1-2c, on track, Toronto; No. 2 W.C. oats 40 3-4c, and No. 3, 39 3-4c, Bay ports.

Corn—No. 2 American yellow is quoted at 59 1-2c, Bay ports, and 64c, Toronto.

Peas—The market is dull, with prices purely nominal.

Rye—There is none offering, and prices are nominal.

Buckwheat—Nothing offering.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Beans—Car lots are quoted at \$1.70 to \$1.75, and small lots, \$1.90.

Honey—Extracted, in tins, is quoted at 10 to 12c per lb; No. 1 comb, wholesale, \$2 to \$2.25 per dozen; No. 2 comb, wholesale, \$1.75 per dozen.

Baled hay—No. 1 is quoted at \$12 to \$13 on track, and No. 2 at \$9 to \$10.

Baled straw—\$6 to \$6.50, on track, Toronto.

Potatoes—\$1.25 per bag.

Poultry—Yearling chickens, 14 to 15c, and turkeys, 18 to 19c per lb.

BUTTER AND EGGS.

Butter—Dairy prints, 17 to 19c; inferior, 15 to 16c. Creamery quoted at 21 to 23c per lb for rolls, and 19 to 21c for solids.

Eggs—Case lots are quoted at 18 to 19c per dozen.

Cheese—Prices are unchanged, now being quoted at 12 1-4c for large, and 12 1-2c for twins.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long, clear, 11 1-2c per lb, in case lots. Pork, short cut, 12c.

Hams—Medium to light, 16 to 16 1-2c; do., heavy, 13 to 14c; rolls, 11 to 11 1-2c; breakfast bacon, 17 to 18c; backs, 19 to 19 1-2c.

Lard—Tierces, 10 1-4c; tubs, 10 1-2c; pails, 10 3-4c.

BUSINESS IN MONTREAL.

Montreal, July 4.—Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 41 1-2 to 41 3-4c, car lots ex store; extra No. 1 feed, 40 3-4 to 41c; No. 3 C.W., 40 1-4 to 40 1-2c; No. 2 local white, 39 3-4 to 40c; No. 3 local white, 39 1-4 to 39 1-2c; No. 4 local white, 38 1-4 to 38 1-2c.

Flour—Manitoba spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.30; do., seconds, \$4.80; Winter wheat patents, \$4.60 to \$4.75; strong bakers, \$4.80; straight rollers, \$4.10 to \$4.25; do., in bags, \$1.85 to \$2.

Per barrel, \$4.55; bag of 90 lb., \$2.15; Barley—Feed, car lots ex store, 51 to 52c.

Corn—American No. 3 yellow, 52 1-2 to 53c. Millfeed—Bran, Ontario, \$22; Manitoba, \$21; middlings, Ontario, \$22.50; do., shorts, Manitoba, \$21; moultie, \$25 to \$30.

Eggs—Fresh, 17 1-2 to 18c. Cheese—Westerns, 11 3-8 to 11 5-8c; easterns, 11 1-8 to 11 1-4c. Butter—Choicest 22 1-2 to 23c.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Minneapolis, July 4.—Wheat — July, 94 3-8c; September, 94 3-8c to 94 3-4c; December, 95c; No. 1 hard, 97 3-8c; No. 2 Northern, 95 3-8c to 75c; No. 3, 94 3-8c.

Eastern, 92 3-8 to 95 3-8c; No. 3 wheat, 90 3-8c; No. 3 yellow corn, 56 to 56 1-2c; No. 3 white oats, 42 1-2 to 43c; No. 2 rye, 84c.

Bran—\$19 to \$19.50. Flour—First patents, \$4.40; do., second patents, \$4.50.

\$4.75; first clears, \$3.35 to \$3.55; second clears, \$2.25 to \$2.50.

Buffalo, July 4.—Spring wheat—Easy; No. 1 Northern, carloads, store, \$1.00 1-4; Winter, nominal; No. 2 red, 95c; No. 2 white, 92c; Corn—No. 3 yellow, 51 1-2c; No. 4 yellow, 50 3-4c; No. 3 corn, 58 1-4c; No. 4 corn, 56c, all on track, through bill.

Oats—Easier; No. 2 white, 48c; No. 3 white, 47 1-4c; No. 4 white, 46 1-2c.

Barley—Maltster, \$1.07 to \$1.17.

Duluth, July 4.—Close—Wheat—On track, No. 1 hard, 96 1-2c; on track and to arrive, No. 1 Northern, 95 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 92 1-2 to 93 1-2c.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, July 4.—Choice steers, 6 1-2c; good, 6 to 6 1-4c; fairly good, 5 1-2 to 5 3-4c; fair, 5 to 5 1-4c; common, 4 1-2 to 5 1-4c per 100 cows; 5 to 5 1-4c; bulls, 4 1-2 to 5 1-2c per pound.

Lambs—\$4 to \$5, as to size. Sheep, \$4 to \$5, as to size.

BOVRIL

Contains

All the Goodness of Prime Beef

It makes every dish with which it is used much more nutritious and gives the rich appetising flavor of prime roast beef.

Use it for your gravies and sauces.

THE NEWS IN A PARAGRAPH

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE IN A NUTSHELL.

Canada, the Empire and the World in General Before Your Eyes.

CANADA.

Dr. Onimet was acquitted of the charge of murder at Hull.

I. Meloche, aged 16, was drowned at Hull, Que., when he fell into a creek, while in an epileptic fit.

Orville, the 30 months old son of James Henderson, Athens, was drowned in a vat of whey.

Mr. J. Bruce Walker states that the west will require 40,000 harvest hands this year.

It is proposed to convert the Hamilton registry office, soon to be vacated, into a municipal art gallery.

A 14-year-old girl at Kingston, reproved by her parents for chumming with a boy, attempted to take poison.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The arbitration treaty between Britain and the United States is practically arranged.

The veto bill entered on the crucial committee stage in the House of Lords on Thursday, with every indication of a bitter struggle.

The privy council has decided that Montreal city council were privileged to pay Mayor Payette's trip to Paris.

UNITED STATES.

Socialism is a heresy and an evil according to Archbishop Messmer of Milwaukee.

Henry Serling of Syracuse, N.Y., has been awarded \$1,750 additional damages against Montreal parties who lured him across the line and then had him arrested in connection with a business failure.

GENERAL.

Portuguese newspapers say that the Government inventory of church property has disclosed great wealth in the cellars of the churches.

BOGUS BILLS CIRCULATING.

Dominion Police Visit Lindsay and Orillia.

A despatch from Vancouver says: John G. Taylor, a resident of the city for the past eighteen years, and now in his seventy-sixth year and a veteran of the civil war, existing chiefly on his monthly pension, is to night in police custody, facing the charge of murder. The dead man is Eli McCutcheon, a logger, thirty years of age, unmarried, and formerly of Nanaimo. According to the police, the tragedy followed a row in a shack in the east end of the city, in which Taylor lived alone. McCutcheon and several companions had visited the old man late in the afternoon. There was not, it is said, any drinking, but a dispute arose, ending in Taylor ordering all to leave. McCutcheon declined, and the old man is said to have instantly fired a rifle, the bullet entering McCutcheon's thigh. All vanished, leaving McCutcheon to bleed to death.

BLIND LOVERS TO MARRY.

Couple Born without Sight Take Out License to Wed.

A despatch from Fresno, California, says: Behind a marriage license issued on Wednesday to Ernest L. Morris, a well-known blind piano tuner, and Effie M. Sullivan, of Iowa, also blind, is an unusual romance. Although they have known each other from childhood, neither has seen the other, for they were born blind.

Love began in the Iowa State Home for the Blind when Morris, now 29, was 10 years old, and his bride-to-be, now 35, was 16. They learned to read and write there, and ever since have kept up correspondence. Recently Morris asked the girl to join him in California, and she consented.

KILLED ON THE "DIPS."

Man Stood Up in Car at Hanlan's Point.

A despatch from Toronto says:

receiving injuries from which he died later in St. Michael's Hospital.

Swallow was struck by a car which followed the one in which he was a passenger. It is against the rules for anybody to stand up in the cars while on the journey. His car had just left the lowest dip when he stood up and fell out. His right leg and arm were broken and he was internally injured. The injured man was hurried over in a special ferry and on being carried into the hospital he expired. Death was due to the internal injuries.

INFANTILE PARALYSIS.

Investigation Being Made by Conservation Commission.

A despatch from Ottawa says: An investigation into the prevalence of infantile paralysis is being conducted by the Dominion Conservation Commission. Circulars are being forwarded to every medical practitioner in Canada asking for particulars of the cases with which he has had to deal. Investigations are also being conducted into the housing conditions in Canadian centres of population, and the existence of slum districts.

Municipal building by-laws and building regulations are being examined, and a comparison made with those in use in the better regulated cities of foreign countries.

FIVE PEOPLE KILLED.

Electric Train Ran Into Wagon Near Rockaway Beach.

A despatch from New York says: An electric train on the Long Island Railroad, ran into a wagon at the crossing at the point where the Rockaway Beach branch of the railroad crosses Woodhaven Avenue in Glendale, Sunday. Five people, who were riding in the wagon, were killed and the sixth person in the wagon and the train conductor were severely injured.

ern, 92 1-2 to 93 1-2.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, July 4.—Choice steers, 6 1-2c; good, 6 to 6 1-4c; fairly good, 5 1-2 to 5 3-4c; fair, 5 to 5 1-4c; common, 4 1-2 to 4 3-4c per lb. Cows—4 to 5 1-4c; bulls, 4 1-2 to 5 1-2c per pound.

Lambs—\$4 to \$5, as to size. Sheep, \$4 to \$5.50 each; calves, \$2 to \$7 each. Hogs, selected, \$6.50, and mixed lots at \$6 per cwt., weighed on the cars.

Toronto, July 4.—Export cattle, choice, \$5.90 to \$6; do., medium, \$5.80 to \$5.90; Butchers' cattle, choice, \$6.05 to \$6.25; do., medium, \$5.70 to \$5; do., common, \$5 to \$5.65; bulls, \$4.50 to \$5.25; cows, \$4 to \$5; do., common and medium, \$3.25 to \$4; Canners, \$2 to \$2.50; short-keeps, \$5.75 to \$5.85; feeders, steers, \$5.50 to \$5.75; do., bulls, \$4.40 to \$5; stockers, choice, \$5 to \$5.50; do., light, \$4 to \$4.75; milch cows, choice, \$35 to \$55; do., common to medium, \$25 to \$35; springers, \$25 to \$40; sheep, ewes, \$3 to \$4; do., bucks, \$3 to \$3.50; lambs, yearlings, \$5.50 to \$5.50; do., spring, \$6 to \$7 each; hogs, f.o.b., \$6.50; do., fed and watered, \$7.20; calves, \$4 to \$7.

FIRE ON U. S. BATTLESHIP.

Magazine Flooded to Prevent an Explosion.

A despatch from New York says: Fire in the after-turret of the battleship Ohio, in the naval yard at Brooklyn on Wednesday, necessitated the flooding of the powder magazine below, as a precaution against an explosion. The fire smouldered for half an hour along the heavy rubber insulation of electric wires and a quantity of cotton waste. A redhot rivet dropped on the insulation and started the blaze.

The powder magazine, situated about seven feet below the turret, contained a ton and a half of powder, and a large quantity of other ammunition. There were 750 officers and men on the Ohio. The battleships North Dakota and Alabama were at anchor near by, and there was considerable excitement on board all the ships as well as in the navy yard.

MEXICO SETTling DOWN.

Trade Conditions Again Becoming Normal.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A. W. Donly, the Canadian Trade Commissioner in Mexico, has sent in a report to the Trade and Commerce Department, in which he declares that the recent revolution had a most serious effect upon business. Canadian trade felt the effect to about the same degree as that of other countries. Millions of money had been shipped abroad for safe-keeping.

Mr. Donly adds, however, that the country is settling down to the new regime, and that an improvement may be looked for from now on.

ORIGINAL CHARTER FOUND.

Queen's University Recovers Highly Prized Document.

A despatch from Kingston says: Queen's University is in possession of a very valuable document, none other than the original charter granted the university over sixty years ago, and which in some way or other had disappeared from sight, vanishing no man knew where. It came to light, however, in an unexpected quarter, when Col. S. C. McGill, managing director of the Frontenac Loan Co., ran across it in the vaults of that company. It was enclosed in a tin casing, and was in splendid condition, with the signature of Queen Victoria herself well preserved and the great seal quite intact.

es.

BOGUS BILLS CIRCULATING.

Dominion Police Visit Lindsay and Orillia.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Inspector Parkinson, of the Dominion police, has been in Lindsay investigating the circulation of bogus money, and may have to go back.

A man named Watt was arrested in Orillia and convicted in connection with the prevalence of bad money, but some of the green goods is said to be in circulation in Lindsay, and other arrests may follow. A lot of bad money appears to have been turned out in Ontario recently, and the Dominion police are investigating in several localities.

TWO MEN KILLED.

Within a Few Yards of Each Other Near Winnipeg.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Two fatalities occurred within a few hundred yards of each other on Thursday evening at Fort Rouge. A Canadian named Sherlock got on the Grand Trunk Pacific train going west, instead of the Canadian Northern for Prince Albert, and finding out his mistake at the Pembina subway, a mile from the station, jumped from the train, crushing his head in the fall.

The other case was that of a foreigner, Alex. Signyk, who picked up a live wire while at work in the C. N. R. shops, Fort Rouge. He was dead when help arrived. Inquests are likely in both cases.

BREAK IS UNPRECEDENTED.

Accident at Port Hood Mine Regarded as Remarkable.

A despatch from Halifax, N. S., says: Hiram Donkin, Deputy Commissioner of Mines, said on Wednesday that the accident to the coal mine at Port Hood is unprecedented in the annals of mining. The breaks have occurred previously in submarine mines, but never at the very bottom of the mine, in this case, 1,030 feet below the tide level. The break was as unexpected as would be a bolt of lightning from a clear sky, and the remarkable and mysterious thing is that it occurred at the extreme bottom of the mine.

DIVED HEADLONG FROM CAR.

Miraculous Escape of Shackled Lunatic.

A despatch from Montreal says: With legs shackled to his sides Georges Kepla, a lunatic, took a headlong dive through the window of a Grand Trunk train near Coteau on Wednesday night.

Although the train was travelling at 25 miles an hour, the man was picked up conscious, suffering only from a deep scalp wound.

Kepla was one of five undesirables being taken from the asylum at Seattle, Wash., for deportation to Germany from Montreal.

Nearing Coteau he became restive and the shackles were put on, but despite this he evaded the United States immigration officials in charge of the undesirables and dived headlong through the window.

SCORE INJURED IN WRECK

Express Train Crashed Into a Freight Locomotive

A despatch from Philadelphia says: The engineer and one passenger were probably fatally injured and 20 other passengers badly cut, bruised and scalded on Wednesday night when an express train bound for Chestnut Hill collided with the tender of a freight locomotive at the entrance of the Philadelphia and Reading Railway's tunnel at 21st Street and Hamilton Avenue. Benjamin H. Dolan, aged 43 years, is the injured engineer. One of his legs was broken in three places and he was so badly scalded

that physicians despair of saving his life.

The passenger who is believed to be dying is Ernest W. Evans, aged 27 years, of Asbury Place, Chestnut Hill. His face is badly crushed and he was severely scalded.

After the engine had crashed into the tender, the first coach of the train slipped past the obstructions, but the following coaches were thrown on their sides. The cars were filled with passengers bound for the suburbs. When they were overturned the escaping steam from the damaged locomotive caused a panic.

A MARTYR TO HEADACHES?

NA-DRU-CO HEADACHE WAFERS

25c. a Box at your druggist's.

will make life comfortable for you again.

They relieve the worst headache in 30 minutes or less.

National Drug and Chemical Company of Canada, Limited, Montreal.

THE WHISKERS OF KINGS

HOW THE WORLD'S MONARCHS WEAR THEIR BEARDS.

The Late King of Italy Could Tie the Ends of His Moustache Behind His Ears.

King George is shown on the new coinage as being the happy possessor of a neat little beard and a good crop of hair on his head, the latter despite the fact that his crop of hair is by no means excessive, says Pearson's Weekly.

When King Edward's portrait came to be impressed on our coinage and postage stamps, the authorities were in a quandry—could they set the imprint of a bald-headed King on the coinage?

They appealed to his Majesty, and asked to be allowed to show him as the possessor of a fine head of hair. But the King would have none of it. Let me appear as I am, or don't let me appear at all, said he in effect, and he had his way. He appeared on stamps and coinage as a bald-headed monarch. And that was unique, for such a thing had never happened before.

The Tsar of Russia is very like our own King—he has the same sort of beard and moustache, and resembles King George in many other ways.

If you want something out of the common, turn to the German Emperor. His moustache is a world's institution, and he has worn it in every possible and impossible way.

NO BEARD FOR THE KAISER.

In its day it has drooped down and stood out as if cut in marble, but of late years he has worn it standing up at right angles to the mouth, and certainly the Kaiser looks a very fierce monarch indeed with his present style of moustache.

At one time he tried to grow a beard, but was obliged to shave it off, for the Empress refused to tolerate it, and his people were thankful when he did shave, for they liked his beard no better than did the Empress.

If you want to know the name of the monarch who owned the most magnificent moustache, his name may be given—King Victor Emanuel of Italy. His was something like a moustache, as may be judged from the fact that one of his pet amusements was to tie the ends of it behind his neck.

But, alas! King Victor Emanuel dyed his moustache; it was really a light brown one, but it occurred to him that light brown was hardly a warlike color, so he resorted to the dye pot, and manufactured a black one, or, at any rate, a dark brown.

King George of Greece has two moustaches—one is for family use, so to speak, the other is for ceremonial occasions. When he is in the midst of his family circle his moustache droops gently down—he is then quite the family man. But if he goes out of his own country, or has to attend any great State ceremony his moustache stands out at right angles to his face, and is delightfully waxed at the points.

King Alfonso of Spain is hard at work just now raising a moustache, but to all appearances he finds the work none too easy. Still, there is

AERONAUT'S DARING FLIGHT

Lincoln Beachey Circled Over the Falls in Aeroplane

A despatch from Niagara Falls, N. Y., says: The many famous feats of Niagara, where hazardous man has braved nature's gravest perils, were outdone in the sensational flight of Lincoln Beachey, the aviator, who swept down from an immense height in a rain at dusk on Wednesday night, circled twice over the Falls, then dove down under the great steel bridge, on down the Gorge almost to the Whirlpool Rapids, rose again, and, skimming over the wooded bluffs, soared off again to safety on the Canadian side.

More than 150,000 people stood transfixed with awe as the birdman's air craft rocked and rose over his perilous course. It was the first time an aviator had ever flirted with the deadly currents of the canyon. His flight is looked upon as the most daring ever made by an aviator.

At moments as he flew above the cataract and between the precipitous sides of the lower river, Beachey and his white machine were obscured in spray and mist. Racing down the Gorge, his speed approached sixty miles an hour.

The start was made from the baseball ground adjoining Niagara University, about a mile from the Falls, and, after the perilous journey, a safe landing was made in a field on the outskirts of Niagara Falls, Ont.

"There was just one time I was a little nervous," he said. "That was when I got down between these two great walls and the plane began to rock and swerve. I was afraid the Gorge had me. The water was only a few feet below. That's why I did not go all the way to Lewiston. I had had enough for one day and was quite happy after I got over the cliff and was over in Canada."

A BULL'S-EYE.

Private Potts was not shooting very well. Out of ten shots he had only hit a target once, and then it was the wrong one. The instructor approached with wrath in his eye.

"Come, Potts," he said; "you don't seem to know how to hold a gun. Put it to your shoulder. That's right. Now point it straight at my eye. That's right. Keep it steady. Now press the trigger very gently—very gently! Go on! Hang it, man, why don't you pull the trigger?"

"Please, sir," stammered Private Potts, "it's loaded!"

Spanish Onion Soup.—Chop fine five onions and fry brown in butter, adding a teaspoonful of sugar. When brown pour over eight cupsful of hot beef stock. Add a bay leaf, half a dozen peppercorns, and a tablespoonful of minced parsley. Simmer fifteen minutes, strain, and serve with dice of fried or toasted bread.

Young Folks

THE NEST.

Robert and Josephine were much excited when they saw a bird flutter out of a hole in an old stump near which they were playing in the orchard. They peered into the hole, and there was a nest with three little eggs.

They hurried to the house, and Aunt Clara came out to the orchard with them. They all waited at a little distance, and soon two birds appeared. One, which was grayish blue in color, flew straight into the hole in the stump. The other bird, which was a deeper blue, with a breast of reddish brown, alighted in an apple-tree near by.

"They are bluebirds," said Aunt Clara, "and we must not harm their nest or frighten them away."

The bird in the tree seemed to pay no attention to the visitors, but lifting his wings, he quavered out a clear song which sounded like "Tru-al-ly, tru-al-ly."

"How beautifully blue he is!" exclaimed Josephine.

"Yes," said their aunt. "There is an old Indian legend that the bluebird is a piece of the sky which came down to the earth to live. When the Pilgrims came to New England they called the bluebird the blue robin, because its warblings reminded them so much of the robins in their native land. The bluebird is very friendly, and likes to live near people. There used to be many bird-houses for the bluebirds in parks and in the yards of houses, but the quarrelsome sparrows have driven most of the bluebirds away. Once when I was a girl we had a little house for the bluebirds, but the sparrows took possession of it. Then we found that by taking away the perch in front of the house the sparrows could not get in, for they had to

DELIVERED GOODS AT SEA

Aviator Landed Merchandise on Board Steamer

A despatch from New York says: The first piece of merchandise ever delivered at sea by aeroplane fell on the upper deck of the giant White Star liner Olympic on Wednesday as she steamed through the Narrows, outward bound on her maiden eastward passage.

W. Atlee Burpee, of Philadelphia, had contracted for delivery before sailing with a New York and Philadelphia department store, which in turn engaged the services of Thomas Sopwith, the English

THE WHITEST, LIGHTEST



NEVER ANY FAILURE OR DISAPPOINTMENT WHEN

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

IS USED.

CONTAINS NO ALUM.

COSTS NO MORE THAN THE ORDINARY KINDS.

MADE IN CANADA

SPANISH DISHES.

Spanish Cream.—Place one and a half pints of milk in double boiler and when boiling add one-quarter of a box of gelatin. Let boil about four minutes, stirring constantly. Beat yolks of four eggs together with four tablespoons of sugar and a grain of salt. Pour the boiling mixture on this and return to double boiler, allowing it to boil four minutes or until it becomes creamy. Pour this then through a fine sieve, adding one teaspoon of vanilla. Set aside in cool place until it congeals, then add the well beaten whites of the four eggs, stirring lightly through custard. This is better made the day before it is used.

flight to meet her in the Narrows, and set his course over land and sea.

Even from the pier end, passengers on the Olympic are no more than animated dots of white and black to those on shore. Presently there was to be seen among those dots a scurrying to and fro, as bits of paper blown by the wind. Sopwith had been sighted bearing down on them from aloft. Working nearer and nearer, he circled the ship as low as he dared, hovering overhead for an instant and then

But if he goes out of his own country, or has to attend any great State ceremony his moustache stands out at right angles to his face, and is delightfully waxed at the points.

King Alfonso of Spain is hard at work just now raising a moustache, but to all appearances he finds the work none too easy. Still, there is no saying what the future may do, and we may yet see him with a presentable moustache. The ex-King of Portugal, too, is very bare-faced, but, unlike Alfonso, he does not seem to have tried any cultivation or a lip ornamentation.

WHAT THE SULTAN WEARS.

The Sultan of Turkey has a beard although you will not see a portrait of him with a beard on show. He had only a moustache when he came to the throne at the abdication of Abdul Hamid, the former Sultan.

Had the present Sultan worn a beard in the palmy days of Abdul Hamid he would certainly not have been reigning to-day, as it is not etiquette for a Moslem prince to wear a beard. He may wear a moustache if he likes, but never a beard, and had old Abdul Hamid seen any prince wearing a beard, and so breaking the laws of strict etiquette—well, the Bosphorus was always handy, and anyone who offended Abdul was dipped into the water, but unfortunately no one took the trouble to fish the offending party out again.

The point lies in this—if a Moslem prince wears a beard he will at once be suspected of having designs on the throne, and to be so suspected is not healthy in Turkey.

And once a Sultan has grown a beard, it never comes off. It would be *infra dig.* for a Sultan to shave himself, of course, and most decidedly no Sultan would trust himself to a Turkish barber, as that would perhaps amount to a case of deliberate and intentional suicide.

WIELDED AXE ON HUSBAND.

Ottawa Magistrate Justified this Wifely Act.

A despatch from Ottawa says: According to Magistrate O'Keefe, on Wednesday morning, Mrs. A. Paquet was quite justified in using the axe on her husband last week to defend herself, but he did not believe in using an axe unless in extreme cases.

The magistrate let the accused go on suspended sentence. He warned her that an axe was a formidable weapon to use except in cases of extreme emergency. The bench, however, considered that the prisoner was goaded to use the axe and had done so without intent to kill.

Paquette, arraigned on a charge of drunkenness, was also released in view of his punishment with the axe.

FINE VACATION GIFT.

Western Woman Presents Husband With Triplets at Ottawa.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Mr. and Mrs. Robert A. Hardy, of Qu'Appelle, Saskatchewan, will not forget their Ottawa visit. They are here, the guests of friends, and on Wednesday morning Mrs. Hardy gave birth to triplets, a girl, weighing 7½ pounds, and two boys each weighing 6½ pounds. They and the mother are doing well. The mother is 32 years old, and has four other children.

birds in parks and in the yards of houses, but the quarrelsome sparrows have driven most of the bluebirds away. Once when I was a girl we had a little house for the bluebirds, but the sparrows took possession of it. Then we found that by taking away the perch in front of the house the sparrows could not get in, for they had to alight before entering the small door. But the bluebirds could fly directly inside, and so they kept their home, and the sparrows had to go away."

All this made Josephine and Robert feel that they knew the bluebirds pretty well, and they hurried back to the house to get some crumbs to scatter round the old stump. And day by day they watched the pair of bluebirds and their nest, until the three baby birds, spotted with white, came out of the little shells, and grew big enough to fly among the orchard trees.—Youth's Companion.

CHOLERA IN ITALY.

It is Increasing in Naples and Palermo.

A despatch from Rome says: Cholera is increasing in Italy. Returns show that there are 97 cases in Naples and its environs, 92 cases at Palermo and 49 cases elsewhere.

Thieves got away with \$1,500 worth of goods from a Kenora men's furnishing store.

The two-year-old child of E. Rumph, who lives beside the G. T. R. tracks near London, wandered into the rails and was killed.

White Star liner Olympic on Wednesday as she steamed through the Narrows, outward bound on her maiden eastward passage.

W. Atlee Burpee, of Philadelphia, had contracted for delivery before sailing with a New York and Philadelphia department store, which in turn engaged the services of Thomas Sopwith, the English aviator. With Richard R. Sinclair, secretary of the Aero Club, holding the package, Sopwith rose from the aviation grounds at Garden City, spied out the Olympic as she bore down the Hudson, timed his

than animated dots of white and black to those on shore. Presently there was to be seen among those dots a scurrying to and fro, as bits of paper blown by the wind. Sopwith had been sighted bearing down on them from aloft. Working nearer and nearer, he circled the ship as low as he dared, hovering overhead for an instant and then made back for shore, landing safely on the grounds of the Crescent Athletic Club at Bay Ridge. While Sopwith controlled the aeroplane Sinclair dropped the package at the given signal.

IMPORTANT HINTS ABOUT PRESERVING

When Canning or Preserving, two essentials to good results are: Sound Fruit and Good Sugar. Canada's orchards supply the one and in

Redpath

Extra Granulated Sugar you have the other. Tell your grocer plainly "Redpath's" Extra Granulated,

When you want Loaf Sugar ask for "Redpath's" Red Seal Paris Lumps in Dust Proof Packages.

The Canada Sugar Refining Co., Limited, Montreal
Established in 1854 by John Redpath

\$3,600 in Cash Prizes for Farmers

ARE you going to build that new horseblock, sidewalk or dairy house of cement? Then insist on your dealer supplying you with the "CANADA" Cement. Not only will this ensure your getting a pure, uniform and strictly high-grade cement, that will guarantee the lifelong permanency of the thing you build, but it will also entitle you to enter our Prize Contest. And in this contest you stand a good chance of winning a prize that will perhaps more than pay you for the cost of the work. Every farmer in Canada who uses "CANADA" Cement is eligible to compete. Four prizes will be awarded in each Province and these prizes will be divided as follows:

PRIZE "A"—\$100.00 to be given to the farmer in each Province who will use during 1911 the greatest number of barrels of "CANADA" Cement.

PRIZE "B"—\$100.00 to be given to the farmer in each Province who uses "CANADA" Cement on his farm in 1911 for the greatest number of purposes.

PRIZE "C"—\$100.00 to be given to the farmer in each Province who furnishes us with the photograph showing the best of any particular kind of work done on his farm during 1911 with "CANADA" Cement.

PRIZE "D"—\$100.00 to be given to the farmer in each Province who submits the best and most complete description, of how any particular piece of work shown by photograph sent in, was done.

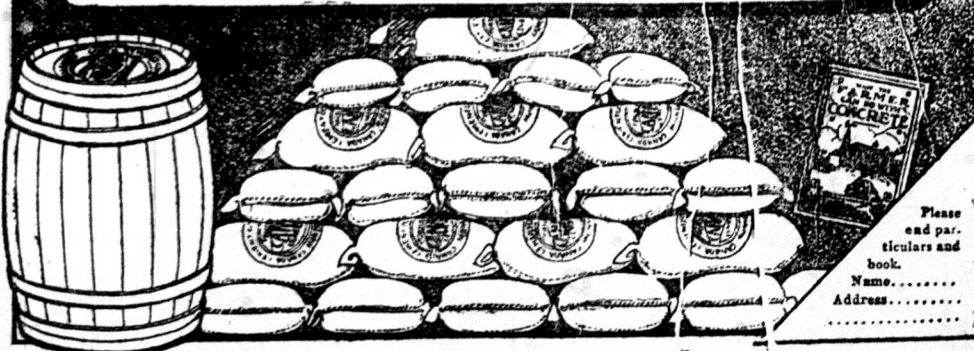
Notice how we have purposely planned and imposed certain necessary conditions in order to give large and small users of cement an equal opportunity.

As an illustration of this: In prizes "C" and "D," the quantity of cement used has no bearing whatever on the result. The farmer who sends us the best photograph of a small thing as a watering trough or a post, has as much chance for prize "C" as a man who sends a photograph of a house—and the same applies to prize "D."

Don't hold back from entering because you think you don't know anything about concrete work. It's very simple. Besides, we have a 160-page book that we will send you free on request, which tells you all about concrete and how to make and use it. In this book, you'll find complete instructions for the making of almost everything you can think of in the way of farm utilities, floors, vats, troughs, stairs, posts, etc.

This free book—entitled "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete"—will not only inform you—it will also greatly interest you. So send for it anyway, whether you intend to try for one of the prizes or not.

The Canada Cement Company, Limited, Montreal, Que.



Please send particulars and book.
Name.....
Address.....

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 50 per line for each insertion if in ordinary type. In black type the charge will be 75 per line each insertion.

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A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

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CHANGE OF CLUB RATES.

On and after 1st December, 1908, the following will be the Club Rates:

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Family Herald and Weekly Star.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun.....	\$1.75
Any three of the above papers.....	\$2.40
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Daily Toronto Star.....	\$2.25

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Cambridge's Bakery and Confectionery



FROM A BARREL OF FLOUR

to all kinds of good things baked at this bakery, is a maze of bewitchery.

BREAD, CAKE, PIES,
COFFEE ROLLS,

and a hundred and one other things that this bakery invents and turns

A HUNGRY PYTHON.

The First Course of His Meat Got Him Into Serious Trouble.

In my travels I visited the jail at Thayet-Myo, in Burma. On the morning of my visit there had undoubtedly been an unusual occurrence. A python twenty-two feet long and twenty-eight inches in girth had entered the vegetable garden and crossed it to the fowl pen. Besides the fowls, there were some five ducks in the pen. Now, the front of the pen was fenced with diamond mesh galvanized wire netting of a strong type.

The snake could not resist a fat duck, so, putting its head and neck through the stout diamond frame, it seized and swallowed one. I have no doubt whatever that it would have "mopped up the bunch" inside the house, but that in adjusting No. 1 to make room for No. 2 it became aware of an uneasy feeling owing to the wire around its waist. Neither have I any doubt that in addition to becoming uneasy it became seriously alarmed.

Being now unable either to disgorge or to get away, it tore off the whole section of netting, 6 feet by 8, and returned with the neck and waist-band through the cages. Not unnaturally, I think, the sentry, seeing a 6 by 8 foot wire section of fencing marching through the cabbage patch without any visible means of support, gave the alarm and then opened fire.

The prison guard rushed out and also opened fire, and very shortly our hero lay dead in his frame. He was skinned and his skin cured and dressed in the jail, where they are noted for this kind of work.—Forest and Stream.

Applied Science.

When James Russell Lowell was minister to England he was guest at a banquet at which one of the speakers was Sir Frederick Bramwell. Sir Frederick was to respond to the toast "Applied Science." It was long after midnight when the toast was proposed, and several speakers were still to be called. Rising in his place, the scientist said:

"At this hour of the night, or, rather, of the morning, my only interest in applied science is to apply the tip of the match to the side of the box upon which alone it ignites and to apply the flame so obtained to the wick of a bedroom candle."

A moment later Lowell tossed a paper across the table to him bearing these two lines

Oh, brief Sir Frederick, would that all could catch
Your happy talent and supply your match!

Easy Enough.

Just before the capture of Savannah General Logan, with two or three of his staff, entered the depot at Chicago to take the cars east on his way to rejoin his command. The general, being a short distance in advance of the others, stepped on the steps of a car, but was stopped by an Irishman with:

"Ye can't go in there."

"Why not?" asked the general.

"Because them's a leddies' caer, and no gentleman 'll be goin' in there with-out a leddy. There's wan sate in that caer over there if yees want it."

"Yes," replied the general, "I see there is one seat, but what shall I do with my staff?"

"Oh, yer staff!" was the reply. "Go take the sate and stick yer staff out of the windy."

Wasn't a Bit Impressed.

The chief of the clan of McIntosh once had a dispute with a London cabby over the fare.

"Do you know who I am?" the high-

NEWSPAPER CLIPPINGS

Comments of Some of Our Exchanges.

Edmonton Bulletin.

One Opposition member of the Saskatchewan Legislature now says he is sorry he voted for the reciprocity resolution with Mr. Haultain and his fellow-Conservative members. He will have another regret coming after a while.

Calgary Albertan (Liberal.)

Every person should turn out and hear Mr. Borden discuss reciprocity. It may be that Mr. Borden will discuss other subjects, but the reciprocity is what interests us most of all. We shall get the strongest there is against the pact at this meeting.

The Belleville Ontario.

Have you noticed that the anti-reciprocity journals are not now referring so frequently to the price of cheese on the American side? The secret of this sudden silence is that cheese is now worth a cent a pound more wholesale in New York than it is in Montreal.

Winnipeg Telegram, (Con.)

The proceedings of the Conference only went to show that the various States comprising the British Empire have virtually nothing in common, and that, on the other hand, jealousies and suspicions are more formidable than those which would be manifested in the case of foreign nations desiring to enter into alliance.

Halifax Chronicle

There is just this to be said about the argument put forward by the Oppositionists, to the effect that Great Britain offers a better market than the United States for the products of Canada. If so, Canadians will send their products to Britain. The reciprocity arrangement cannot prevent them from selling in the best market. Instead of two markets they will have the choice of three. Think it over.

Quebec Telegraph.

Toryism is allied with jingoism, and both have a desperate penchant for sensationalism. Not very long ago the Liberal Governments of Great Britain and Canada were accused of criminal indifference in the face of the imminent menace of a German attack on the Empire. Now both Governments are accused of conspiring with President Taft to break up the Empire and deliver Canada to the United States. Such puerile tactics would indicate that the Conservative parties in England and Canada are in their dotage.

Vancouver World.

An Imperial Parliament we shall undoubtedly have in the near future. But just at present, with the tide of popular enthusiasm running so high, it is particularly desirable that more time should be given to reflection and consideration of the constitution of that body. It would be fatally easy for the representatives of the overseas Dominions, dazzled by the full glare of publicity in which they now find themselves, and carried off their feet by the wave of unreasoning loyalty, to bind themselves and the people whom they represent to many things which

DEEP SEA DIVERS.

Death Always Hovers Round Them While They Toil.

PERILS THEY HAVE TO FACE.

The Awful Pressure of Water and Air That May Bury or Burst Them—The Helmet Telephone a Wonderful Aid In Work and In Times of Danger.

It is surprising to learn how many uses there are for divers. The navy, of course, employs many to set submarine mines and torpedoes and to attend to investigations of the condition of ships' bottoms. Bridge construction companies use them, as do those who build dams, waterworks and reservoirs. Waterworks in large cities keep a diver on their staff constantly. Wrecking companies need their services, and the profession of underriver tunneling makes many demands on the time and skill of the man in armor.

Since Smeaton in 1779 designed a pump to supply air to the diving bell little real improvement in the art has been made, save in detail of helmet and clothes, until the invention of the telephone. The greatest advance ever made in the art, divers will tell you, is the combination of the telephone with the diving suit. Before its advent divers had to depend entirely upon pulls on the life line for communication with the surface and upon signs to each other when under water if two wished to communicate. Today the modern diving helmet is equipped with a telephone, and the diver can not only hear what is said to him from the surface, advise those in charge of his pump as to whether the air is "coming right" or not, but he can communicate to a brother diver and hear the instructions sent to him from the surface, all of which facilities are of great assistance in the work.

At first thought it may not seem so difficult a thing, this going down under water and breathing air sent in from a pump by a tube. But the physical drawbacks to the work are enormous. For every ten feet a diver descends he sustains an additional pressure of four and a half pounds over every square inch of his body. What this means may be better understood when considering the greatest depth ever made by a diver—204 feet. His body at that depth sustained a pressure of eighty-eight and a half pounds to the square inch over and above the fifteen pounds always sustained when in the air.

Divers must descend very slowly, swallowing as they go; otherwise they may bleed at the nose and ears and even lose consciousness. And they must ascend even more slowly than they descend, particularly when coming from great depths; otherwise they may literally burst from internal air pressure. At the least, too sudden a rise may cause an attack of that terrible disease known to tunnel workers called caisson disease, or the bends, in which air gets into the tissues under pressure and causes the most extreme torture.

The diver, getting ready to descend, clothes himself in very heavy undergarments of guernsey or flannel, the drawers well secured to prevent slipping, and adds a pair of heavy woolen socks.

If the water be cold two such suits may be worn. If the depth to be negotiated is great cotton soaked with oil is put in the ears or a heavy woolen cap pulled down over them. Shoulder pads, if worn to take the weight of the helmet, are next tied on after

FROM A BAKERY OF LONDON TO THE WINDY.
to all kinds of good things baked at this bakery, is a maze of bewitchery.

BREAD, CAKE, PIES. COFFEE ROLLS,

and a hundred and one other things that this bakery invents, and turns out, each and all are appetizing, and healthful.

IT'S HERE YOU GET BEST BAKED STUFF MADE.

W. M. CAMBRIDGE,

Next door Robinson Co.

'Phone 96.

Napanee.



Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land Regulations.

ANY person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of the intending homesteader.

Duties—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 81 acres solely owned and occupied by him or his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section along side his homestead. Price, \$300 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres extra. A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$300 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$300.00.

W. W. CORY,

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for. 2-6m

The Belleville Business College

has thousands of graduates throughout Canada and the United States. It has employed four teachers for the largest American Business Colleges and two are teachers in Canadian Colleges. Every member of the Spring Class obtained good positions. Over one hundred graduates have good positions in the City of Belleville. Write for our new Catalogue with photographs of spring classes.

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F. E. O'FLYNN, B.A., Managing Director

Wasn't a Bit Impressed.

The chief of the clan of McIntosh once had a dispute with a London cabby over the fare.

"Do you know who I am?" the highlander asked angrily. "I am the McIntosh."

"I don't care if you are an umbrella," retorted the cabby, "I'll have my rights!"

In For It!

First Small Boy—We'd better be good. Second Small Boy—Why? First Small Boy—I heard doctor tell mother to take plenty of exercise.—Woman's Home Companion.

Electric Light Globes.

Electric light globes may be cheaply frosted or colored by dipping in a thin solution of white shellac and alcohol, to which may be added any desired dye.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

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REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE,

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MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE

COMPANY, of New York.

Assets \$540,000,000.

THE FIDELITY AND CASUALTY

COMPANY, of New York.

Insures against ANY ACCIDENT or ANY SICKNESS.

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CALL OR WRITE.

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Tanks, and all
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ing Mill Goods

Cordwood and Blocks for sale.

Telephone 53.

Dominions, dazzled by the full glare of publicity in which they now find themselves, and carried off their feet by the wave of unreasoning loyalty, to bind themselves and the people whom they represent to many things which calm reflection would show to be helpful to no one, and hammering to a degree in the practical business of governing the Empire.

Regina Leader.

The people themselves will have to decide between the Laurier Government's definite offer of reciprocity and indefinite stand on Government operation of the Hudson's Bay Railway, and Mr. Borden's absolute refusal of reciprocity and definite stand for Government operation. The parties stand thus: Liberals—For 1, in doubt 1: Conservatives—For 1, against 1. And who is there will not say that the advantages of reciprocity which Laurier grants and Borden absolutely refuses, are not many times greater than the likely benefits of Government operation of the Hudson's Bay Railway, in regard to which Laurier has as yet declined to commit himself, but which Borden favors?

Brockville Recorder.

Hon. Mr. Lemieux, Canada's Postmaster-General, is one of the most eloquent orators in Canada. For a few days he has been engaged speaking in several places in Quebec Province, and has given very illuminating reasons for the venom shown by one Henri Bourassa. He has challenged Mr. Bourassa to contest any Quebec constituency with him, and in doing so has exposed the hypocrisy of his opponent. He has shown that Mr. Bourassa is a disappointed office-seeker hence his antipathy to Sir Wilfrid Laurier. The Nationalist leader first asked for a place in the Cabinet, for which he was not qualified; next he set covetous eyes on the Deputy Speakership, and not coralling it, he turned his attention to the office of Postmaster of Montreal. He failed in all his requests, and after a threat took up his present position. The people will appraise him at his true worth.

NEVER FORGET THIS.

When packing for the country cottage, don't forget your box of Zam-Buk and your Zam-Buk Soap!

Blisters, sunburn, scratches, insect stings, etc., if not immediately attended to, are likely to spoil your pleasure. Zam-Buk is antiseptic; kills all poison in wounds, whether from barbed wire fence, or insect sting. Soothes aching feet and blistered hands; heals baby's chafed places; cools those sunburn patches, and prevents freckles. No mother should be without it. Purely herbal in its composition, Zam-Buk is superior to the ordinary ointments containing animal oils and fats, and mineral coloring matter. All druggists and stores 50c. box. Use also Zam-Buk Soap. Best for Baby's bath and for tender skin. 25c. tablet.

Spiteful.

"I wonder why Mabel looks in the glass so often."

"Maybe she has a grudge against herself."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Manners must adorn knowledge and smooth its way through the world.—Chesterfield.

The Whole Show.

"What constitutes a first class society drama?"

"Three acts, six gowns and nine epigrams."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

If the water be cold two such suits may be worn. If the depth to be negotiated is great cotton soaked with oil is put in the ears or a heavy woolen cap pulled down over them. Shoulder pads, if worn to take the weight off the helmet, are next tied on, after which the diver wriggles into his heavy suit of rubber and canvas. Next come the inner collar and the breast-plate, which are secured with clamps to the rubber dress, the utmost care being taken in this operation not to tear or pinch the rubber. Finally the shoes are fitted on and the rubber gloves clamped to rings in the sleeves.

The helmet is the last to go on, and never before the valves and telephone have been tested. The attendants start to pump as the helmet is clamped home. The helmet is attached to the pump with a rubber tube, which is canvas and wire protected. No diver descends, after the helmet is put on, until he has tested the outfit and found that his air supply is sufficient and the pump working properly.

He is supplied with a life line, with which he can signal should his telephone get out of order and by which he may be drawn to the surface should he become helpless for any reason. He must take great care when walking about on the bottom not to foul his life line or his air tube and for this reason must always retrace his steps exactly to his starting point if he has gone into a wreck or about any obstructions. For the same reason two divers working together must be careful not to cross each other's path.

Sometimes the life line may become so entangled in wreckage that it must be cut, and then there is danger of the diver not finding his way back to his boat or float, especially if the bottom is muddy and fouls the "seeling." But the greatest danger of all, of course, is that the tube be cut or the diver faint. In either case he is in desperate straits. If the man handling the life line "feels" anything wrong he will haul the diver up willy nilly and regardless of the severe bleeding at nose and ears which will result from too rapid a rise to the surface. But if the diver be inside a wreck or if his life line gets tangled in wreckage such hauling would do no good. It is in situations like these that the slender connecting link of telephone wire means so much to the men who risk their lives far beneath the surface of the water.—Scientific American.

What He Did on the Outside.

Bob, the man of all work in an up-town laundry, was shuffling through the office yesterday when the manager, wondering how Bob managed to live on \$3 a week, said:

"Bob, what do you do on the outside to earn a living?"

"I se de manager ob a laund'y, sah, an' I makes a right comfort'ble livin', sah."

The manager looked surprised. "What's the name of your laundry, Bob?" he asked.

"Hannah Maria Johnson, sah."

The Opal.

The superstition against the opal began through the stonecutters, each of whom would anxiously ask every other if he had had any luck in his cutting, for the opal contains 13 per cent. water and is exceedingly brittle and therefore difficult to cut successfully.

Goes to Market at 101.

Mrs. Ann Speed, of Heighington, near Lincoln, Eng., has just celebrated her 101st birthday. She travels by train to Lincoln market every week, where she disposes of a basket of eggs.

The Old Maid.

Bacon—That woman is forever picking at the men.

Egbert—That's the reason no man has ever picked her, I suppose.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

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Pumpkin Seed -
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A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

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How It Got There.

A gamekeeper was going over his master's estate one morning, when he encountered a gentleman of the poaching class. The gamekeeper noticed that the other's hat was bulging in a curious manner. After subjecting the hat to an examination he found a fine young pheasant.

"How did this get here?" the gamekeeper asked, glaring at the culprit.

"Blowed if I know," growled the poacher, gazing at the pheasant with an apparent look of great perplexity.

"The blooming thing must have crawled up my trousers leg."—London Tit-Bits.

Love Letter of a Kaffir.

Here is a Kaffir love letter:

Dear Miss B. Naabeni—I have great confidence in thundering the width of my opinion that I shall thank for kindness if you will give me the privilege of lettering with you concerning love as your most winning face has drawn my serious attention to you, and that I shall appreciate you in anticipation of an early reply and also terminating this with supreme of high exaltation. **SAMBO.**

The Worm Turned.

Her Dad—No, sir; I won't have my daughter tied for life to a stupid fool. Her Suitor—Then don't you think you had better let me take her off your hands?—Boston Transcript.

The Ruling Passion.

Reporter (at front door)—There is a rumor that Mr. Greatman has just died. Is this true? Butler—Yes, but he has nothing to say for publication. —Life.

Bonehead.

"John, did you take the note to Mr. Jones?"

"Yes, but I don't think he can read it."

"Why so, John?"

"Because he is blind, sir. While I wur in the room he axed me twice where my hat wur, and it wur on my head all the time."

Poker Was Once "Scharwenkel."

German card that poker is an old German game which for more than a hundred years has been played and is still being played in some districts of Westphalia. Emigrants took it to the United States, and there its name of "scharwenkel" became "poker."

Two Music Makers.

"We've got a baby grand in our house," said a little chap.

"We can go one better," responded his little chum. "We've got a grand baby in ours!"

Partly Agreed.

Mrs. Naglegh—I suppose you are satisfied now that you made a mistake when you married me?

Naglegh—I made a mistake, all right, but I'm not satisfied.

Trade **Asaya-Neurall** Mark

THE NEW REMEDY FOR

Nervous Exhaustion

Whipping an exhausted nerve system with alcoholic stimulants only shortens the road to physical collapse. The only remedy is Food, Rest and nerve repair. "ASAYA-NEURALL" is and makes possible this cure. It feeds the nerves, induces sleep, improves the appetite and digestion; and soon full nerve vigor is regained. \$1.50 per bottle. Obtain from the local agent.

It is Not in The Blood.

Medicine Taken Internally Cannot Cure Eczema. It is Caused by Germs.

Eczema cannot be overcome by ordinary treatment and the old fashioned way of dosing the system with drugs. Eczema is caused by a parasitic germ that bores into the skin. It is generally a contagious disease. Until the parasite is completely destroyed and removed, eczema cannot be cured. Fully one-third of skin diseases are in the form of eczema.

We so thoroughly believe that Rexall Eczema Ointment will overcome eczema and all skin ailments, that we unhesitatingly promise to promptly return the money paid us for it should it in any way be unsatisfactory to the user.

Because of its remarkable cleansing antiseptic, germicidal, soothing and healing influence, Rexall Eczema Ointment has a very pronounced value in the treatment of skin diseases, especially where the form of ailment is of the chronic, aggravating sort. We highly recommend it for the dry scaly form or the weeping type, where there is a constant flow of ill-smelling excretion.

Rexall Eczema Ointment is very prompt in relieving pimples, blotches, skin discolorations, ringworm, acne, nettle rash, tetter, hives, ulcers, insect bites, and for healing sores and wounds. It is a pleasant smelling, grayish-white ointment, and is very

DYNAMITE.

It Raised Ruotions Before Nobel Learned to Control It.

Dynamite is a Greek word for powder. Its chemical name is nitroglycerin. It was discovered in a laboratory in Paris by A. Sobrero in 1847. Sobrero escaped death a hundred times by the closest margin and was never able to learn how to handle the explosive with any safety.

About 1855 Alfred Nobel, a Swedish engineer, learned how to explode the liquid by detonation. Nobel Bros. of Hamburg that year sent a young man to America to introduce its use to miners. He met with no success, and a tin can of the liquid left by him in a New York hotel when thrown into the street wrecked the hotel, injuring many and causing the neighborhood to rain glass.

It was known commercially at this stage as "glonion" and blew up by accident a West Indies packet at Colon, killing fifty people and destroying property worth a million dollars. Then its use was prohibited by law. It will burn at certain temperatures if the quantity is small. When exploded it instantly expands 10,000 times; the gases require 10,000 times the space of the liquid.

At last Nobel learned to soothe and quiet the liquid by causing it to be absorbed in infusorial earth. It was this preparation that in 1866 was called dynamite by Nobel. When it explodes

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DR. C. H. WARTMAN
DENTIST.
It will be impossible for me to continue the out of town visits, but if our friends at Yarker and Napanee would do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanee, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed class.

Wanted Now.
For Napanee and surrounding district for fall and winter months, an energetic agent to take orders for nursery stock

Good Pay Weekly.
Outfit Free.
Exclusive Territory
600 ACRES under cultivation. We guarantee to deliver stock in good condition and up to contract grade. We can show that there is good money in representing a well-known reliable firm at this time. Established over 30 years; write for particulars.
PELHAM NURSERY CO.
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Electric Restorer for Men
Phosphonal restores every nerve in the body to its proper tension; restores vim and vitality. Premature decay and all sexual weakness averted at once. **Phosphonal** will make you a new man. Price \$3 a box, or two for \$5. Mailed to any address. **The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.**
Or at Hooper's Drug Store.

D. R. BENSON
Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, has opened an office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences. Residence: West Street, near Madden's grocery.

SUMMER
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skin dis-colorations, ringworm, acne, nettle rash, tetter, hives, ulcers, insect bites, and for healing sores and wounds. It is a pleasant smelling, grayish-white ointment, and is very cleanly for use. Two sizes, 50c. and \$1.00. Sold only at our store—The Rexall Store. T. B. Wallace.

UNWRITTEN BOOKS.

Stories Planned and Promised That Never Saw the Light.

The Bookman republishes a paper by Professor Brander Matthews entitled "Unwritten Books" that was first printed many years ago. Professor Matthews speaks of the projected books and plays that never saw the light and have been read, like bills in congress, by title only.

Moliere planned a comedy under the title "L'Homme de Cour," which was to be his masterpiece. Nothing is known of it today. Richard Brinsley Sheridan intended to write a follower to "The School for Scandal" and "The Rivals." The subject was "Affectation." It never went beyond a few random notes.

For years the paper covers of every new book that Victor Hugo issued continued to announce as soon to be published a romance entitled "La Quenouille." Many posthumous volumes of the French poet's writing in prose and verse have been sent forth by his literary executors, but of this oddly entitled fiction nothing has been heard. In 1802 Alphonse Daudet announced as in press a volume of short stories to be called "La Pentameron." The book remained unpublished and apparently unwritten. The younger Dumas has left on record more than one reference to a comedy to be called "La Route de Thebes," planned before "Francillon," but never given to the public.

Roasting an Egg.

Every boy and girl down on the farm in times gone by used to roast eggs, pieces of meat and potatoes in embers in the old wood cook stove or in the big open fireplace. Barns were searched for hens' nests, and the fine, fresh eggs were wrapped in heavy paper. The paper was dampened, and several thicknesses of it protected the eggs from scorching. You know, wet paper in a ball is hard to burn. Well, the wrapped up eggs were put on the live coals and partially covered by them. In from five to fifteen minutes the egg was roasted hot and ready to eat with salt, pepper and butter. A pin hole was made in the big end of the egg so as to let the steam escape to keep it from bursting the shell and the meats from running out. If you have never as a small boy roasted such eggs you have missed one of childhood's greatest joys.—New York Press.

A Wonderful Painting.

In the Wertz gallery in Brussels is a wonderful painting, dating from the time of Waterloo, called "Napoleon in Hell." It represents the great marshal with folded arms and face unmoved descending slowly to the land of the shades. Before him, filling all the background of the picture with every expression of countenance, are the men sent before him by the unbridled ambition of Napoleon. Three millions and seventy thousand there were in all—so history tells us—more than half of them Frenchmen. They are not all shown in the picture. They are only hinted at. And behind the millions shown or hinted at are the millions on millions of men who might have been and are not—the huge widening wedge of the possible descendants of the men who fell in battle.

At last Nobel learned to soothe and quiet the liquid by causing it to be absorbed in infusorial earth. It was this preparation that in 1906 was called dynamite by Nobel. When it explodes the force plunges first downward and then rebounds upward. Unless contained it has little tendency to lateral pressure. This is one of its great peculiarities.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

"CROSSING THE BAR."

"It Came In a Moment," Said Tennyson of His Great Song.

Parallel to the thoughts on immortality and the hereafter as Dr. Lowry expressed them is Lord Alfred Tennyson's noble death song, "Crossing the Bar." One of the three greatest death songs ever written, it comes to us as a sublime prayer, a humble petition, a sacred belief of a great man.

It was while crossing the Solent with his son Hallam late one October's afternoon that the words came to the mind of the poet, who had just recovered from a siege of sickness. Reaching his home, he at once sat down and penned the lines. Showing the poem to his son, he declared, "It came in a moment." Three years after the birth of the lines Sir Alfred passed away, but the prayer he uttered on that memorable afternoon remains a fitting memorial not only to the English poet laureate, but to the memory of those who have gone before us and who helped to lay the foundation of our liberal faith and liberal education. In it are blended the unfaltering trust and belief of all humanity.

The last lone man on this terrestrial sphere will utter no grander words when he sets sail to seas unknown than those dropped as faith's anchor by the silent man of the yester age:

I hope to see my Pilot face to face
When I have crossed the bar.

—"Songs Inspired by Sorrow," George Leon Varney, in National Magazine.

FOOTBALL IS DANGEROUS.

If You Don't Think So Try to Start a Game in Turkey.

It is, or was until recently, a difficult matter to be a sportsman in Turkey. One Rechad Bey tried it, with a result weird enough to serve as a basis for a detective story or a comic opera.

The young Turk had organized a football team among his friends, together with some Greeks and Armenians, and began practicing. Not very long after, in the middle of the night, police came to his house and carried him off to Scutari. There he was submitted to a long interrogation as to the club and the game of football.

The authorities were convinced that they had found a great plot and that the club must be a secret society. A special messenger was sent for the ball, and that was duly examined and found to be an infernal machine. The rules of the game were considered to be another piece of damning evidence, and still worse were the sweaters and colors of the club.

After long deliberation the culprit was sent to the higher police authorities in Stamboul, who went through a second long examination and came to the conclusion that the empire had been saved from disintegration by the early discovery of a great plot. They dispatched the whole matter to be inquired into at the sultan's palace at Yildiz, and a special commission took the matter in hand.

After much careful thought and examination of the evidence of the crime it was decided that there might not be nothing in it, but that it must not be committed again.—Harper's Weekly.

the appetite and digestion; and soon full nerve vigor is regained. \$1.50 per bottle. Obtain from the local agent.

E. E. JESSOP.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

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Second class tickets from Ontario stations to principal Northwest points at

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ONLY DIRECT LINE NO CHANGE OF CARS

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Students may enter any day. Open entire year. Now is a good time to enter. Largest trainers in Canada. Graduates get best positions. Thousands studying at home. Exclusive right to the "Famous Bliss Book-Keeping System" for Ontario. "Actual Business from Start to Finish."

Write for particulars.

Peterboro Business College

GEO. SPOTTON, President
21-17

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowl Laxative.

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

Eastern Standard Time. No. 31 Taking effect Dec 1st, 1906.

Bannockburn and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.

Stations	Miles	No. 12	No. 40	No. 6
Lve Bannockburn	0	—	—	1 40
Allans	5	—	—	1 50
Queensboro	14	—	—	2 05
Bridgewater	14	—	—	2 25
Art Tweed	20	—	—	2 45
Lve Tweed	20	6 10	—	—
Stoco	23	7 00	—	3 15
Larkin	27	7 15	—	3 30
Marlbank	33	7 35	—	3 45
Erinville	37	7 50	—	3 55
Tamworth	40	8 05	—	4 10
Wilson	44	—	—	4 35
Enterprise	46	8 25	9 30	4 35
Mudlake Bridge	48	—	—	—
Moscow	51	8 37	2 42	4 47
Galbraith	53	—	—	—
Yarker	58	8 48	3 00	5 00
Lve Yarker	58	—	—	—
Camden East	59	—	3 02	5 05
Thomson's Mills	60	—	3 15	5 38
Newburgh	61	—	3 25	5 48
Strathcona	63	—	3 35	5 58
Stoco	64	—	3 45	6 15
Lve Napanee	69	—	—	6 35
Art Deseronto	78	—	—	6 55

Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 41	No. 3	No. 5
Lve Deseronto	—	—	—	—	—
Art Napanee	9	7 30	—	—	—
Lve Napanee	9	7 40	19 07	4 25	—
Strathcona	16	8 05	12 15	4 40	—
Newburgh	17	8 15	12 25	4 50	—
Thomson's Mills	18	—	—	—	—
Camden East	19	8 30	12 35	5 00	—
Art Yarker	23	8 45	12 50	5 13	—
Lve Yarker	23	9 00	12 55	5 25	—
Galbraith	25	—	—	—	—
Moscow	27	9 20	1 07	5 48	—
Mudlake Bridge	30	—	—	—	—
Enterprise	32	9 35	1 20	6 03	—
Wilson	34	—	—	—	—
Tamworth	38	10 00	1 40	6 20	—
Erinville	41	10 10	—	6 30	—
Marlbank	45	10 25	—	6 45	—
Stoco	51	10 45	—	7 05	—
Lve Tweed	58	11 15	—	7 20	—
Art Tweed	58	—	—	—	7 35
Bridgewater	61	11 30	—	—	—
Queensboro	70	12 05	—	—	—
Allans	73	12 20	—	—	—
Art Bannockburn	78	12 40	—	—	—

Kingston and Sydenham to Napanee and Deseronto.

Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 4	No. 5
Lve Kingston	0	—	—	4 00
O. T. R. Junction	8	—	—	4 10
Glenvale	10	—	—	4 20
Murvale	14	—	—	4 39
Art Sydenham	19	—	—	4 56
Lve Sydenham	19	8 10	—	—
Harrowsmith	19	8 23	—	—
Frontenac	22	—	—	5 20
Art Yarker	26	8 45	9 00	5 20
Lve Yarker	26	9 10	9 02	5 25
Camden East	30	9 24	9 15	5 38
Thomson's Mills	31	—	—	—
Newburgh	32	9 33	9 25	5 48
Strathcona	34	9 43	9 35	5 58
Art Napanee	40	—	—	6 15
Lve Napanee, West End	40	—	—	6 35
Art Deseronto	49	—	—	6 55

Deseronto and Napanee to Sydenham and Kingston.

Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5
Lve Deseronto	—	—	—	—
Art Napanee	9	7 30	—	—
Lve Napanee	9	7 40	12 00	4 25
Strathcona	16	8 05	12 15	4 40
Newburgh	17	8 15	12 25	4 50
Thomson's Mills	18	—	—	—
Camden East	19	8 30	12 35	5 00
Art Yarker	23	8 45	12 50	5 13
Lve Yarker	23	9 00	12 55	5 25
Art Harrowsmith	26	—	—	—
Lve Harrowsmith	26	9 10	—	5 46
Frontenac	29	—	—	—
Art Sydenham	30	9 10	—	—
Lve Sydenham	30	—	—	—
Murvale	35	—	—	—
Glenvale	39	—	—	—
O. T. R. Junction	47	9 50	—	—
Art Kingston	49	10 00	—	—

LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE.

NAPANEE to DESERONTO and PICTON.				PICTON to DESERONTO and NAPANEE.			
TRAINS		STEAMERS		STEAMERS		TRAINS	
Leave Napanee	Arrive Deseronto	Leave Deseronto	Arrive Picton	Leave Picton	Arrive Deseronto	Leave Deseronto	Arrive Napanee
7 15 a.m.	2 35 a.m.			8 00 a.m.	7 25 a.m.	9 30 a.m.	10 10 a.m.
7 40	8 10	7 00 a.m.	8 30 a.m.	9 50 a.m.	11 20 a.m.	11 20 a.m.	11 40 a.m.
10 30	10 50					12 20 p.m.	12 40 p.m.
11 50 a.m.	12 10 p.m.	1 40 p.m.	3 00 p.m.			3 45 p.m.	4 05 p.m.
1 25 p.m.	1 45					6 10	6 28
4 30	4 50	5 30 p.m.	7 00 p.m.			7 40	8 08
6 50	7 10			4 p.m.	5 p.m.	12 40 a.m.	1 03 a.m.
8 15	8 35	7 00 a.m.	8 30 a.m.				

Daily. All other runs run daily Sundays excepted.

WALTER RATHRUM
President.

H. B. SHERWOOD
Superintendent.

MILES MCKEOWN,
Dispatcher.

AFTER DOCTORS FAILED

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cured Her.

Midgie Station, N. B.—One can hardly believe this as it is not natural, but it was my case. For ten months I suffered from suppression. I had



different doctors, tried different medicines, but none helped me. My friends told me I would go into a decline. One day a lady friend told me what your medicine had done for her, so I wrote you for advice and received your reply with pleasure.

I started taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and at the second bottle showed improvement. Now I am regular and never was so well in my life, thanks to Mrs. Pinkham's medicine.

Please publish my letter for the benefit of others.—MRS. JOSIAH W. HICKS, Midgie Station, N. B.

Indian Head, Sask.—Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is indeed a boon to women who suffer from female ills. My health is better now than it has been in my five years of married life and I thank you for the good your advice and medicine have done me. I had spent hundreds of dollars on doctors without receiving any benefit.—MRS. FRANK COOPER, Box 448, Indian Head, Saskatchewan.

The most successful remedy in this country for the cure of all forms of female complaints is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

The Just Judge.

Two women came before a certain magistrate with a fat pullet, each declaring that it belonged to herself. The magistrate from his high seat frowned heavily. "Does this pullet belong to Mrs. Jones?" he asked Mrs. Smith. "No, indeed, it don't sir," she replied. Then he turned to Mrs. Jones. "Does this pullet belong to Mrs. Smith?" "It certainly does not," she replied. "The pullet," the magistrate then decreed, "does not belong to Mrs. Jones, nor does it belong to Mrs. Smith. The pullet is mine. Take it round to the house and give it to my cook."

Using Up Sandwiches.

After a party there are sometimes many sandwiches left over which may be used up in this manner. Dip each sandwich into a rather thick batter and fry it till they are golden brown, in fat from which a blue smoke is rising. They should be served piled up on a lace paper and garnished with parsley, and in such a form will make a delicious breakfast or luncheon dish.

WOOD PULP PAPER.

Forced into Use by the Scarcity of Rag Stock.

In the early days of printing it was hardly possible to employ anything but first class paper in making books, for the reason that wood fiber and wood pulp paper had not then come into use. At that time good cotton and linen rags were turned into fine, firm, pure white paper, well able to withstand indefinitely the yellowing and disintegrating effects of time.

As the increase in the demand for printing paper grew apace it was soon found that there were not enough rags to go round. Thus wool pulp came into use.

All vegetable fiber is suitable for paper making, whether it be obtained from rags, wood, esparto grass, straw or other substances. When these fibers are torn apart they are clogged with gum, a substance that must be thoroughly dissolved and washed away by chemicals if the best results are to be obtained.

Wood pulp paper is made of finely ground wood, usually spruce, the grinding being done with a beating engine, run at high speed, and huge stones between which the wood is reduced to a kind of pulp. That done, it is made up into paper without any preliminary removal of the gum or other deleterious ingredients.—Harper's Weekly.

ELECTRIC FOGHORNS.

Which May Be Blown Without Effort by Pressing a Push Button.

The time honored foghorn and still the one in most common use on myriads of smaller boats is of the sort that you raise to your lips and blow. Tolerably hard work blowing a foghorn.

Bigger foghorns for larger boats are set in a box, the box containing a bellows by which the horn is blown. Attached to the bellows is an outside lever by means of which the bellows is operated by hand. A lot of noise this foghorn makes, to be heard for a considerable distance.

There are now made, used on many tower boats and yachts, electric foghorns the operating of which calls for the exercise of neither lung nor hand power. In these horns there is attached, inclosed at the smaller end, a metallic diaphragm to which is connected an electric coil which when electricity is turned into it vibrates the diaphragm and sounds the horn. Electricity is supplied from a storage battery or from current generated on the boat if it is electrically equipped. To blow an electric foghorn you simply press a button.—New York Sun.

The Feast of Nature.

The Feast of Nature was a grand French revolutionary holiday, held Aug. 10, 1793. A plaster image of Nature was erected in the Place de la Bastille, and the chief members of the convention, public committees and public functionaries knelt in adoration, after which came firing of salutes, dancing and general rejoicings. The holiday celebrated the finished constitution of the republic.

A DOUBLE CURE FOR DOUBLE TROUBLE

Father Morrissey's No. 26 Cures Catarrh by a Combined Treatment.

The sudden weather variations in our climate result in a great many cases of catarrh—a troublesome disease usually considered hard to cure, and one which often leads to serious pulmonary and intestinal troubles.

A neglected cold in the head weakens the nasal membranes, so that at every future exposure the trouble returns. At length these conditions are fastened onto the system, and the sufferer undergoes the annoyance and danger of chronic catarrh.

Some doctors confine themselves to prescribing external applications, and thus do not reach the seat of the trouble. Others give internal treatment exclusively, and thus do not promptly relieve the affected parts.

Father Morrissey, the skilled priest-physician, rightly regarded catarrh as a double trouble, consisting of unpleasant local effects and their fundamental causes, the latter having to do with impaired general vitality.

His famous remedy, No. 26, is a combined cure for catarrh. It consists of tablets to be taken three times a day, and an especially compounded salve.

The salve is antiseptic, and quickly heals the inflamed membranes of the nasal passages. The tablets go to the seat of the trouble and restore the system to its usual tone. Together, they cure.

Instead of neglecting a disease that is unpleasant to yourself and to others, and one which often leads to pneumonia and consumption, it is surely the part of wisdom to take timely steps to do away with the effects and at the same time remove the cause. No. 26 does just that.

50c. for the combined treatment. At your druggist's, or from Father Morrissey Medicine Co., Ltd., Montreal, Que.

100

CARRIER PIGEONS.

Homing Birds Whose Messenger Service Has Proved of Great Value.

For centuries good and bad news, prayers for help, secrets of state and tidings of war's victories and defeats have been sent under pigeons' wings. Egyptian records show that they were used in the land of the Pharaohs 13 centuries before Christ. Ovid tells that they carried the news of the Olympian games to the distant friends and relatives of the victors.

First-class carrier pigeons are very expensive, some breeding birds costing as much as \$300, and they can attain the remarkable speed of nearly 1,500 yards a minute.

During the Franco-German war pigeons proved their utility as Government letter carriers. When Paris was invested by the enemy and all the ordinary channels of communication with the outside world were cut off the attention of the authorities was directed to the fact that the carrier pigeons in the city could be brought in service. At first the suggestion was ridiculed, but the practicability of the plan was soon demonstrated and in a very short time birds were conveying news into and out of the besieged city almost hourly.

During the South African war, when Sir George White was beleaguered at Ladysmith, a few pigeons belonging to English fanciers which had been taken into the town before the siege proved of inestimable value to the gallant commander in conveying messages to the base at Durban.

The organization of pigeon posts for military purposes in Germany is of an extremely practical character. In addition to the various Government posts in the fortresses and at important strategic points most of the bombing clubs place their birds in case of need at the disposition of the state, and in return for this the same pro-

The Riddle of a Wedding.

The Story of a Series of Mystifying Events That Are Brought to a Happy Solution.

By HOWARD FIELDING.

Copyright, 1907, by C. W. Hooke.

IN order to appreciate the strange and harrowing riddle which Mr. John Bergen was compelled to guess one must know some simple facts about the gentleman himself. He was a lawyer of Dayton, O., and in a good way of practice, with a considerable income besides; a bachelor, in his thirtieth year.

He had come to New York on a case, and it dragged obstinately, but as every day was a hundred dollars in his pocket and the office at home was running along nicely in charge of a salaried assistant, commonly supposed to be a partner, he felt fairly well content, although he was not fond of New York as a place of residence.

His abiding place was a small hotel, relatively quiet in the metropolitan pandemonium, but insufferably dull. Bergen was bored to extinction by the life he led there, and then it changed, and all the world was bright.

For there came a girl with the most alluring brown eyes and lips that moved with magic when she spoke, so that to watch them was to behold the beauty of an angel's voice transmuted into something visible. The girl was Mildred Stoyvesant of Columbus, O., and she was chaperoned by a plump and silly aunt, a Mrs. Haven, also of Columbus. But beyond the meager fact of their residence they disclosed very little else to Bergen, who by superhuman tact had succeeded in making their acquaintance. Every minute



"I am here upon unpleasant business," plunged him deeper into the perilous mysteries of love, yet outwardly he progressed not one inch toward the goal of the lady's favor.

Matters were in this state when one evening as Bergen was about to enter the dining room he was accosted by the manager of the hotel, who told him

When the Sun Shines
Hot

Regal

Spell it
backwards

Does
Taste Good!

The Bitter of the Hops and the cool, refreshing stimulation of Regal Lager puts New Life into the Weather-Jaded and guards against heat depression.

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Hamilton Brewing Association Limited,
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M. W. PRUYN & SON,
Regal Agents in Napanee.

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A Representative will
call for your Orders and
Instructions.

addition to the various Government
lofts in the fortresses and at impor-
tant strategic points most of the bom-
bing clubs place their birds in case of
need at the disposition of the state,
and in return for this the same pro-
tection is afforded to their pigeons as
to those which are the property of
the Government. They bear an of-
ficial mark and it is a criminal of-
fense to trap or shoot them or to de-
tain them should they stray into a
private loft.

A Manchester firm of millowners is
reported to be possessed of a pigeon
which has been employed as a mes-
senger from one mill to another for
over 10 years. During that period it
has made over 2,000 journeys and
traveled over 29,000 miles. It is cal-
culated that to have sent the mes-
sages by wire would have cost \$1,500.

Homing pigeons are not only en-
dowed with marvelous speed, but
with great endurance. A few years
ago a bird belonging to the late King
Edward, who was a great pigeon en-
thusiast, as is King George, won the
national race from Lerwick, covering
510 miles at a velocity of 1,307 yards
a minute.

Von Weber's Last Portrait.

A strange memorial of a famous man
was among the possessions of George
Augustus Sala. He tells of it in "My
Life and Adventures":

My mother prior to her widowhood
had known Von Weber during his visit
to London in 1826. He was a frequent
visitor to our house in New street,
and I have a water color drawing of
the illustrious German composer in a
gray dressing gown sitting in a large
pink and white striped covered fau-
teuil, his head sunk on his breast
and looking desperately ill. Beneath
is the inscription, "Alas, poor Karl
Maria!" The great musician died, in-
deed, in London of consumption on
the 5th of June in the year named.

His Summer Voice.

In an English opera company, form-
ed for the summer months, it was
found that the tenors were too light
for the rest of the chorus. The man-
ager protested that there were voices
enough, and the leading tenor was
questioned why he did not sing with
more force. His answer to the re-
monstrances of the manager was, "I
am paid summer wages, and I refuse
to sing in anything but my summer
voice." The engagement of the tenor
and his summer voice came to a
speedy termination.

Overheard at the Party.

"Don't say anything to make Mrs.
Leeder laugh. Her enamel's crack-
ing."

"The man who just came in? He's
Mrs. Muldrum's second husband. I've
forgotten his name."

"You never know whom you're go-
ing to bump against when you come to
a place like this."

"Watch out—here she comes. Yes,
indeed, Mrs. Gwamp, we're enjoying
ourselves greatly."

Often a Long Time.

Nellie was out riding one day with
her grandmother in the country. As
they passed a village cemetery she
looked up at the old lady and asked,
"Grandma, how long is it after they
plant people before their tombstones
come up?"

Blissful Ignorance.

"Were you nervous when you pro-
posed to your wife?" asked the senti-
mental person.

"No," replied Mr. Meekton, "but
if I could have foreseen the next ten
years I would have been."

Unusual.

"They're very unusual people,"
said the musician.

"Is that so?"

"Yes; they invited me to dinner,
and then they didn't ask me to spend
the evening playing for them."

progressed not one inch toward the
goal of the lady's favor.

Matters were in this state when one
evening as Bergen was about to enter
the dining room he was accosted by
the manager of the hotel, who told him
that there was a gentleman who
wished to meet him.

"He comes from Columbus," said the
manager, "and, happening to hear that
you were from Dayton"—

"All right," said Bergen. "Where is
he?"

The magic word Columbus had de-
stroyed his natural disinclination to
meet strangers—not that he had any
notion of gaining information from this
person, but simply that he was strong-
ly prejudiced in favor of anybody hail-
ing from that city. Presently, there-
fore, he was introduced to a careworn
man of forty clothed all in black,
though not in the customary raiment
for informal dining. His name was
Marsh.

"I know you, Mr. Bergen," said he
sadly. "You're a lawyer—that's what
you are, and a good one. And I may
need your advice before this evening's
over—an Ohio man, too, and that's
what I'm likely to want."

"At your service, Mr. Marsh," re-
sponded Bergen, entertained by a cer-
tain quality of mystery in this man.
"Shall we go in to dinner together?"

Marsh's face brightened as when
some random gleam in a dull day
shines on a neglected tomb.

"Why, that would suit me to death,"
said he.

There was no further reference to
the trouble which he might wish to
lay before an Ohio lawyer. When they
were seated he began to speak of the
guests scattered about the room, and
his somber comments were delightful
for simplicity and wit.

"I like to size people up," he said.
"Now, for instance, there's a couple
just coming in—what I'd call an in-
teresting pair on a first glance. Let's
sort 'em out and see what we
can make out."

"I have met the lady," said Bergen.
"But not the man?"

Bergen shook his head, his lips so
tightly compressed that he could not
open them to speak.

"Is he her husband, do you think?"
queried Marsh.

"Her husband?" echoed Bergen,
aghast. "Why, no. She is Miss Stuy-
vesant of Columbus."

"I thought they looked married," said
Marsh in his saddest tone.

"I know what you've done," said
Marsh. "But if you're married to
Stuyvesant's daughter your grandfa-
ther's going to let up on you. You've
got to prove that marriage, and you've
got to do it now or I'll take you in.
Here's Mr. Bergen; a well known New
York lawyer, who will see that all's
legal and right."

Probably Marsh called Bergeh a
New York lawyer merely for the value
of the phrase. It seemed hardly worth
while to correct the error, especially
as Caldwell honored the distinguished
counsel with a bow.

"Gentlemen," said Caldwell, "it is
my wife's wish that our marriage
should be secret for a time, but I will
accept your solemn assurances and dis-
close the facts in confidence. My wife
and I were married three weeks ago
in Dayton. She preferred to take an
assumed name because of her father's
opposition. I happen to have the cer-
tificate in my trunk."

Dr. de Van's Female Pills

A reliable French regulator; never fails. These
pills are exceedingly powerful in regulating the
generative portion of the female system. Refuse
all cheap imitations. Dr. de Van's are sold at
\$5 a box, or three for \$10. Mailed to any address.
The Scofield Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.
Or at Hooper's Drug Store.

And he produced a document which asserted that James Caldwell and Elizabeth Miller had been united in wedlock by the Rev. Hugh McKnight. The clergyman was known to Bergen. He recognized the signature as genuine, and his heart died in his bosom. Marsh read his glance and began immediately to move toward the door. Bergen followed.

When it was over, the lawyer had no desire for the society of the mournful Marsh, from whom he presently separated, having a desire to walk. It had begun to rain, however, and Bergen halted, indecisive, on the steps of the hotel.

"Cab, sir?" said a voice, and Bergen looked into the face of the man to whom he had seen Mrs. Haven give money.

Upon the rayless gloom of Bergen's mind there fell a sudden beam, the light of an insane hope.

"My friend," said he, "where had you driven the stout lady who paid you in the hall?"

"Dr. Horton's, on Twenty-ninth street, sir."

"A doctor?"

"Minister."

"Wait for me here."

Bergen hurried into the office and requested that his name should be sent up to Mrs. Haven.

"She and her niece have gone," said the clerk.

"Gone out?"

"Gone for good."

"And Mr. Caldwell?" said Bergen.

"He's gone, too—not ten minutes ago."

Bergen ran to the door, where the cabby was waiting.

"Drive me to Dr. Horton's," said he, "and save time at the rate of a dollar a minute for yourself."

A trim maid at Dr. Horton's door said that the clergyman was engaged, but at that moment the venerable man himself appeared in the reception room.

"Sir," said Bergen, "am I right in supposing that a marriage is about to be performed between James Caldwell and Mildred Stuyvesant?"

"And suppose you are right, my young friend?" said the minister. "What then?"

"I am a lawyer from Dayton, O.," answered Bergen. "About three weeks ago in that city."

He was interrupted by a ring at the bell, and the door was immediately opened by the maid. Mrs. Haven and Mildred were ushered in, and they were amazed at the sight of Bergen.

"Miss Stuyvesant," said he, "I am here upon most unpleasant business. I have learned of your intended marriage with Mr. Caldwell. This evening, for a reason which I will explain to you later, Mr. Caldwell showed to myself and a detective a certificate of marriage, in which document he appeared as bridegroom and Miss Elizabeth Miller as bride. Now, while I am bound to say to you that this document may have been a forgery intended to deceive the detective who would otherwise have interrupted this marriage, I think that the circumstances of the case strongly urge you to delay."

"Before proceeding further," said Dr. Horton, "I think we should join Mr. Caldwell, who is waiting in my reception room."

Thereupon he ushered them in, but Mr. Caldwell was not there. An open window explained his absence. He had overheard Bergen's statement, but had not recognized his voice. To Caldwell this "lawyer from Dayton" was a far more formidable person than the "well known New York lawyer" whom he had met at the Hotel Braithwaite.

For it proved upon investigation that the Doctor's wedding was a valid one.

CRIPPLE FROM RHEUMATISM

NOW IN PERFECT HEALTH THANKS TO "FRUIT-A-TIVES"

VANCOUVER, B.C., Feb. 1st, 1910.

"I am well acquainted with a man, known to thousands in Vancouver, Victoria and New Westminster, who for nearly a year was practically a cripple from Rheumatism. He was so troubled with the disease that he found it difficult to even turn over in bed. His heart appeared so weak that he could hardly walk up stairs."

Last June, he received a sample of "Fruit-a-tives". He used them and dates his recovery from that time. To-day, there is no man in Vancouver enjoying better health.

He was building a house this fall and shingled a good part of the roof in a driving rain, without suffering any bad effects."

JOHN B. LACY.

Mr. E. E. Mills, (assistant postmaster at Knowlton, Que.) also writes: "I honestly believe that 'Fruit-a-tives' is the greatest Rheumatism cure in the world". Try it yourself.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At dealers, or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

MARYSVILLE.

A Campbell, road engineer, with his gang, has moved to Shannonville.

Miss Mary Toland, of Deseronto, visiting Miss Mary McGuinnis for the last couple of weeks, returned home.

Miss Aggie McCollough, of Lonsdale, spent Sunday with Miss Mary Traynor. J. McAlpin spent Wednesday in Napanea.

Messrs. V. Traynor, R. Quigg, A. Dafee and F. Mobery wheeled to Deseronto, Thursday evening.

Miss M. Fitzgerald, of Belleville, is visiting with Mrs. James McAlpin.

Mrs. J. Fahey has returned home after attending the funeral of her sister-in-law; Mrs. M. O'Neal, at Bedford Mills.

BETHEL.

Ibre Alkenbrack has returned from Barriefield camp.

Miss N. Galbraith has been visiting for a few days at Sydenham.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Walker and daughter, Vera, spent last Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. F. McWilliams.

Mr. and Mrs. John Galbraith and Miss Nettie Galbraith visited at Tamworth on Sunday last.

Misses Maude and Olive Salisbury are spending the holidays at home, after finishing their normal course at Ottawa.

Mrs. John S. Galbraith and children left, this week, to join Mr. Galbraith in Victoria, B. C.

Mrs. Edgar, Yarker, is with her daughter, Mrs. J. Alkenbrack.

Rev. Mr. Boyce was around making calls before leaving Wilton circuit and going to another place.

Mrs. John Curl, Sr., is quite improved after her recent illness.

The strawberry crop is nearly over. Farmers are cutting hay.

Mrs. Luther Hawley, Hay Bay, has returned home, after spending a few weeks with her daughter, Mrs. J. M. Jayne.

Mrs. George Emberly and mother, Mrs. Stover, spent a couple of days with Mr. and Mrs. E. Glass, Macdonald.

DENBIGH.

RICHMOND MINUTES.

Selby, July 3rd, 1911.

The Council met at Selby. The members present were Messrs. R. W. Paul, Reeve, and Councillors Fred Sexsmith, Alf. McCutcheon, W. R. Lott, Jas. Windover.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed. Moved by Jas. Windover, seconded by Alfred McCutcheon, that the Reeve be authorized to purchase tile for culverts where needed in the township of Richmond. Carried.

Moved by A. McCutcheon, seconded by Fred Sexsmith, that we pay W. R. Lott the sum of \$31.00 he having settled Dr. Vrooman's claim in full for horse being hurt. Carried.

Moved by W. R. Lott, seconded by Jas. Windover, that the Reeve be authorized to execute the agreement for transfer of gravel pit from Mr. H. F. Card to the Township of Richmond and sign order on the Treasurer for \$150 purchase price. Carried.

Moved by F. Sexsmith, seconded by Jas. Windover, that on petition of E. P. Smith and others that the Reeve examine road running through the centre of lot 16 in the 2nd concession and report at August session. Carried.

Moved by W. R. Lott, seconded by Fred Sexsmith, that the Reeve be authorized to defend the suit brought by C. H. Spencer against the Township of Richmond for damages to horse cut in snow. Carried.

Moved by Jas. Windover, seconded by A. McCutcheon, that we pay W. Winters the sum of \$16 for snow shovelling on the road running through the centre of lot 8 in the 5th concession. Carried.

Moved by W. R. Lott, seconded by Jas. Windover, that the claim of Archie Winters be further deferred to the August session of this council. Carried.

Moved by F. Sexsmith, seconded by A. McCutcheon, that the following accounts be paid: E. B. Bell, for 150 loads of gravel for use on road division No. 16, by order of the pathmaster, \$15.00; Z. A. Grooms for 40 loads of gravel for use on road section No. 7, by order of the pathmaster, \$4.00; D. McNeill for 50 loads of gravel for use on road section No. 25, by order of the pathmaster, \$5.00; Christie Thompson, for 45 loads of gravel for use on road division No. 29, by order of the pathmaster, \$1.50; Z. A. Grooms for 30 loads of gravel for use on road section No. 88, by order of the pathmaster, \$3.00; Christie Thompson, for bridge covering furnished for culverts in road section No. 29, by order of the pathmaster, \$8.56; W. J. McConnell, for bridge covering for culvert in road division No. 13, by order of the pathmaster, \$3.00; George Henderson, for work on road in road division No. 48, \$10.00; R. Storings, damages to waggon on road in 8th concession, \$1.00; E. Pringle, for crow bar and sharpening tools for use of Township engineer, \$1.65; John Penny, for 116 loads of gravel for use on road division No. 15, by order of the pathmaster, \$11.00; Wesley Hall, an account for repairs for crusher, \$1.25; Mrs. Steven Mowers, ad for July, \$5.00. Carried.

Moved by F. Sexsmith, seconded by A. McCutcheon, that the report of John McFarlane, Pay List No. 1, road engineer, be adopted and that he be given an order for the amount \$220.34, less \$80 advanced last session. Carried.

Moved by A. McCutcheon, seconded by F. Sexsmith, that a grant be given to road division No. 22 of \$10 to be laid out under the direction of the pathmaster. Carried.

Moved by F. Sexsmith, seconded by W. R. Lott, that a grant of \$25 be made on road division No. 23, to be expended under the supervision of the pathmaster. Carried.

Moved by R. W. Paul, seconded by Jas. Windover, that Jas. McKittrich be appointed collector for the year 1911, at a salary of sixty dollars and that a by-law be passed confirming the same. Carried.

Moved by Jas. Windover, seconded by A. McCutcheon, that the road engineer be authorized to repair the bridge south of G.T.R. on road running from Belleville road south to the Slush Road in road division No. 6. Carried.

Moved by A. McCutcheon, seconded by Jas. Windover, that the Reeve get legal advice re account against the County of Lennox and Addington for work on county roads, done since 1905. Carried.

Moved by A. McCutcheon, seconded by Jas. Windover, that Daniel Richmond be and is hereby appointed weed inspector for the north division of Richmond. Carried.

Moved by F. Sexsmith, seconded by W. R. Lott, that the following appropriations be made on township roads: East part of Slush Road, \$25.00; West part of Slush Road, \$25.00; Road division No. 66, \$20.00, to be laid out under the supervision of the pathmasters in said road division. Carried.

Moved by A. McCutcheon, seconded by Fred Sexsmith, that we adjourn to meet the first Monday in August at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m.

GEO. C. JOYCE,

Township Clerk.

EXCELLENT INVESTMENT

Getting the Exact Spot.

An emergency call from a policeman for a tape measure kept two women waiting in the dressmaker's parlor for five minutes. There were other tape measures there which the dressmaker might have used, but she was too busy pondering the circumstance that had suddenly converted her into an ally of the police department. Presently the policeman returned the tape.

"What did you want it for?" she asked.

"To help find the right place to shoot a horse with a broken leg," he said. "The vital spot is just three inches above that little swirl in his forehead where a dozen crowns seem to meet. I am not very good at guessing, so we thought it safest to find the exact spot with a tape measure."—New York Sun.

Are Kidneys Fit to Eat.

We think not. It is the kidneys that absorb the acid and other soluble poisons from the blood. The kidneys are often diseased, the tubes be-

well this "lawyer from Dayton" was a far more formidable person than the "well known New York lawyer" whom he had met at the Hotel Braithwaite.

For it proved upon investigation that the Dayton wedding was a valid ceremony and Elizabeth Miller was a real woman whom Caldwell had shamelessly jilted, but with whom he had been forced into a secret marriage by the threat of scandal. His affairs had come to such a pass that a marriage with Mildred Stuyvesant was absolutely his only hope of escaping jail. He had therefore taken the desperate step of marrying Miss Miller, trusting that he could buy her silence with the Stuyvesant gold.

When confronted by Marsh at the Hotel Braithwaite he had seen destruction staring him in the face and in the last gasp of terror had be thought him of the certificate which he had stolen three weeks ago from poor Bessie Miller. The ruse had served him well, but those fatal words "a lawyer from Dayton" had shattered his dream. Any one who came from that city to stop the bigamous wedding must be armed with sufficient facts, thought Caldwell.

In the Age of Science.

The bear of a ruan was still, of course, a bear of a man. No artifice could substantially alter that fundamental condition of life, the result being that he glowered at his breakfast much as usual.

"Nothing but proteids, carbohydrates and ash content. Can't you manage to get something different once in awhile?" he growled.

What, in time, had the advances of science done to ease the lot of the patient wife? Was there less dismay in store for her?—Puck.

Mr. George Emberly and mother, Mrs. Stover, spent a couple of days with Mr. and Mrs. E. Glass, Macdonald.

DENBIGH.

Rev. John Reble has returned home from Toronto, where he has been spending the fiftieth annual session of the Lutheran synod of Canada. He was accompanied by his friend and former fellow student, Rev. Mr. Stockman, of Linwood, who had promised him a visit. Both clergymen conducted a series of missionary meetings at Raglan on Sunday before last, which were very successful and well attended. Mr. Stockman was well pleased with his visit here and regretted that his official appointments at home would not permit a longer stay.

The many friends and relatives of Mrs. Wm. Chatson were surprised and shocked to learn of her sudden and unexpected death on Thursday evening last. The deceased lady, who was highly esteemed and liked by all who knew her, died of blood-poisoning after a very brief illness. Her remains were laid to rest in the Lutheran cemetery on Saturday last, Rev. J. Reble officiating. What makes the case still sadder and more painful is the fact that her husband was away at Saskatoon and could not be present at her sudden departure and interment. He arrived home only on Monday last.

Messrs. P. Stein and A. Lockwood have completed their tasks of taking the dominion census for this municipality and have made satisfactory returns of their work to the commissioner, M. Dunn, of Yarker.

ODESSA.

On account of strike of the bricklayers and stone masons in Denmark (or some other far-away town), the workmen have been called off the job on the new Methodist church here, hence everything at a standstill and material going to waste. Is it not high time that the government took a hand and gave some of these "leaders" a job in the "pen" cutting stone for a while, and give business a chance to right itself again?

A little amusement was caused, on Sunday morning last, when the license inspector, with three assistants, swooped down on the town looking for inebriants. After diligent search they got nearly enough to last them till they got back to Napanee. In one house they found a small flask, and took it, much to the disgust of the fond mother who wanted it to wash the new baby. In another they got two half-emptied bottles of medicinal porter that was being used for sickness, and another good Samaritan presented them with a partly filled bottle (all there was left) of real good whisky, for which, no doubt, they said, "For what we are about to receive, O please make us truly thankful."

The Sunday school convention was held here last Thursday, all reports showing a prosperous year. Two speakers from a distance were T. F. Harrison, of Kingston, and Rev. Mr. Wing, of Hamilton.

The lawn social at Frederick Caton's in aid of the Ladies' Aid of the Methodist church, considering the threatening weather was a success.

The Odessa brass band attended a lawn social at Newburgh Tuesday evening.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

If its anything in paints, varnishes, or wall and ceiling tints, you get it right at The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

ment. Annuity the money had been drawing 6 per cent interest, or yielding an income of only \$280, so that the increased income will make a vast difference in the comfort and happiness of the Annuitants, while at the same time it will relieve them of all anxiety as to the state of the money market and the safety of the investment.

Any information desired on the subject of Annuities may be obtained by applying to your Postmaster, or addressing the Superintendent of Government Annuities, Ottawa, to whom letters go free of postage.

Special Notice.

As I am going on the road on July 1st, all accounts outstanding must be paid by that time.

A. E. PAUL.

Messrs. Papineau and Pizzariello have moved their marble and granite works to new premises opposite the Campbell House.

Are Kidneys Fit to Eat?
We think not. If the kidneys that filter the blood and other soluble materials from the blood. The kidneys are often diseased, the tubes becoming inflamed and full of pus, so that they fail to do their work and the waste products of the body are retained in the blood, causing rheumatism, diabetes, puffiness under the eye, etc. In such cases Merrill's System Tonic will be found invaluable. It contains bacilli to soothe the inflammation and purifies the blood from the accumulated poisons. Old people and children need System Tonic to prevent too frequent urination, and to take away the burning sensation. All druggists sell Merrill's System Tonic. Price 50c. 6 boxes for \$2.50. Or by mail, postpaid, from the Merrill Medical Co., Merrill Building, Toronto.

Sold and recommended by T. B. Wallace, Druggist.

POSITIVELY FREE!

Trial Package Postpaid, "Hennequin's Infant Tablets."

Any Address, Send Post Card. Write your Address plainly.

Hennequin's Infant Tablets

Save Babies' Lives. For Babies and Small Children. (Made in France.)

Dr. Hennequin's Infant Tablets saved our little girl's life. Three doctors said she could not live. The Tablets cured her.—MR. E. R. McBURDE, Napanee, Ont.

My baby was so weak from sickness that he could hardly walk. We thought he would die. We could find nothing to help him. I was given a sample package of three Hennequin Tablets; we used them; I saw a change at once. We secured the Tablets and our baby improved every day, and is now a bright, fat, good natured boy; you could not believe he was the same child. They certainly cured my baby and saved his life. I believe them to be the best medicine ever sold for babies. Mothers if your babies are not well take my advice and try these Tablets.—MRS. JAMES RIDDELL, Barrydale, Ont.

We have hundreds of such letters. If the Tablets were not what you need we would not offer to give them away and prepay them. If your baby is not well send for trial package. Hennequin Tablets have the letter "H" stamped upon them—this is your guarantee. All dealers, 25c per package, or 5 for \$1.00 sent postpaid to any address.

DOUGLAS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Napanee, Ont., Can.

Mfrs. of DOUGLAS' EGYPTIAN LINIMENT; Coleman's Paste; A. A. A., etc., etc. When writing please mention this paper.



Of all the paints you can buy, either prepared or specially-made, none will spread so easy, cover so much surface and give such good satisfaction as

M-L Pure Paints

To paint the whole house out in or merely freshen up a bit of woodwork, get M-L Paint. Besides pure lead, pure zinc and pure oil there's a special ingredient that makes M-L Paints protect and beautify any surface they cover for twice as long as ordinary paint.

Forty-seven colors and tints for all purposes. Made by Imperial Varnish & Color Co., Limited, Toronto.

Use M-L Flat Wall Colors to paint walls and ceilings. Artistic, sanitary, economical. 16 shades. 706

Recommended and Sold by
M. S. Madole.

SOWING HIS WILD OATS

REAPING A HARVEST OF SORROW



How many young men can look back on their early life and regret their misdeeds. "Sowing their wild oats" in various ways. Excesses, violation of nature's laws, "wine, women and song"—all have their victims. You have reformed but what about the seed you have sown—what about the harvest? Don't trust to luck. If you are at present within the clutches of any secret habit which is sapping your life by degrees; if you are suffering from the results of past indiscretions; if your blood has been tainted from any private disease and you dare not marry; if you are married and live in dread of symptoms breaking out and exposing your past; if you are suffering as the result of a mispent life—**DRS. K. & K. ARE YOUR REFUGE.** Lay your case before them confidentially and they will tell you honestly if you are curable.

YOU CAN PAY WHEN CURED

We Treat and Cure **VARICOSE VEINS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, BLOOD and URINARY COMPLAINTS, KIDNEY and BLADDER Diseases** and all Diseases Peculiar to Men.

CONSULTATION FREE. Books Free on Diseases of Men. If unable to call, write for a Question Blank for **HOME TREATMENT.**

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY

Cor. Michigan Ave. and Griawold St., Detroit, Mich.

NOTICE All letters from Canada must be addressed to our Canadian Correspondence Department in Windsor, Ont. If you desire to see us personally call at our Medical Institute in Detroit as we see and treat no patients in our Windsor offices which are used for correspondence and Laboratory for Canadian business only. Address all letters as follows:

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY, Windsor, Ont.
Write for our private address.

FORTUNE FAVORS THE BRAVE; OR, A LOOK INTO THE PAST

CHAPTER XVIII.

The rain clouds had vanished the next morning, and the sunshine, though it was but a faint likeness to the golden light that used to dwell in the bygone summer time, still shone bright and pleasantly over the grounds and lawn.

Darnley was up early; he had paid his visit to the sick-room, and had been rewarded for his pains by the evident delight and comfort his uncle experienced in his presence. The young man was inexpressibly shocked at the change wrought in the vigorous, florid, happy-looking Sir Humphrey; and despite his manhood, a mist of unshed tears rushed to his eyes as he gazed at the white, drawn face, with the shadow of retreating death lingering, as it were, reluctantly on it; he could not speak at first, but stood grasping the thin, trembling hand his uncle extended to him.

"This—this is a bad lookout, Derry, my lad," Sir Humphrey whispered, in his faint, weak voice. "I've had a narrow squeak, ay, a very narrow one. I thank Heaven you are here. My—my darling wants some one to look after her, and—"

His strength would go no farther.

The young man began to talk cheerily, in the nearest approach to his old frank manner he could muster up; it was a hard struggle, for it hit him very deep to see the active, healthy, gentle-natured man, who had seemed the very quintessence of vitality, lying there a cripple for life, a terrible wreck.

He said everything he could to cheer Sir Humphrey—sacrificing his own inclination, which was battling to be out in the open air, trying to solve the problem which Dorothy's words of last night had conjured up.

The sick man lay back contented, a more peaceful look on his war countenance than had come during his short respite from pain.

"I am glad," he murmured, over and over again; and once, when Darnley bent over him, he caught the whisper; "Dolly has fretted about Nancy—you must cheer—"

When he had left the sick-room, having first inquired for Dorothy, and learned that she was sleeping soundly—a condition of things which pleased him beyond all description—the young man put on his hat, and, whistling for the dogs, who were mournful and depressed at their beloved master's illness, he sallied out into the open air. It was a wonderfully balmy day—one of the few summer days that are sprinkled here and there in an English winter. The very first person he saw was the old head gardener, Mr. Murdock, from whom he received a warm greeting—in fact, everybody was pleased to see him again.

raced round him, delighted at the prospect of a walk, and seeing in this—poor animals!—a sign that better times were coming. Derrick walked on rapidly. He gave no special heed to the path he chose, but let his feet lead him involuntarily whither they would. He was soon out of the grounds into the muddy country lanes, but once there he awoke from his musings, and, with a quick movement, turned away from the village. Solitude was bad, but gossip was worse, and he could not by any chance go through Ripstone village without stopping to greet first one person and then another.

He strode along heedless of the mud. Although he had been at the Hall a great deal the earlier part of the year, he was not very conversant with the neighborhood, as his walks had been confined principally to the Hall grounds, and Sir Humphrey had been abroad so much that he had no chance of exploring the country during the hunting seasons, therefore, it was not at all surprising that, when Mr. Darnley found himself at a corner where two lanes ran diverse ways, he came to a sudden standstill and hesitated.

He stood and reconnoitred, having first ascertained that it was still early by a glance at his watch, and then determined to take the right-hand lane.

"I must have made a regular detour," he said to himself. "That mass of trees evidently belongs to the east part of Ripstone. I can get back that way."

So, suiting the action to the word, he made for the spot mentioned.

When he reached the trees, however, he came to a stop. A gate was before him, but it was chained and padlocked, with ominous iron spikes ornamenting the top rail.

The young man gave a short whistle of surprise, which deepened as his eyes rested on a board with a warning to trespassers printed on it in gigantic letters.

"This is very odd! Uncle Humphrey can know nothing of it, I am sure. One of the keepers has taken upon himself to be very cautious all at once. It's the first time I ever remember a board like that, or spikes like those ugly ones, to have a place in Ripstone property."

He rattled the gate as he muttered this; but though the chain was loose, there was no movement either backward or forward.

"This is, to say the least of it, annoying—deuced annoying!" muttered Darnley, his wrath rising visibly against the imaginary keeper, who had arranged all this apparently to thwart him.

"I don't feel like retracing my steps at all. I am sure this is a near way to the Hall."

He stepped back and reviewed the gate, the dogs watching him with eager eyes and hanging tongues.

"Sir Humphrey would be simply beside himself if he knew these horrible things were scattered about. I wonder who has done it? It's not like Murdock, for with all his grumpiness, the old fellow has as soft a heart as any one I know. Perhaps Lady Merfield has been exercising her authority. This is just the sort of thing I could imagine her doing. Well, at any rate, when Dolly knows, everything will be altered in the twinkling of an eye. Now I must get on. Surely the lake must be over there."

With another tender caress for the dog, who was going very lame, the young man strode over the rank weeds and grass, keeping a sharp lookout for more traps, and making the dogs follow sharp at heel, a proceeding to which the sagacious beasts were nothing loath, since their companion had experienced such difficulty and pain.

Darnley walked on for about fifty yards, and yet the lake did not come in sight.

"It is very odd," he muttered, "I seem to be all wrong. Hallo! what's that?—looks like a woman's dress; it must be one of the maids—so much the better, she will put me on the right track. Come on, dogs!"

His steps were necessarily softened with the thickness of the herbage upon which he walked, and as he pushed through a short clump of low-growing shrubs, Mr. Darnley saw immediately that the servant maid not only was unaware of his presence, or, indeed, the presence of any one near her, but that she was evidently overcome with fatigue or grief, for she sat crouched on an old gnarled tree root, her elbows planted on her knees and her face hidden in her hands.

With the instinctive delicacy that was so pre-eminently one of his chief characteristics, deepened by the rush of sympathy that came upon him as he beheld this figure, so expressive of utter despair and desolation, Derrick Darnley turned to withdraw silently without intruding on the girl's sorrow, for he saw the figure was both young and slight; but before his thoughtful intention could be carried out, an incident occurred to prevent it altogether. The dogs, who were not actuated by so nice a sense of delicacy, went up to the silent form, and first giving a sniff of wariness, next began to jump up and lick the small hands with short barks and cries of canine welcome and delight.

The man's heart stood still, a mist rose before his eyes, then his pulses began to throb at a rate they had never travelled before.

"Dick—Borgie—Dick, come here. Do you hear me?" he called, in a strange, husky voice.

The dogs fell back, suddenly checked in their exuberant pleasure; not so much by his command as by the involuntary shiver that ran through the girl's frame, making her start to her feet and turn her white, tear-stained face to their master.

A silence that was as deep as death lived then. What words could come at such a moment between these two? It was not weakness alone that tied Derrick Darnley's tongue, as his dark eyes gazed into Nancy's great, sad blue ones; it was a sense of fear, of honor that compelled his silence, for in that one glance he read how much he had wronged her; and that, no matter what motive had caused her to separate herself from him, she

In one stride he was beside her—honor, self-restraint, everything forgotten in the rush of mad, passionate love and emotion that swept over him.

"Nancy—Nancy! Oh God! don't—don't, I can't bear it—I can't bear it!"

He had her two trembling hands in his firm grasp, robbed of their shelter, Nancy bowed her head to hide her tears. Now her self-reproach, her remorse was gone, for Derry did not, could not surely hate her if he spoke like this.

For an instant they stood quietly, though the pulses of each thrilled with mingled ecstasy and misery.

"I have frightened you by my sudden appearance, dear," the man said at last, speaking in tones of the deepest tenderness and sadness. "I who would sooner cut off my right hand than give you a moment's pain. Can you forgive me, Nancy?"

Her fingers closed round his for an instant.

"Oh! don't speak like that!" she cried, brokenly. "Forgive you—you!" Then she wrenched her hands from his grasp. "Go—go at once," she whispered, eagerly, intensely; "don't ask me why—only go."

He hesitated for an instant.

"I can't go," he muttered, almost fiercely; "you ask too much of me; think of all I have endured, of all I have suffered since that summer night! Nancy, you wrecked my life then. Now that we have met, I have a right to know why you did this; why you—you who love me—yes, who love me still—you can't deny it!—why you acted as you did and married this man—this awful brute! Answer me—I will know!"

Nancy's two hands were clenched together against her heart; two fierce spots of color burned on either white cheek; she was swaying to and fro uncertainly in her agitation.

"What if I say I will not answer you?" she murmured, huskily. Then, with a sudden change, she held out one hot, trembling hand toward him. "Derry, my—my darling!—yes, my darling!—do you love me?" she asked him, with strange, unnatural calmness. Then, before his lips had time to open even, while he held her hand in an iron grip between his own: "Yes—yes, I know your answer. You are true, staunch, loyal—my brave, my hero! Then—if you love me—you—you will not make me suffer more—you will not stay now to question me on the past, the present or the future! You will leave me at once—when—you you know what pain your presence brings!"

Derry stood for one instant silent, motionless. He was barely conscious of what fierceness he put into the agony of the grasp that held her hand; a lump rose in his throat and nearly choked him; her pale, pathetic face, so sweet, so pure, so wholly given up to the intensity of her love for him, struck his heart with the deepest pain he had ever felt in his life.

The sudden gleam of happiness that would come when he learned that this girl was still his—his by love's powerful right—did not linger long. It was followed by a rush of despair, of anguish.

Her eager, strangely nervous appeal gave him an additional pang. "It is very, very hard," he mut-

that are sprinkled here and there in an English winter. The very first person he saw was the old head gardener, Mr. Murdock, from whom he received a warm greeting—in fact, everybody was pleased to see him again.

"Eh, but it's Miss Dorothy will be right glad, sir," he said. "We were just at our wits' end two days sen that pair bairn's white face made our hearts bleed. And sen his lordship went she's wanted some one varry badly."

"Well, I am here now, and here I shall remain," said Derrick Darnley, quickly. He shrank from hearing some unkind remark on Nancy's conduct. With this new and perplexing condition of his mind, he determined he would judge her no more till he had fathomed something of the truth.

As he moved away, followed by the dogs, his thought went to Merefield, and he wondered what could have taken the other man away from his cousin at such a crisis. It was very odd: and then his mind went back to the one all-potent subject—Nancy. He was too truly a man of honor and of delicacy to have pressed Dorothy further last night, although in the girl's shattered state a less generous-minded person might have learned all he wanted to know. In fact, he had changed the subject immediately, and Nancy's name had not been mentioned again. But Dorothy's staunch love and loyalty had awakened fresh impulses in the man's heart. It sent a pang of self-reproach through him—reproach that she should be faithful to Nancy, while he had already judged and condemned her, and it also brought pain—deep, lasting pain; and the agonizing reflection came, that were he to discover now that his love had never changed—that she was still fair, pure ideal—was there not the torture of knowing she was lost? He was so completely in the dark, he did not even know where Nancy was, what she was doing, how it fared with her. Dorothy had vouchsafed no information, if even she had any to give, and he had been too agitated to question her.

Deep in his thoughts, he strolled on and on, until he reached the end of the lane, then returned and looked at the Hall, standing surrounded with its dismantled trees waving their empty branches to and fro in the soft, mild air.

"Dolly's blind is down. Good. A long sleep is the best thing for her, poor child! I can't bear to see her face as it was last night. I feel restless. A few miles more will do me good."

He whistled to the dogs, who pricked up their ears gladly and

had arranged all this apparently to thwart him.

"I don't feel like retracing my steps at all. I am sure this is a near way to the Hall."

He stepped back and reviewed the gate, the dogs watching him with eager eyes and hanging tongues, marvelling as to what he was going to do.

"Hum!" mused the young man, with much deep thought; "it's bad, certainly; but it might be worse. I think I'll have a shot! At the worst I shall only tear my clothes, and I hate to be beaten. Now to see if want of practice has destroyed my former agility!"

He retraced a few paces farther, fixed his hat on firmly, then starting at a quick, even pace, he leaped the formidable barrier as lightly as though it had been a few inches, not a five-barred gate.

There was a flush of pleasure on his face and a thrill of satisfaction in his breast.

"I said I would not be beaten," he mentally declared, as he coaxed the dogs to squeeze through the bars and join him. "It would have been awfully hard lines to have had to tramp all down that lane again; and I must get on now. Poor Dolly will wonder what has become of me."

He picked up his hat, which had fallen off in his jump, and replaced it on his dark, wavy locks.

"I'll have to go at Murdock about that gate and board, by Jove, I will!" he declared, as he turned to go through the long grass and wild, woody enclosure. "Sir Humphrey won't stand it for an instant, I am sure."

Then he whistled to the dogs and pushed on. It was strange, but he did not quite recognize his surroundings.

True, there were doubtless many portions of the Hall grounds and lands which he had not yet seen; but there was an indefinable feeling in his mind that this was not like the rest of the property.

For one thing, it was unkempt and neglected. Evidently the board to trespassers was not needed, for this spot was not inviting, even to tramps.

"If I go this way I shall reach the lake," Darnley communed with himself, as he came to one point.

The sunshine had suddenly gone, and the air felt like rain at any moment.

A shiver, born of what sensation he did not know, passed through him. He stood still, and looked round, and at that moment one of the dogs gave a sharp cry and a moan of pain; and in one glance the young man saw that the poor animal had its forepaw locked in a trap which had been hidden in the long grass.

"This is shameful!" he said, flushed with anger, as he knelt down and unfastened the cruel machine. "I shall certainly give Murdock a piece of my mind. Poor Dick!—poor Dick! It isn't so bad old fellow! You were more frightened than hurt, thank goodness! But if this infernal thing had closed as it should have done, you would have had a broken leg, old chap!"

With infinite tenderness Darnley patted and soothed the frightened animal.

It was as he said. The dog was not really much hurt, for the trap had fortunately failed to act properly; but his brow darkened as he rose from his knees.

ley's tongue, as his dark eyes gazed into Nancy's great, sad blue ones; it was a sense of fear, of honor that compelled his silence, for in that one glance he read how much he had wronged her; and that, no matter what motive had caused her to separate herself from him, she loved him with even more intensity than in their brief summer happiness.

CHAPTER XIX.

It was Nancy who spoke first.

She was leaning against the massive tree, a world of emotion and agitation expressed in her sweet face.

"What—what are you doing here?" she asks, feebly, almost inaudibly. "How did you get in?"

Derrick looked mystified, but only for an instant; his heart was beating almost to suffocation; strong man as he was, he trembled at the violence of the joy and bitterness mingled that suddenly came upon him.

"I beg your pardon for intruding. Believe me, I had no idea you were here, or I should not have come."

Nancy was breathing in short gasps, her eyes had left his and were wandering round in a nervous, hunted way, which sent an angry pang to his heart.

"You—you have startled me!" she murmured. "No one ever comes here. How did you come? Why did you come?"

There was a desperate ring of sorrow in that last question.

"I jumped the gate over there," he explained in low, eager tones. "I want to get back to the Hall, and thought this part of the grounds was a short cut. I—"

"Part of the Hall grounds," Nancy repeated, with her eyes still going about nervously, as if in search of something or some one. "You—you have made a mistake—this is not Ripstone property."

"Not Ripstone! Then where am I?"

He went a step nearer to her in his surprise.

"These are the manor grounds, and—and my home!"

Nancy's lips trembled as she uttered the words that should have been pregnant with tenderness, but which, uttered in her low, pathetic voice, carried only too truly the sad plaint of despair.

Derrick stepped back involuntarily; he was utterly surprised and overwhelmed with pained annoyance.

"I entreat you to pardon me," he said, in tones that were choked beyond recognition. "Indeed, I knew nothing of this—it is a terrible blunder to have made; but, believe me, I have blundered in ignorance. I did not know that this was the manor property. I did not know that—that you were even in the neighborhood. I can but offer my sincere apologies and depart at once."

He had half turned aside as he spoke, and, therefore, did not see her sudden gesture of despair and anguish—nor the tears which welled up in her glorious eyes and blinded her so that she had to press her hand over them to relieve them; but as he waited a moment for her to answer, and found she was silent, he turned again, and then he saw that she was utterly powerless to speak, for she was weeping—weeping very silently, but ~~and~~ the less bitterly.

that this girl was still his—his by love's powerful right—did not linger long. It was followed by a rush of despair, of anguish.

Her eager, strangely nervous appeal gave him an additional pang.

"It is very, very hard," he muttered, when at last speech came, "to find you, to know that all these past weeks, when I have been reviling you, you have been true in your dear heart—to me!—to stand beside you and hold your hands, and yet to hear you say that I must go at once!—go! Nancy, do you understand what that means? We may never meet again—try and realize what that will mean to both of us!"

He was quivering from head to foot. The events of the last few minutes had completely and utterly unnerved him. The sudden shock of coming upon Nancy, the anguish that followed on the brief ecstasy awakened by her avowal of love, all acting on a mind already nervous and unhinged with the struggles it had undergone and endured of late, robbed him of every scrap of strength.

His face had grown paler even than the girl's wan one looking up at him. The flushed, stalwart young fellow who only a few moments before had leaped the gate so lightly and easily seemed to have no kinship with this pale, haggard creature.

The very dogs seemed to understand that something dreadful was happening, for they stood with sad, patient eyes, gazing up at those two distraught faces as though they offered silent sympathy and help.

The man's weakness gave Nancy strength.

"I know—I understand," she said, in quiet, low tones. "But even so—dearest—it yet must be done!"

"Then your words were false just now! You do not love me! You could not love me, and tell me to leave you!"

He loosened his hold on her as he spoke.

Tears welled into Nancy's blue eyes and rolled down her cheeks—those pale, wan cheeks, that were so different from the rosy ones she had owned back in the summer months.

She made a little gesture of despair—so forlorn, so full of desolation, that it struck him to the heart.

His arm went out suddenly toward her, as if to infold her and hold her to his breast; but she did not see the movement, for her head was bent, and some innate touch of purity and delicacy withheld him from his purpose.

"Forgive me, dearest one!" he said, in low, hurried tones. "I—I did not know what I was saying, Nancy! Tell me that you forgive me, dear!"

"There is no need for forgiveness between us," the girl answered, gently, choking her tears with difficulty. Then she turned to him: "But you must go. Yes—yes, for my sake, you will go! Do not make me—"

She stopped; it almost seemed as if she choked herself.

"Nancy—tell me—does—no—oh! I can't say it! You are unhappy with him. I will not ask you again to give me the reason of this marriage, the reason for ruining our love, our life! But this you must answer me—it is my right—I de-



mand to know—does he treat you well?"

She was silent for a moment. Ah! if she could but have flung herself on his broad breast, and have wept out all his horrors, the miseries, of her brief married career, what a comfort, a relief, it would have been! But she dared not do this. Were she to tell Derry one quarter of the truth of her wretched existence, who knew what he might not do?

Besides this, her honor compelled her to be silent. Whatever happened, she was Crawshaw's wife! She had married him knowing what he was. To utter complaint was therefore out of the question. And even were this not so, she would have shrunk from letting Derrick Darnley, of all people, into the dark truths of her present life.

With a magnificent courage she conquered her longing to cling to him as the first friend she had met for months, to beg him to shield and protect her, to remove her from the horrible surroundings which made up her daily existence. She even forced a wan, faint smile to her lips.

"Don't—don't," she said, though the smile soon went, and a quiver came instead. "I have everything that money can buy—and what woman wants more?"

Darnley's dark eyes dwelt on her face tenderly.

Then, with a sudden movement, full of chivalry and homage, he stooped and kissed her hand; the next moment he would have turned away, but she stopped him.

"Derry, tell me—tell me of Dorothy! She is in trouble, and I am here—here, so close, and yet so far away from her! Ah! in all my trials, there has been none greater to bear than this!"

The words seemed to escape her unconsciously, forced from her overcharged heart by the fullness of her bitterness, and Darnley was more than answered. He knew then that his fears had been only too well founded, and that Nancy had more to fight against in her present life than vulgarity and uncongenial surroundings.

But as she had been brave and refused to complain, so he would honor her courage. He saw she did not know how plainly she had given him the knowledge for which he had asked. She had been thinking of Dorothy, and in the sympathy and love she gave to her girlfriend, her sister, her bitter cry of despair had escaped her unnoticed.

In a few gentle words he gave her the last hopeful news of Sir Humphrey.

"Ah!" she breathed, fervently, clasping her hands together, "that at least is a glimpse of sunshine to me! They were so good—so very, very good to me. Sometimes when I am sitting alone dreaming, it seems as if all that happiness which came to me through their goodness never belonged to me. It was some other creature who lived up at the Hall and basked in the sunshine and flowers, was beloved by dear Dorothy, petted by Sir Humphrey, made much of by every one." Her voice had grown choked as she spoke hurriedly. "Then," she went on, feverishly—"then I wake to know that the sunshine has gone, that I have lost Dorothy, and that though she is in sore distress, I do not even go to her and offer

TOMMY ATKINS IN EXILE.

The British Soldier Has Long Terms of Foreign Service.

The British soldier knows more of exile than any foreign "Tommy." He has far more colonies to garrison, and longer terms to spend in them.

Regiments have just been returned to England after sixteen, eighteen, and even twenty years in India and the Colonies; for at this time of year the troops ships are merrily plying between Great Britain and every distant outpost that proudly flaunts a Union Jack.

And not always have regiments been relieved so often as once in twenty years. For instance, with the exception of a brief two or three years at home, the old 19th Foot was on foreign service from 1781 to 1820—or thirty-nine years—during which time it took part in no fewer than five campaigns. The old 40th Foot, however, went on better, for it was continuously on foreign service for forty-six years. But the record, doubtless, belongs to the 38th Foot—now the 1st South Staffordshire Regiment—which was despatched to Antigua in the reign of Queen Anne, and was left there to rust, quite forgotten, for fifty years.

Before the end of that time not forty per cent. of the men were fit for service; their clothing was in rags, and they had neither hats nor shoes nor cartridge-boxes nor swords!

FOR TEETHING BABIES

There is only one medicine for teething babies—that is one that will make teething easy and at the same time can be given with absolute safety. That medicine is Baby's Own Tablets—every box of which is sold under the guarantee of a government analyst to be free from all those injurious opiates and narcotics which make "soothing" stuffs so harmful. Concerning the Tablets, Mrs. George Leblanc, St. Pamphile, Que., says: "I used Baby's Own Tablets for my baby when he was teething and constipated and found them an excellent remedy. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont."

JUST BRAG.

"Ma faither's a sojer," said a little Scottish lassie to her playmate.

"And so is my faither tae," replied the other.

"Ah, but ma faither's been in the war, and he's got a hale lot o' medals; and he's got the Victoria Cross, and the King pinned it on wi' his ain hand," said the first.

"But ma faither's braver," said the other. He's been in dizzens o' wars, and he's lots o' medals and Victoria Crosses, and he got a rale wudden leg." And, with a triumphant air, she added: "And the King nailed it on wi' his ain hand!"

A Pill that Proves Its Value.—Those of weak stomach will find strength in Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, because they serve to maintain the healthful action of the stomach and the liver, irregularities in which are most distressing.

Why let that headache spoil your day's work or pleasure? Take

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SENTENCE SERMONS.

Caution is necessary in friendship; and one should love his friends as if some day he were going to hate them.

Do not expect a friend to ask you; anticipate his need.

Among your friends esteem those who do not envy your fortune more than those who do.

Two things are to be feared: the envy of friends and the ambush of enemies.

Friendship is one soul in two bodies.

Among most men friendship is nothing but a similarity of habits and desires, so that they love the same kind of business, amusement, and talk.

Wrath and wine unveil the heart of friend to friend.

To save a man, give him good friends or bitter enemies; these by love and those by their hate to keep him from evil doing.

In friendship the absent are present, the poor are rich, the weak are strong, the stammering speak, and the dead live.

Agreement among good men is friendship, among bad men conspiracy.

In the misfortune of our best friends there is a little something not quite displeasing to us.

To pass from friendship to love is not uncommon, but the return trip is well nigh impossible.

The man who laughs when things go wrong is bound to climb above the throng.

Diner—"This is a very tiny portion of chicken you have given me, waiter." Waiter—"Yes, sir; but you will find it will take you a long time to eat it."

"Papa, will you buy me a drum?" said a little lad to his father. "Ah—but, my boy, you will disturb me very much if I do," returned papa. "Oh, no, papa; I won't play it except when you're asleep."

If attacked with cholera or summer complaint of any kind send at once for a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial and use it according to directions. It acts with wonderful rapidity in subduing that dreadful disease that weakens the strongest man and that destroys the young and delicate. Those who have used this cholera medicine say it acts promptly, and never fails to effect a thorough cure.

"I suppose you have heard of the danger in kissing?" he remarked tentatively. "I have," replied she, "but I come of a family noted for courage."

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

Tommy (inquiringly)—"Mamma, is this hair-oil in this bottle?" Mamma—"Mercy, no! That's liquid glue." Tommy (nonchalantly)—"I suppose that's why I can't get my hat off."

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PLACE your money with us in trust. We will guarantee large returns and solid investments. Correspondence solicited. Edmonton Location Ltd., Financial Agents, Edmonton, Alta.

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ARTS, EDUCATION THEOLOGY, MEDICINE

ed as she spoke hurriedly. "Then," she went on, feverishly—"then I wake to know that the sunshine has gone, that I have lost Dorothy, and that though she is in sore distress, I do not even go to her and offer her comfort. It is a horrible thought!" she said, with a shudder. "She has called me—yes, I have heard her voice, and yet—yet I do not move a step to help her. Oh, will God punish me for my ingratitude? Will He make me suffer more?"

(To be continued.)

STARVED NERVES

The Cause of Neuralgia—It Must be Treated Through the Blood

Neuralgia is a cry of the nerves for more and better blood. It literally means that the nerves are being starved. Like every other part of the body the nerves receive their nourishment through the blood. There is therefore no doubt that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will cure the worst cases of neuralgia. They actually make new, rich blood, carrying to the starved nerves the elements they need, thus driving away the sharp, torturing pains which nearly drives the sufferer wild. So many cases of neuralgia have yielded to treatment through Dr. Williams' Pink Pills that every sufferer from this dreaded trouble should lose no time in giving the Pills a fair trial. Mrs. Sophia H. Johnson, Mozan, Sask., says: "For upwards of ten years I was a periodical sufferer from neuralgia. It located in the side of my face and in the jaw, which would actually click every time I opened or closed my mouth. At times the pains would be almost unendurable, and as time went on, my whole nervous system seemed to be affected. I was constantly doctoring, but the doctor did not seem to be able to give me permanent relief, and at last I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I got a half dozen boxes, and before they were half gone I felt much better, and by the time I had used them all every symptom of the trouble had gone, and I was enjoying a comfort I had not known for years. I have since remained in the best of health, and can only say I owe the joy of living without pain to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

THE ROPE WAS FASTENED.

Pat had just come out of prison after doing six months, and had met a friend of his named Mike. "Hallo!" said Mike, "where have you been all this time?" "Sure," said Pat, "I've been doing six months in gaol." "And what for?" asked Mike. "For stealing a piece of rope," said Pat. "Stealin' a piece of rope?" said Mike in astonishment. "But, begorra," said Pat, "there was a cow at the end of it!"

For Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator has ranked as the most effective preparation manufactured, and it always maintains its reputation.

Those of weak stomach will find strength in Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, because they serve to maintain the healthful action of the stomach and the liver, irregularities in which are most distressing. Dyspeptics are well acquainted with them and value them at their proper worth. They have afforded relief when other preparations have failed, and have effected cures in ailments of long standing where other medicines were found unavailing.

"Mr. Mills," said the spokesman of the workmen's committee, "we have come to tell you, sir, that we want shorter hours and—" "Very well," interrupted the busy manufacturer, "we'll begin right off with shorter dinner hours."

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The Pure Food Law stopped the sale of hundreds of fraudulent medicines. They could not stand investigation. Hamlin's Wizard Oil has stood the test of investigation for nearly sixty years.

GIVE AND TAKE.

"What're ye coming home with your milk pail empty for?" demanded the farmer. "Didn't the old cow give anything?" "Yes," replied the boy, "nine quarts and one kick."

A Cure for Rheumatism.—A painful and persistent form of rheumatism is caused by impurities in the blood, the result of defective action of the liver and kidneys. The blood becomes tainted by the introduction of uric acid, which causes much pain in the tissues and in the joints. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are known to have effected many remarkable cures, and their use is strongly recommended. A trial of them will convince anyone of their value.

"I think it's wrong for a married man to gamble." "It's worse than wrong. It's idiotic. His wife gives him beans if he loses, and confiscates the cash if he wins."

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Singing Teacher—"Now, children, give us 'Little Drops of Water' and put some spirit in it." Principal (whispering)—"Careful, sir. This is a temperance school. Say 'put some ginger in it.'"



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Tommy (inquiringly)—"Mamma, is this hair-oil in this bottle?" Mamma—"Mercy, no! That's liquid glue." Tommy (nonchalantly)—"I suppose that's why I can't get my hat off."

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MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEething, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. It is absolutely harmless. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Everbroke—"I want to pay you something on 'account.'" Tailor (rubbing his hands)—"Ah, I'm glad to see you." Everbroke—"Yes, I want to pay you a compliment on your artistic way of dunning. 'Sh!—not a word—you deserve it. Good morning.'"

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The Heiress—"Have you seen papa?" The Duke—"Yes. It's all off." The Heiress—"You don't mean to say that he refused to give his consent?" The Duke—"Oh, no! He said he'd give his consent—but not another cent."

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY. for Red, Weak, Watery, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, \$1.00. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, \$1.00. Eye Books and Eye Advice Free by Mail. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Mrs. Brawn—"Doctor, that bottle of medicine you left for baby is all gone." Doctor—"Impossible! I told you to give him a teaspoonful once an hour." Mrs. Brown—"Yes, but John and I and mother and the nurse have to each have a spoonful, too, in order to make the sweet little cherub to take it."

For Burns and Scalds.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will take the fire out of a burn or scald more rapidly than any other preparation. It should be at hand in every kitchen so that it may be available at any time. There is no preparation required. Just apply the oil to the burn or scald and the pain will abate and in a short time cease altogether.

HIS UNCLE'S FAULT.

"Now, my boy," said Jimmy's uncle, "why can't you sit at the table?" "I can't," whined Jimmy, wriggling in his chair; "and it's your fault." "My fault?" echoed his uncle. "And how is it my fault?" "Well," said Jimmy, "you told me yesterday that a million was a thundering lot, and when teacher asked me this morning what a million was I told him it was a thundering lot, too; now I can't sit still."

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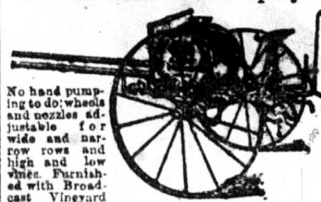
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SOMETHING FAR WORSE.

Lecturer (on the French Revolution)—"It is impossible to imagine the chaos that reigned—confusion and anarchy everywhere. In our more peaceful conditions we cannot even imagine such a state of things."

Voice from the back of the hall: "Yes, we can, sir. Come up to our house, and you'll see something worse than that; we're moving in."

"If I take the place, mum," inquired the prospective cook, "kin I eat with the family?" "I should say so!" exclaimed Mrs. Stubbs. "Why, I'll give a dinner in your honor every week."

Mother—"Georgie, are you teaching the parrot to swear?" Georgie—"No, mother; I'm telling it what it mustn't say."

The ease with which corns and warts can be removed by Halloway's Corn Cure is its strongest recommendation. It seldom fails.

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians.

The conversation had turned on the subject of strikes and lockouts. "Can anyone tell me," inquired the joker, "why the locked-out workers are like a watch?" "Why?" "Because in both 'cases' the 'hands' are outside the 'works.'"

Zam-Buk

Is the best remedy known for sunburn, heat, rashes, eczema, more dark, itchy and distressing. A skin food!

At all Dispensaries and Grocers—25c. & 50c.

Odd Things Eccentric Men Do

If it be true, as John Stuart Mill maintained, that eccentricity has always abounded when and where strength of character has abounded, and that the amount of eccentricity in a society has generally been proportional to the amount of genius, vigor and moral courage it contained, then there must have been an extraordinary amount of strength, vigor and moral courage among the inhabitants of England during the unjustly disparaged eighteenth century, for of a certainty the country then swarmed with cranks, says Chambers' Journal. This reflection has more than once occurred to me in the course of the researches which I have had to make into certain biographical backwaters of the Georgian era.

In 1729, there lived at Romford, in Essex, a well-known butcher of that town named Wilson. Mr. Wilson, it appears, was notable for his integrity in business and for the gentleness of his manners—two qualities which, perhaps, would scarcely have entitled him to the notice of posterity had he not also exhibited a remarkable addition to psalmody, extraordinary proficiency in penmanship and a high peculiar manner of eating his dinner.

Such butcher's bills as he sent to his customers had never been seen before and have never been seen since. They were all exquisitely written by his own hand; but the top line would be, perhaps, in German text, the second in Roman letters, simulating the finest print; beef would be in one style of writing, mutton in another, lamb in a third, while each of these kinds of meat would be still further distinguished by a different color of ink. He was a great friend to the church, observing all its ordinances—and a trifle more. Every Sunday he entertained the congregation with a solo, singing the psalms by himself until the minister came into the desk. And on every last day, while all the rest of the congregation went home to their refreshment and rest, between morning and evening service, he never quitted the church, but went about from pew to pew repeating the Lord's Prayer and singing appropriate psalms, until he had performed these favorite devotions in every pew in the church.

He had a large appetite and seemed determined that all Romford should know it; for, instead of sitting down quietly to dinner in his back parlor, he would usually sally forth into the street with a leg or shoulder of lamb in one hand, a large knife in the other, a small loaf of bread in his pocket, and a handful of salt in the bend of the arm which carried the joint, and, thus equipped, would perambulate the town, eating as he went, until he had consumed the whole of this very substantial meal.

William Lewis, Esq., of Llandisrnan, who died on December 30, in the act of drinking a "tumber mair"—that is, a cup of Welsh ale containing about a wine quart—had made it a rule in his life to read a

dice. After the ceremony was over the six gentlemen went back to the house, and, after a cold supper, sang the 31st ode of the first book of Horace, drank a cheerful glass and went home about 8 o'clock. "Which done," were the concluding words of this eccentric's will, "I would have them take a cheerful glass and think no more of John Underhill."

A rather less poetic eccentric was a farmer of Stevenage, in Hertfordshire, who died on February 1, 1721, and was found to have ordered by will that his estate, which was worth about \$2,000 a year, should be enjoyed by his two brothers (both clergymen), or, if they should die, by his nephew, until the expiration of 30 years, when he supposed he should return to life, and then it was to revert to him. He also directed that his coffin should be fixed on a beam in his barn, which was to be locked and the key left inside, so that he might let himself out. Strange to say, the provisions of this certainly more than merely eccentric will were strictly observed. His executors let the coffin stay in a barn a day or two longer than the specified 30 years—namely, from February 1, 1721, to February 5, 1751—and then, as he showed no signs of rising, they took it out and buried it.

An old bachelor of Soho, a retired Change alley broker, for the last fourteen years of his life amused himself by going daily in the stage from London to Greenwich, and immediately returning in another stage coach.

THE KING'S CLUB.

Membership Is Exclusive and Limited in Number.

The Marlborough Club has an interesting history. It was founded by the late King Edward for his own use and that of his associates. Up till 1566 White's Club used to be the King's club. One day, however, an officious steward was unwise enough to call the Royal member's attention to the fact that he was breaking a rule of the Club by smoking a cigar on the ground floor.

Immediately the Prince of Wales left the Club, and neither he nor any of his associates ever again entered the premises. Instead, he founded the present Marlborough Club, which was so-called because it was situated so near Marlborough House.

It is interesting to note that no game of cards has been played in the Club for the last forty years, although in the early seventies the Prince would occasionally indulge in a certain amount of whist for high points. Instead the chief recreation of members is bowling, for which the Club possesses a fine alley.

Needless to say, the membership of the Club is very exclusive, and strictly limited in number. The members consist for the most part of individuals attached to the Royal Household. Ambassadors and diplomats and all distinguished foreign visitors are nominated for temporary or permanent membership.

WHEN BARONETS WERE BOLD.

The title of baronet is exactly three hundred years old. It was in the reign of Good King James

TOUCHING STRIKE STORY

AN INCIDENT FROM A WELSH COAL-FIELD.

Poverty and Hunger Stalked

Abroad in the Soddan Streets of Gwauncoed.

A strange man, Ivor Cerrig—a dour, saturnine individual, whose taciturnity towards his fellows had earned for him the sobriquet of "Ivor Grunt!"

A man of middle-age, but with hair already thin and grey, with stern features carved with deep, indelible lines, and with once-stalwart frame bent with years of remorseless toiling at the face of the coal, says London Answers.

A man who still remained a riddle to his "buddies," though it was now nigh ten years since he had brought his girl-wife to the "Hills" and carried his lamp into the Gwaun pits.

Now, as he stood peering through the rain-lashed window of the tiny cottage on the hillside, his face showed grey and grim in the deepening twilight. Rain and sleet had fallen intermittently throughout the brief November day; the failing light, the gaunt framework at the pit-head, crowned with idle sheaves that told of abandoned shafts and pulseless engines, towered beacon-like above the wreaths of driving mists, in what was verily a valley of desolation.

THE BLACK SILENCE.

To the east the lowering skies were crimsoned with the glare from the great steel works in the adjacent valley—a Tantalus glow, mocking, with its promise of warmth and comfort, the chilled heart of the man at the window; and Cerrig, with a muttered imprecation, turned again to the black silence hanging over the colliery yard below him, where a faint flicker of light in the power-house appeared only to accentuate the prevailing gloom.

For the shadow of industrial strife lay heavily across the Welsh coal-field, stilling the whirling wheels and quelling the clangor of loaded trams jolting over unstable rails. A month had elapsed since the word "down tools" had gone forth at Gwaun Collieries.

Only a month, but already the twin spectres of poverty and hunger stalked abroad in the soddan streets of Gwauncoed. Scattered groups of strikers, listless and dispirited, loitered about the corners with wolfish eyes and belts tight-drawn.

With the rest of the men, Ivor Cerrig had brought his tools out of the pit; with a sickening sense of helplessness he had taken his place in the long line stretching from the pay-office. And the strike might last for months.

A CRY OF DESPAIR.

Strangling a cry of despair in his throat, he swung from the window. True there was a fire in the other room, but his wife lay asleep in there, and he would not risk waking her by entering.

His wife! His poor lass! Heaven help her!

Like some fragile flower, she had been gradually fading ever since he had brought her into these bleak uplands. He remembered her a

When he emerged into the open, a dazed expression crept over his drawn features.

Had it all been a ghastly nightmare?

Stepping forward, he saw, with wondering eyes, a long procession winding through the valley from the institute. There were men cheering and women sobbing. And again the welkin rang with a joyous shout: "The strike is settled! The strike is settled!"

Going indoors, Ivor Cerrig fell on his knees beside his wife.

A TRUNKFUL OF G'S.

Exhibit That Mrs. Billtops Used for Mr. Billtop's Reformation.

"Ezra," said Mrs. Billtops, to her admiring husband, "I have something here that I desire you should see," and as she spoke she threw back the lid of a big trunk in the storeroom.

The trunk was full, level full, of a vast number of little things of uniform size that might have been oats or grains of wheat, but which upon a little closer inspection seemed to be small type letters.

"They are letters, Ezra," said Mrs. Billtops; "they are the g's you have dropped in the last three years."

And the meaning of this exhibit was clear to Mr. Billtops instantly; he was not a dull man, it was not necessary to hit him with a maul to make him understand things. Mr. Billtops has always been a great man for dropping his g's. Whether from carelessness or laziness or economy of speech, or whatever his prompting, he has always said seein' for seeing, and bein' for being, and doin' for doing, and this has always disturbed Mrs. Billtops. Time and again she has sought to get him in this respect to mend his ways, but the habit has proved too strong for him, and so finally she resolved to give him an object lesson.

"Three years ago, Ezra," she said, "unbeknown to you I began gathering up the g's you dropped in speaking. I started out to keep them in an empty fruit jar, but I soon found that wouldn't do, in fact, I was appalled by the number I collected."

"I found that much as you had disturbed me in this way I had never realized how bad you were; so I began storing them in this trunk, and here you see, Ezra, a trunkful of g's that you have dropped in three years. Don't you think that is terrible?"

Mr. Billtops freely admitted that it certainly was; and then and there in the presence of that open trunk he vowed a reform. If she would throw away those g's, he said, right now, to the last one, he would most earnestly endeavor always to remember to make it ever impossible for her to start another collection.

RAILWAY TRAVEL IN JAPAN.

Listen to the Tale of Woe of One Who Has Tried It.

"The railway journey from Kioto to Yokohama, despite the fact that most beautiful country is traversed, is not the pleasantest of experiences," declares a writer in the Wide World. "One buys a railway ticket in Japan in instalments.

"The ordinary ticket only enables

William Lewis, Esq., of Landis-ruan, who died on December 30, in the act of drinking a "tumber maur"—that is, a cup of Welsh ale containing about a wine quart—had made it a rule in his life to read a certain number of chapters in the Bible every morning, and, by way of assisting in the digestion of so much spiritual food, to drink no less than eight gallons of ale every morning!

It was calculated by some mathematical genius of the time that in the course of his life Mr. Lewis must have drunk enough ale to float a 74-gun ship. His size was extraordinary. If we may believe the Gentleman's Magazine, he weighed 560 pounds and the diameter of his body was no less than six feet. Fortunately, says the writer of his obituary notice, he died in his parlor, for it would have been impossible to bring him downstairs in a coffin. Even as it was, the undertakers had to use a crane to lift the coffin on to a carriage, and to have the same machine in the churchyard to let it down into his grave.

Another eccentric of a totally different kind was an old bachelor named John Little, who died in his house at Kentish Town in 1798 at the age of 84. So great was his antipathy to marriage that he dis- carded his brother, the only relative he had left, for not continuing like himself in a state of celibacy. He was extremely penurious, and when a physician whom it had been necessary to call in advised him to drink a glass of wine occasionally, he would not trust his housekeeper with the key to the cellar, but insisted on being carried into it himself that he might bring away a bottle with his own hands. As might be anticipated, his distrust cost him dear, for being carried from a warm bed to a damp vault brought on a "shivering fit," and in a few days he was dead. When his keys were obtained 173 pairs of breeches, with numerous other articles of attire, were found in a room which had not been opened for fourteen years and in a lockup coachhouse 180 wigs.

In 1773 a gentleman named Underhill was buried at Whittle in Cambridgeshire. He left very precise instructions as to his funeral, and £20000 to his sister, on the condition that she carried him out. No relative was to follow his corpse, but only six gentlemen whom he named, to each of whom he desired his sister to give \$50, and to request them not to come in black clothes. According to his instructions, as soon as the burial service was ended, an arch was turned over the coffin, in which was placed a small piece of white marble bearing the inscription, "Non omnis moriar, 1773." Then the six gentlemen who followed him to the grave sang the last stanza of the twentieth ode of the second book of Horace.

No one was invited by the six gentlemen already mentioned, no bell was tolled, and there were none of the conventional signs of mourning. The coffin was painted green, and the deceased was laid in it with all his clothes on. Under his head was placed Saundon's Milton; in his right hand was a small Greek Testament, in his left a small edition of Horace, while Bentley's edition of Horace was placed sub po-

WHEN BARONETS WERE BOLD.

The title of baronet is exactly three hundred years old. It was in the reign of Good King James that baronets first came into existence. To-day, you could hardly tell a baronet from a banker. But in the year 1611, when James I. needed ready-money, and created two hundred "little barons" to supply him with cash, they swaggered about in their baldrics and sashes, and behaved in the courtliest of fashions. Each baronet, in order to justify his title, had to maintain a small army of thirty soldiers for three years. In this way the crafty king not only increased his revenue, but actually lightened his expenses! It is not generally known that the title of "baronetess" has twice been bestowed on women. One of these was the mother of a Dutch general. The other was a Nottingham lady named Dame Maria Bolles, who won her way into the good graces of Charles I., and received the title from his hands.

CHILDREN WERE PRESENT.

"I see in the paper this morning," began Mr. Suburb at the breakfast table, that—"There's too much milk in my oatmeal," cried the youngest member of the family. "I see in this morning's paper," began the head of the house again, "that the—"

"King's house is up for sale again, mother," remarked the eldest daughter. "I noticed the bill on the fence when I looked out of my window this morning. I don't believe Mr. King can afford to go for any holidays this year if that house isn't sold. What did you start to say, father?"

"I see in this morning's paper that the British—"

"Must be in an awful hurry this morning, Willie," said the second daughter, Bessie, to her small brother. "You're stuffing like a big pig. Stop making such a noise with your lips."

"Children, I'm ashamed of you," said Mrs. Suburb, reprovingly. "What is it you see in the paper this morning, Henry?"

"Cye," said Mr. Suburb, savagely. "Pass the salt."

MILES OF OFFENDERS

If all the people convicted last year of offences, great and small, in England, Scotland, and Ireland, were placed side by side, they would form a rank more than 300 miles long, or from London to some distance beyond Paris. Of these the people guilty of really serious crimes—indictable offences—are nearly one-tenth, and they would cover thirty miles. There would be seven miles of men and women who committed assaults, eleven miles of beggars, thirty-three miles of thieves and robbers, forty-three miles of drunkards. The offenders sent to prison would extend to eighty-three miles, and those sentenced to pay a fine would form a rank about two hundred and thirty miles long. The cost of all these is so enormous in police, judges, and magistrates, court officials, prisons, and all the locks, bolts, safes, burglar alarms, and other defences, that if the workers necessary to earn the total amount of money required were placed side by side they would measure a line from fifty to sixty miles long.

help her!

Like some fragile flower, she had been gradually fading ever since he had brought her into these bleak uplands. He remembered her a dainty, laughing maid, and he had brought her to this!

"Ivor!"

The man raised his head, and again the same whispering came softly to his ears. "Ivor!"

He stole gently into the inner chamber to the bedside, and knelt beside the recumbent figure.

"You called me, Olwen?" he asked, softly. The harsh lines had vanished from his face.

Turning slightly to him, the woman smiled through her pallor.

"You're not gone to work then, Ivor?" she murmured.

FOR HIS WIFE'S SAKE.

"Not yet, cariad," he replied cheerfully; "the old engine is still out of action."

No word had reached her of the strike. He had taken care of that.

As he rose to warm a little milk on the expiring embers, his wife watched him.

For a while they talked, but eventually the invalid sank back into a doze, and Cerrig, returning to the little kitchen, sat in the darkness, and thought long and bitterly. Then he rose.

"For her sake!" he muttered. "For her sake!"

The following day dawned drab and cheerless as Ivor Cerrig, blackleg, stood in the engine-house of the Gwaun No. 1 and removed all traces of his night's work from his face and hands. With the jingle of coins making sweet music in his ears, he left the dismal precincts of the pit and crossed the railway, and entered the town.

Then, with a neat package from the chemist's held tightly beneath his arm, he strode hurriedly and furtively along over the uneven pavement.

The few pedestrians he met seemed to stare at him accusingly, and more than once he could have sworn he heard the sibilant hiss of "Scab" hurled at him. And as he approached the square, the hub of the little mining community, he felt his throat contracting and his pulse throbbing violently, for a crowd of miners swirled about the doors of the workmen's institute, and a hoarse murmur mingled with the shrill treble of women.

There could only be one reason for the tumult—by some means they had discovered already that he— Ivor "Grunt"—had "ratted," and they had gathered to greet him. Even as Cerrig hesitated one of the men caught sight of him, and advanced.

GOOD NEWS.

There was only one thing for it— instinctively he turned to flee. He must get home first, he must deliver the precious parcel.

The next moment he was running like a startled hare, straight up the hill-side, like some hunted animal making for its lair. From somewhere behind him came a dull roar of many voices, but whether near or far he could not tell; and when at last he staggered into his own doorway his strength was near spent.

Thank Heaven his wife was asleep! He just brushed her forehead with his trembling lips, and then passed out to face his pursuers.

is not the pleasantest of experiences," declares a writer in the Wide World. "One buys a railway ticket in Japan in instalments.

"The ordinary ticket only enables one to go by a train covering the minimum distance in the maximum time, so an extra express ticket is purchased, which means that the engine moves a little more quickly toward its appointed goal.

"Next a platform ticket must be procured, to enable one to board the train, and finally one has to fight one's way into a first class carriage. Why do all the passengers in Japan take their luggage into the already painfully small carriage instead of leaving it in the van? and why, again, does a nation that is a passport for cleanliness the world over possess a train service so shockingly dirty in every detail?

"We once, in a weak moment, looked into a stationmaster's room at a large station, and for pure dirt it could have given points to a dust heap. In the train carriages the floors are covered with the dirt of ages, cigarette ends, orange peel, sandwich papers; at intervals a porter saunters in with a brush and leisurely sweeps all the refuse into a corner, having first carefully closed every window, so that no atom of discomfort or infection shall be lost.

"Finally he departs, leaving behind him the rubbish and an atmosphere charged with germs and angry words. Truly a Japanese porter's definition of clearing up is removing rubbish from one place to another. To change clothing in a crowded carriage is merely a pastime to a Japanese traveller, and one may happily heave a sigh of relief if nothing worse happens."

BAGGAGE SMASHER STORY.

Why This Familiar Tale is Missing From Current Literature.

"How is it," the traveller asked the railroad man, "that we don't hear any more stories now-a-days about the baggage smasher?"

"Well," said the railroad man, "more care in the handling of passengers' baggage is required now-a-days, for one thing; and as between the trunk smasher and the trunk maker the situation is about the same as that between the armored ship builder and the projectile manufacturer, first one is ahead and then the other. One day you may have a ship that can't be perforated, but the next day may put the projectile ahead.

"There have been improvements in trunk making as in all things else, and just now you find a good many trunks that are solid and rugged, well built and well adapted to stand the strain of travel and rough handling, hard to smash. With this advance in trunk building the trunk smasher is somewhat overmatched, placed at a disadvantage; and so the trunk smashing story goes, for a time at least, into a decline; but a new and greater and stronger breed of trunk smasher may at any moment arise; and if that day should come, why, then the trunk smasher will be again on top and we shall have a glad some revival of trunk smashing stories with modern frills and attachments."

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THE CANADIAN ORDER OF FORESTERS.

The Thirty-second Annual Meeting of High Court—The Sessions are Largely Attended—Most Representative Meeting Held in Years.

A large representation of delegates present at the opening session of High Court of the Canadian Order of Foresters betokened the deep interest throughout the Dominion in the welfare of this great fraternal Insurance Society, which now includes nearly 80,000 Canadians in its membership.

Great enthusiasm characterized the gathering, and rightly so, as the year just closed was the most successful in the history of the Order, and to this may be added the fact that the delegates are for the first time meeting in the commodious Assembly Hall of the Canadian Foresters' Building, 22 College street. The new building is up to date and thoroughly equipped, and is a credit to the members of the local Courts, who undertook the work and carried it to so successful an issue. The magnificent structure is a tribute to the spirit of fraternity, which prevails among the members of the City of Toronto, and the result of their united efforts is a splendid object lesson to the delegates from other centres.

The sessions of High Court were presided over by the High Chief Ranger, J. A. Stewart, and all the other High Court Officers were in attendance.

After receiving reports of the High Court Officers, which were distributed to the delegates in printed form, the meeting received the various civic deputations.

The report of J. A. Stewart, High Chief Ranger, was replete with facts and figures, showing the Order to be in a most flourishing condition, maintaining and even surpassing its record for previous years.

On the last of January, 1910, the Order had a membership of 73,985, and there were initiated during the year, 8,280 new members, being an increase of 911 over the previous year. During last year 3,663 members lapsed and 498 died, leaving the net membership at the close of the year 78,104.

The increase in the Insurance Reserve of the Order during the year, amounted to \$276,186.13. On January 1st, 1910, the amount on hand in this Branch was \$3,002,308.29, and at the close of the year, \$3,287,494.42.

The standing of the High Court Sick and Funeral Benefit Branch is also most satisfactory. During the year no less a sum than \$147,224.96, covering 6,132 Claims, was paid in this Branch. The amount to the credit of this Fund at the commencement of the year was \$170,773.82, and at the close \$207,223.20.

The report of Geo. Faulkner, High Secretary, covering the general work of the Society, was next in order, and showed in detail the large volume of business transacted through his department.

The amount of Insurance Premiums received during the year was \$644,077.82, which with the large sum of \$133,690.75 derived from interest on investments, made the total receipts in this Branch \$777,768.57. There were 498 Death Claims paid, amounting to \$501,582.44, leaving the sum of \$276,

Ontario; Dr. U. M. Stanley, Chairman Medical Board, Brantford, Ont.; W. M. Couper, Montreal, Que.; A. P. Van Someren, Saskatoon, Sask.; R. W. Wigmore, St. John, N.B.; R. C. Gavin, Toronto, Ont.; T. E. McLellan, Galt, Ont.; Members of the Executive Committee; W. L. Roberts, High Auditor, Brantford, Ont.; J. P. Hoag, High Auditor, London, Ont.; W. Walker, High Registrar, Montreal, Que.; W. G. Strong, Superintendent of Organization, Brantford, Ont.; Lyman Lee, Solicitor High Court, Hamilton, Ontario; Hon. Colin H. Campbell, High Court Solicitor for Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.; F. H. Davidson, D.H.C.R., Winnipeg, Man.; and D. E. McKinnon, Winnipeg.

WRITING TO HIS MAJESTY

CURIOUS CIRCULARS RECEIVED BY THE KING.

All Letters Are Not Now Answered as in the Time of King Edward.

In one room of the Secretarial Department at Buckingham Palace there are two enormous waste-paper baskets of steel wire, and these are daily filled with useless circulars that are addressed to the King and the Prince of Wales, says London Answers.

His Majesty receives more trade-letters and circulars than anyone else in the United Kingdom—on the average some seven hundred a day.

Some years ago King Edward VII. purchased a fine pair of tusks from a certain African trader, and subsequently he wrote every year.

King George, a few months after his accession, received a letter from the same trader, enclosing half a dozen elaborate sketches of elephants' tusks which the latter had for sale.

King George is a keen collector of curios and various works of art, and dealers in the antique in all parts of the world write to him when anything special comes into their hands.

Once or twice every year the proprietors of most of the chief hotels in Europe send letters to draw his Majesty's attention to their establishments, and usually enclose photographs of a special suite of rooms which can be reserved for Royal visitors.

Many hotel proprietors, too, quite commonly offer to refuse accommodation to any other guests

DURING A ROYAL VISIT.

As a matter of fact the King never makes a stipulation of this sort when he engages rooms at a hotel, but foreign Royalties frequently do.

All the European railways under government control, and a good many companies as well, send a time-table once a month to the King's private secretary, all the changes made in the time-table since the previous month being carefully marked in red. They are usually bound in calf or vellum.

These time-tables, by the way, are among the few contents of the Royal letter-bag in the way of circulars which are preserved; practically every other circular, as

AN UNGOVERNABLE TEMPER

SERIOUS PHASE OF HANDICAPPED HUMANITY.

A Man Writes of His Experiences of the Course of His Life.

Only those who have an absolutely un governable temper know what a terrible handicap it is in life.

It has been my curse, and I think that in its way it is quite as serious as being deaf or blind, says a writer in London Answers. A man who is deaf or blind gains the sympathy of his fellow-creatures, but no sympathy is meted out to the sufferer from my own affliction.

A really bad temper is as awkward for the person who owns it as it is for those who are made to suffer.

Scores of times I have vowed to myself that I would master it, but I might just as well try to master the wind as control my rage when something occurs to rouse me thoroughly, and I have had to pay very dearly for the consequences many a time.

I believe I am as reasonable as other folk in the ordinary way, and I do not think trifling annoyances upset me as much as they affect most people; but when my temper comes to the surface, it sweeps all other feelings ruthlessly on one side, and for a time I am, more or less, at its mercy. It is as though some power takes possession of me and I am

MERE CLAY IN ITS HANDS.

Temper of the worst kind can transform dear friendship into hatred in a flash. People who ignored this weakness in me have incensed me, perhaps with a single taunting word, and turned me into a veritable tiger instantly. There comes a ferocious longing to avenge an injury (an injury, real or imaginary), a sweet joy in indulging that longing, and then the bitterest regret.

There must have been hundreds of occasions in my life when the result of this wild feeling has done me serious harm.

I can now remember at least a dozen times when it has turned success into utter failure. Although I was fully conscious of the danger I was running into, I had to let my anger have its way.

I have heard people say that terrible tempers were a form of insanity, but I do not think so, for when thoroughly exasperated I never by any chance resort to brute force.

Once I hit a man, and afterwards I realized that, however much I wanted to strike a blow, I must refrain. Since then there have been moments of fury when I would have given untold gold to hit out, but I have never done so since. If it were insanity to be burdened with a temper such as mine, I should have thrown the consequences to the winds and hit out.

RED LIGHTS.

Quite recently I had violent neuralgia, which does not make one affable, when a man, imagining I was a dear old friend of his, gave me a mighty thump on the back by way of greeting. I turned round gasping with pain, and if ever a man

MARKS OF THE MURDERER

SECRET SIGN IMPRESSED UPON THE DEAD BODY.

During the Polish Uprising Traitors Were Branded With an "S."

In certain foreign countries the horrible custom of branding a victim is by no means uncommon. The victims of the dread Italian secret society known as the Camorra, for instance, are almost always marked with a black star-shaped sign, made by four slashes with a razor, dipped either in ink, or in gunpowder and water mixed into a paste.

The well-known Black Hand Society, again, takes its name from the fact that a sign resembling a human hand has frequently been found branded upon the bodies of its victims in New York.

The Black Hand, although operating in New York is, of course, an Italian organization, but the once dreaded Ku-Klux Klan was an American murder society pure and simple, and its victims used to be marked in similar fashion with the three letters "K.K.K." made after death by nine cuts with a bowie knife.

The Ku-Kluxes were all old soldiers, who had fought on the southern side during the great American Civil War, and their object was to terrorize the freed negro slaves, and such southern whites as were inclined to help them. They committed frightful outrages, whole families, both black and white, being wiped out.

At length, in 871, Congress resolved to put down the association, and the

"KU-KLUX LAW"

was passed. This allowed the authorities to arrest suspected Ku-Kluxes, and to try them without a jury, and the result was that the mercurious organization was soon suppressed. "Ku Klux," it may be mentioned, is meant to represent the cluck in cooking a gun.

During the time war in Ireland, again, the Moll Maguires, the Whiteboys, the Terryls, and the many other secret murder societies that waged war against the "proctors" whose duty it was to collect the tithes, invented a very curious sign to show that their victims had been put to death in pursuit of a settled policy, and not merely to satisfy private vengeance.

After an "execution" had been carried out, usually shooting by a number of masked men hidden behind a hedge or stone wall, a big tom cat was borrowed from the nearest wayside cabin, the inhabitants of which were, of course, in full sympathy with the assassins. The body of the victim was then stripped to the waist, and the cat was dragged by the tail up and down and across the bare back. The result was a series of criss-cross scratches, inflicted by the claws of

THE FRIGHTENED ANIMAL.

Finally, it is at least a somewhat curious coincidence that the letter "S" was in constant use in this fashion in Poland in 1863-5, during the terrible series of political assassinations that marked the up-

...received during the year was \$644,077.82, with the large sum of \$133,690.75 derived from interest on investments, made the total receipts in this Branch \$777,768.57. There were 493 Death Claims paid, amounting to \$501,582.44, leaving the sum of \$276,186.13 to carry to the Reserve, which at the close of the year was \$3,278,494.42.

The amount of Sick and Funeral Benefit fees received during the year was \$175,863.29, and interest \$7,811.05, making the total receipts in this Branch \$183,674.34. There were 6,132 Sick and Funeral Benefit Claims paid, amounting to \$147,224.96, leaving \$36,449.38 to the Reserve, which at the close of the year amounted to \$207,223.20.

There were 78,104 members in good standing, at the close of the year, carrying \$78,102,000.00 Insurance.

There were issued from the High Secretary's Office 8,123 Insurance Certificates and 7,483 Membership Certificates, or a total of 15,606, and in addition there were endorsements made on 1,629 Insurance Certificates.

The report of Robert Elliott, High Treasurer, showed the funds of the Order to be in a most satisfactory condition. The income in the several funds was as follows: Insurance \$777,768.57, Sick and Funeral Benefit \$183,674.34, and General Fund \$102,899.78. Total Income, \$1,064,342.69. The total expenditure in these funds was \$748,052.87. The surplus income over expenditure amounted to \$316,289.82.

The Insurance Reserve Fund at the close of the year was invested as follows:

Municipal and School Debentures	\$3,218,797.30
Dominion of Canada Stock	150,000.00
Deposited in Chartered Banks	20,000.00
Current Accounts in Chartered Banks..	39,697.12

OR. \$3,278,494.42

The total assets of the Order amounted to \$3,559,322.09, and its liabilities \$28,517.97. Assets over liabilities \$3,530,804.12.

The report of Dr. U. M. Stanley, Chairman of the Medical Board, showed the average death rate since the commencement of the Order to be 5.22 per 1,000 membership. There were submitted to the Medical Board during the year 10,106 applications, the largest number for any year in the history of the Order, of which 9,215 were accepted, and the remaining 891 rejected. The number of applications was 1,290 more than for the previous year.

The report of W. G. Strong, Superintendent of the Organization, showed that during the year there were 8,280 initiations as against 7,369 for the previous year, an increase of 911.

At the close of the year, there were 1,069 Courts in the Order, representing a membership of 78,104. There were 517 Courts in Ontario, 180 in Quebec, 56 in Nova Scotia, 71 in New Brunswick, 14 in Prince Edward Island, 65 in Saskatchewan, 37 in Alberta, 17 in British Columbia and 112 in Manitoba.

Among those in attendance are the following:

J. A. Stewart, High Chief Ranger, Perth, Ontario; J. A. A. Brodeur, High Vice Chief Ranger, Montreal, Que.; Geo. Faulkner, High Secretary, Brantford, Ont.; Robt. Elliott, High Treasurer, Brantford,

since the previous month being carefully marked in red. They are usually bound in calf or vellum.

These time-tables, by the way, are among the few contents of the Royal letter-bag in the way of circulars which are preserved; practically every other circular, as soon as it is opened, is consigned to the waste-paper basket.

The Prince of Wales has become the object of special attention to those who habitually circularise Royalty.

A Himalaya guide wrote to His Royal Highness, sending on copies of his credentials, and expressing a hope that the Prince would bear his name in mind if his Royal Highness should think of making an ascent of the Himalayas.

Officers of fishing and shooting in all parts of the world have simply poured into the young Prince in the past few months from various sporting syndicates. One of the most remarkable of these was an offer to provide the Prince of Wales with

A MONTH'S WEALE FISHING.

Full particulars of how this rather out-of-the-way and exhilarating sport was to be had were given, and a detailed statement of the cost.

Apart from this sort of circular, there is probably not a philanthropic or charitable institution in the country which does not bring its existence under the notice of King George, at least once or twice a year, by sending in a printed report of its doings, and usually a letter expressing a hope that his Majesty will subscribe to its funds.

Obviously, it would be impossible for his Majesty to subscribe to anything like all of them; but, as it is, the King subscribes to over a thousand charitable institutions.

The King is also daily the recipient of an enormous number of begging-letters, and letters from cranks, eccentrics, and faddists of all sorts, asking his Majesty to use his influence to promote their particular views on various subjects.

In the late reign, the receipt of any letter addressed to the Sovereign, except it came from a person who was obviously demented, was usually acknowledged; but King George has altered this rule, which involved a great deal of work to the secretarial staff, and rather encouraged by no means desirable correspondents to address letters to the Sovereign.

In the future, no person who writes to the King will receive any sort of acknowledgment of his or her letter, unless in the opinion of the King's secretary it needs a reply.

CHRISTENING SHIPS.

The ceremony of breaking a bottle of wine over a ship's bows before launching has its origin in the ancient heathen belief that before starting out on any enterprise it was necessary to offer sacrifices to propitiate the gods. Wine has been used for christening ships of the Royal Navy for centuries, but occasionally there are departures from the custom. In 1905 when the Hibernia was launched at Davenport, a bottle of Irish whisky was broken over her bows as a compliment to her name. Sometimes the throwing of flowers is resorted to in France, and in Japan the usual custom is to suspend a cage of live birds over the bows. If the birds commence to sing when set free, it is considered a good omen.

Quite recently I had violent neuralgia, which does not make one affable, when a man, imagining I was a dear old friend of his, gave me a mighty thump on the back by way of greeting. I turned round gasping with pain, and if ever a man had murder in his soul, I had for thirty seconds. Fortunately, it is very few people who literally "see red" when they rise to a supreme passion. Red lights seemed to dance about in front of my eyes, and when the man who had struck me saw my expression, I really believe he was terrified. Even at that crisis I was sane enough to turn on my heel and walk away, although the effort to do so cost me more than anyone would imagine. Practically, I was a physical wreck for the rest of the day as the result of half a minute's frantic rage.

The man who can get up in the morning knowing that nothing could possibly ruffle his temper till me with envy. His day will run smoothly for him, and he will not be perpetually looking out for unseen obstacles.

For the unfortunate wretch who has a diabolical temper lurking somewhere in his brain there can be nothing but unpleasantness in store.

WHERE LAUGHING IS ILLEGAL

A Man in Berlin, Germany, Hauled to Court for the Crime.

English law is occasionally subject to criticism, but for real comedy we are a long way behind Germany.

In Berlin recently an ironworker was sent to prison for a week because he laughed. Going along the street he saw a merry-maker being chased by a particularly stout policeman, and the sight tickled him. He was promptly hauled before the Court for scandal.

Another man attempted to get into a moving train, and fractured his leg. After six months in hospital he was discharged, cured, when the State Railway Department at once prosecuted him for breaking their regulations. The law-and-log-breaker was fined \$1.25.

Stepping into an omnibus a man trod on the foot of a lady, who was so annoyed that she said he walked like a hen. She was fined \$5 for using this term of reproach.

Claire Waldo, the Berlin singer, outwitted the police, however. She was warned that if she sang any of her songs on Easter Sunday there would be trouble. But the announcement was made that Claire Waldo would positively appear. She did—so did the police. And she sang—the German National Anthem!

The promised prosecution did not take place.

WISE SAYINGS.

Don't give advice unless you know the kind that is required.

We all have acquaintances, but few of us have friends.

The worst man you know probably considers himself the best.

Don't confide in the person who is always confiding in you.

When your neighbor begins by saying, "Of course, it is none of my business, but—" it is a sign that he is going to make it his business.

After a man discovers how little he knows, he begins to realize that others probably do not know any more than he does.

THE FRAGMENTED ANIMAL.

Finally, it is at least a somewhat curious coincidence that the letter "S" was in constant use in this fashion in Poland in 1863-5, during the terrible series of political assassinations that marked the uprisings of the Poles against their Russian oppressors.

It was usual, too, to cut it upon each cheek of the victims, although sometimes the sign was actually branded on the flesh, by means of a horseshoe made red-hot and roughly twisted into the shape of the letter in question.

The assassins who committed these political murders at the order of the "National Committee" of the insurgents were called "Stbietozski," that is to say "stiletto men" because of the long, keen stilettos, or daggers, which they used upon their victims, and the letter "S" therefore stood for a double warning.

It meant that the dead man upon whom the brand was found was a "stiletto" or "spy," a traitor to the national cause, and that he had been cut to death for his treachery by the "Stbietozski."

HOME OF MONSTERS.

Reptiles Which Weigh Nearly a Quarter of a Ton.

The Galapagos Islands are of extreme interest to naturalists, since they form a connecting link between the animal life of the twentieth century and remote prehistoric times.

Here, and here only, are to be found the giant tortoises, survivors of the reptilian age, when there were as yet no mammals, and all sorts of huge reptiles held sway upon the earth.

The islands lie in the Pacific Ocean, some 730 miles west of the coast of Ecuador, and are so inaccessible rugged, and mountainous, that they were until quite recently very little visited and comparatively unknown. It is owing to this fact, no doubt, that these monster tortoises have survived there, although they and all their relations became extinct everywhere else in the world probably thousands of years ago.

Some of these reptiles weigh nearly a quarter of a ton, and they are remarkably long-lived, many of them being three and four hundred years old. They are, however, almost extinct in their wild state, owing to their having of late years been so persistently hunted for natural history collections.

The last great haul was made in 1898, when an expedition organized by the Hon. Walter Rothschild visited the islands and brought away sixty tortises of ages varying between 100 and 400 years.

Since then there have been other minor raids made upon them, and it is estimated that there are probably not now more than about a score of the giants left on the islands.

FACT AND FANCY.

The American eats 175 pounds of meat in a year, the Englishman 90 pounds, the German and Italian 55 pounds.

Woman's mission, according to some men, is submission.

The fly lays four times a summer, 80 eggs at a time.

A castle in the air should always have a wing or two.

TAN SHOE SALE

We have placed on sale every pair of Brown and Tan Oxford and Pump Style Shoes in stock.

26 pair Ladies' Tan Calf Oxfords, Dorothy Dodd and Empress \$3.50 and 4.00 Shoes..... **While they last \$2.25**

38 pair Ladies' Tan Calf Oxfords and Pumps, Empress \$3.00 stamped Shoes..... **Sale Price \$1.98**

30 pair Ladies' Brown Kid Oxfords and Pumps, new styles and great wearers..... **Sale Price \$1.49**

20 pair of Men's Oxfords, odds and ends left from spring lines, \$3.50 and 4.00 qualities.. **Sale Price \$2.50**

Special

15 Suit Cases, made on strong steel frames, Japanese Matting and Water-proof Keratol. **Sale price \$1.69**

THE **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES, Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.
Largest Dealers in this Section of Canada.

Aertex Underwear

Have you ever worn it?
Keeps the skin dry.
Allows the perspiration to evaporate.
It does not STICK to the body as many others do in extremely warm weather.
Try it. It will please you.

A.E. Lazier.

W. M. Church.

Rev. J. P. Wilson will occupy the pulpit on Sunday next, morning and evening.

Pullets Laying.

Mr. A. O. Sine has pullets laying that were hatched about January 1st and raised in the Phylo system coops.

Look out for us.

We invite the public to call and see our new quarters, get our prices and examine our fine stock of imported SCOTCH GRANITE MONUMENTS arriving daily and will soon be complete. Everything new and perfectly up to date. Nothing old, but everything reliable will be found at The Napanee Marble and Granite Works.

PAPINEAU & PIZZARIELLO.

An Unfortunate Accident.

Irvin Kellar a lad 15 years of age employed by Mr. S. Casey Denison as driver on his ice wagon met with a serious accident on Saturday last. The lad was driving the wagon on Dundas st. west and dropped a line and in stooping to recover it he lost his balance and pitched headlong down between the horses and the loaded wagon passed over him. He sustained a compound fracture of the left leg, lacerated scalp, requiring several stitches, lacerated shoulder, hips and thigh and bruises scattered all over him. The lad was taken to Dr. Stratton's surgery where Dr. Stratton dressed his wounds and set his limb and he was then taken to his home. For some hours after the accident the lad was in a very serious condition but is now doing well and will in all probability recover nicely.

When the thermometer registers 103 in the shade it may be bad for the growth of some things but always good for whiskers. The best shaving soap made, (ask your barber) and everything that makes shaving a pleasure, Razors, strops, face creams, etc., at The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

Ruins of Yucatan.

The explorations of Arthur Dlosy in Yucatan brought to light many new facts about the stupendous ruins which stretch through the country in a chain 300 miles long. The most amazing thing about these ruins, according to Mr. Dlosy, is that the people who possessed such high architectural skill and the knowledge of

For Scranton Coal.

Call at office corner of Centre and Water Streets, or telephone 128.
P. GLEESON.

Boy Scouts.

Have you seen our regulation scout outfit. They are just what you have been looking for.

M. S. MADOLE.

Hair Dye.

We have the "old fashioned hair restorer" that restores the hair to its natural color. It is not a nitrate of silver dye that shows on the hair so everybody can see that the hair has been dyed, but a "color restorer". It is put up in \$1.00 bottles, and can be procured in Napanee only at Wallace's Drug Store—The Rexall Agency.

Special Notice!

We have inaugurated a special delivery to hotels for the benefit of farmers, during the time of the progress of the sewer on front street. All orders will be delivered immediately. If you have any repair work we will send and get it from your rig and return it as soon as done.

M. S. MADOLE, Phone. 13.

Wednesday Half Holiday.

The merchants of the town of Napanee will close their places of business on the following Wednesday afternoons: July 5th, 19th, 26th, August 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd. Stores to close at 12.30 p. m.

For Sale.

House and 2 lots for sale, situated on the south side of water street, and corner of Donald street. The house is in good repair, and contains 8 rooms. Small orchard and some small fruit, and never failing well. Also the choicest of land. Good cellar, cement bottom, in the house. For further particulars apply on the premises.

Also 1½ acres of garden land, situated on the south side of Water and Frederick streets, and on the water's edge. Well fenced and first-class garden land, with small barn and never-failing spring on the premises. A variety of fruit, such as Red and Black Raspberries, Strawberries, Grapes, and Black Currants. For further particulars apply to SAMUEL DICKENS, Gardener, Water street. 27d

Dominion Day at Napanee.

A good crowd attended the races and sports in the Driving Park on Dominion Day despite the extreme heat. The horse races were much better than usual and furnished a good afternoon's amusement. Following is the result of the events

Named race—Lady Dillon, 1, 1, 2, 1; Prince Wilks, 2, 2, 1, 2; Brino Bars, 3, 3, 3; Prince Deyers, 1, 4, 4. Time, 1.07½, 1.12, 1.13½.

Free-for-all—Dot L., 1, 1, 3, 1; Walter G., 2, 2, 2, 2; Orillia Belle, 3, 3, 1, 3; Time, 2.18, 2.20, 2.25½.

2.25 class—Percy H., 1, 1, 1; Lon Keswick, 2, 2, 2; J. S. H., 3, 3, 3; Time, 2.23½, 2.24, 2.23½.

2.40 class—Rex, Jr., 1, 1, 1; Bessie W., 2, 2, 2; Windsor Belle, 3, 3, 3; Time, 1.00½, 1.08½, 1.09.

The Baseball Match between Picton and Bloomfield resulted in a tie at the end of the 7th innings. The continual wrangling of the players completely spoiled the event from the spectators standpoint. The S. S. League game was well contested and resulted in a win for the St. Mary Magdalene team, score 19 to 12. This game was thoroughly enjoyed by the crowd of spectators and unlimited praise is due the boys for their uniformly gentlemanly behaviour in playing their games.

Hot Weather Goods.

The new Oil stove, no wick to burn out, best yet. Our New Framed

SALT FOR SALE.

- Lump Rock Salt.
- Fine Salt in barrels.
- Fine Salt in bags.
- Coarse Salt in large sacks for stock.
- Crushed Rock Salt in large and small sacks for making ice cream.

Give me a call when wanting Salt.

Phone 130.

FRANK H. PERRY.

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary.
Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A CALL.

Poultry Wanted LIVE OR DRESSED.

Also - Beef - Hides

Highest Market
Price Paid.

FRED WILSON,
Central Meat Market

Are You Looking for Bargains?

Then don't neglect colling and examine our Steel, and Metal Ranges and Heaters. They are as good as the best; and as cheap as the cheapest.

33½ POTTER & BLANCHARD.

Don't Forget

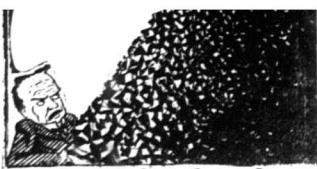
The Schooner Winnie Wing is unloading coal for P. Gleason.

John Begley, a former resident of Napanee died at Lindsay on Saturday last aged 74 years.

A ladies light weight coat picked up in the road on Wednesday has been left at this office awaiting an owner.



An avalanche of



An avalanche of Anthracite Coal

ALL SIZES, at—

CHAS. STEVENS.

Yard: Foot of West Street.

1-tf

VACATION DAYS!

will soon be here, and are you all all ready for that fishing or camping trip that you contemplated.

THE

Thermos Bottle

has become a vacation. It keeps hot things hot, and cold things cold. We have the new THERMOS LUNCH KITS.

One of the great discomforts of camp life is easy overcome, if you take a

Gillette Safety Razor

with you. No trouble to shave then. Price \$5.00.

Folding Camp Chairs, Tables, Cots, etc.

A complete stock of Fishing Tackle.

M. S. MADOLE,

Napanee's Leading Hardware Store.

Phone. 13.



It's time you owned a

WALTHAM

Our stock is complete in all grades.

THE ELGIN

The master Watch for Railroad Men.

THE HOWARD

The finest time-pieces ever produced.

We are agents for them all. Come in and talk watch with us.

Smith's Jewelry Store

B. B. B.

Base Ball Boys and all people playing base ball should see Paul's stock of "Rench" goods.

The Schooner Winnie Wing is unloading coal for P. Gleason.

John Begley, a former resident of Napanee died at Lindsay on Saturday last aged 74 years.

A ladies light weight coat picked up in the road on Wednesday has been left at this office awaiting an owner.

The Ladies Aid of Trinity Church will serve lunch on July 12th, in the dining hall of the church from 11 to 1. Tickets 25c.

See our beautiful pianos at A. E. Paul's book and music store, Napanee.

VANLUVEN BROS.,
Moscow.

The members of the Salvation Army purpose serving meals on July 12th in the vacant store in the Cartwright block, opposite the Brisco House.

Coronation Pictures

The annual excursion of the Western Methodist Sunday School, will be run on Tuesday July 25th, per Str. Brockville, to Glen Island and Picton.

Mr. John Chatterton has purchased a new rubber tired bus and expects to put it in commission early next week. Mr. Chatterton will meet all trains with it.

Itch, Mange, Prairie Scratches, Barber's itch, and every form of contagious Itch on human or animalstured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by—T. B. Wallace

The New Road Roller purchased by the county council arrived this week and was unloaded on Wednesday by Messrs McFarlane. It weighs nearly twelve tons when ready for use. It is being tried out on some of the Napanee streets.

The firemen had a midnight run to the G. T. R. station Sunday. A box car loaded with charcoal was discovered on fire and to prevent the destruction of the car and contents the firemen were called out. They saved the car and contents.

"My eyes are giving me so much pain!" This is the common report we so frequently meet. We have helped others and feel confident that we can help you. The best in spectacleware and satisfaction guaranteed at F. L. Hooper's, Napanee's Largest Drug Store.

Western M. Church

Come and spend a pleasant evening at the residence of Mr. A. E. Paul, on Friday evening, July 21st. An At Home, under the auspices of the Woman's Society, of the Western Methodist Church will be held. Music, ice cream and cake will be furnished. Admission 15 cents. 30-b

A. S. Kimmerly is selling immense quantities bran and shorts. Five Roses flour beats the world. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and Golden Medical Discovery, 80c bottle. Dods Kidney Pills, 35c box. Try our 15c tea. Good black tea 25c. Package corn starch 5c, bulk starch 5c.

The new uniforms for the members of the Napanee Fire Brigade, together with their expenses to Port Hope in August, will amount to about \$250. Their moonlight on Friday evening next, July 14th, is for the purpose of assisting them in collecting this amount. When requested to buy a ticket and enjoy an evening's sail, if possible, do so. Your company and patronage will be appreciated.

While excavating for the Dundas street sewer near the corner of John Street a spring was discovered and a proposal has been made to the council to have the water from the spring piped to either Wallace's or the Merchants Bank corners for a public drinking fountain. One of Napanee's public spirited citizens has stated that if the scheme is feasible he would willingly contribute a good share of the necessary expense.

To-Night.

The excavations of Arrour Dioso in Yucatan brought to light many new facts about the stupendous ruins which stretch through the country in a chain 300 miles long. The most amazing thing about these ruins, according to Mr. Dioso, is that the people who possessed such high architectural skill and the knowledge of rich and graceful decorative arts, belonged to the stone age and had no knowledge of metals. These wonders in stone were carved with flint implements and a civilization which has been compared to that of Egypt grew up without even the use of bronze and iron.

NAPANEE CHEESE BOARD

CHEESE SOLD AT 11 3-16C

The Napanee Cheese Board met in the Council Chamber on Friday, June 30th, at 2 p. m. Eighteen factories offered 2130 cheese, of which 1190 were white and 940 colored. Bidding opened at 11c, and closed at 11 3-16c, at which latter price 1395 cheese were sold.

	White Col
Moscow.....	130
Empey.....	50
Kingsford.....	100
Forest Mills.....	100
Odessa.....	60
Excelsior.....	125
Farmers' Friend.....	110
Marlbank.....	75
Palace Road.....	160
Centreville.....	125
Selby.....	210
Deseronto.....	175
Metzler.....	120
Wilton.....	120
Albert.....	100
Whitman Creek.....	75
Maple Ridge.....	30
Murphy.....	30

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Odd Trousers



We are showing a full range of qualities and sizes in Men's Odd Trousers.

Special values in Work Trousers AT \$1.50

Other lines of good Tweeds and Worsteds at from \$1.75 to \$5

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,

Napanee, Ont.

win for the St. Mary Magdalene team, score 19 to 12. This game was thoroughly enjoyed by the crowd of spectators and unlimited praise is due the bays for their uniformly gentlemanly behaviour in playing their games.

Hot Weather Goods.

The new Oil stove, no wick to burn out, best yet. Our New Enameled lined oven gas stove at

BOYLE & SON'S.

Death of John Valentine.

John Valentine one of the most progressive and highly respected farmers of Ernestown passed away very suddenly at the Kingston General Hospital on Tuesday evening. Mr. Valentine was in Napanee on Thursday last, attending the Liberal meeting and was apparently well though not feeling very good. On Friday he was taken very ill, was worse on Saturday and on Sunday Mr. Austin Robinson took him to Kingston General Hospital. Arriving at the hospital about 6 p. m. an operation for appendicitis was performed at 8 o'clock and was apparently successful as Mr. Valentine was resting easily until Monday when Mr. Robinson returned home. On Tuesday however he took worse and the family were summoned but arrived half an hour after he had passed away. Mr. Valentine was the possessor of one of the finest farms in Ernestown township with splendid buildings and was a breeder and exhibitor of thoroughbred stock, particularly Holstein cattle on which he won many prizes annually. The remains were brought to his home at Violet where the funeral services were held on Thursday and the remains placed in Violet cemetery.

Besides his widow he leaves six children, Mrs. Ernest Parks and Kenneth, Ray, Percy, Eva and Grace at home. Mrs. Edward Wilson, Napanee is a sister of Mrs. Valentine and Mrs. Robert Boves and Mrs. Balfour are aunts of hers.

Ice Cream freezers; refrigerators, screen doors and windows.

BOYLE & SON'S.

Old Adolphustown Methodist Church.

The Trustees are endeavoring to arrange a Picnic on the old grounds for Monday, August 14th next. The Prince Edward Co. Old Boys and Girls hold their annual excursion from Toronto 7.30 a. m. Saturday August 12th to Picton, arriving at that hometown about noon and returning about 7 p. m. Monday the 14th by special train which will be held for the party. Tickets \$2.55 adults and children half price for the round trip. The Mayor and friends of Picton are arranging to secure a steamer to carry all who may wish to go down to Adolphustown on Monday forenoon, landing at the site of the old church wharf on the south side of Hay Bay, (which by the way, will be made safe for the occasion.) During the stay at the old church, if time permits, an impromptu service will be held and speeches made by Rev. Dr. Carman, General Superintendent, and others, and old songs and tunes sung and a general good time is hoped for. The object is thus early foreshadowing this outing is that the people of Prince Edward and the people of Lennox and Addington may know about it in good time so that they may make arrangements to be on hand. The Trustees appointed by the late General Conference of the Methodist church have been promised \$500 by the Bay of Quinte Conference at its last session in Port Hope; and the friends outside will endeavor to raise the balance necessary to complete the repairs now being made on the building so it may stand the storms of another century. Cut this out and stick it on your bedroom Mirror and be prepared for the occasion. Trustees—A. R. Davis, Chairman; John N. Lake, Sec. & Treas., C. C. James, Fred L. Hooper, Geo. Ruttan.

Every woman should know Merrill's Wizard Lightning cures monthly pain in five minutes. Price 25c.

Sold and recommended by T. B. Wallace, Druggist.

For the 12th



Have your Suit Pressed and put in First-Class Shape

Prices:
Suits Pressed 50c
Coats " 35c
Trousers 15c

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH

Napanee.

Sunday Services at 10:30 a.m., and 7 p.m.
Rev. G. W. McCall, B. A., Pastor.

PERSONALS

Miss Myrtle Scott, Toronto, is, visiting friends in Napanee.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Warner and daughter, Elizabeth, left on Thursday for Montreal. Mrs. Warner and daughter sail on Friday for England.

Mrs. Wilkison left on Thursday to return to England.

Mr. S. D. Lake, Conway, was in town on Wednesday on his return from Port Hope.

Mrs. Harry Garratt and two children, Vancouver, B. C., are guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Davis, for a few weeks.

Mr. F. Chinneck has leased the old Coxall store and will occupy the same after repairs have been completed.

Miss Mina Mitchelson, Belleville, spent Sunday the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Wallace.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Sullivan, Baldwinville, N. Y., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Z. A. Grooms, Richmond.

Dr. Chas. Smith, of Saskatoon, Sask., is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Aubrey Pringle, New York, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Pringle.

Mrs. Eakins and son Gray left on Tuesday for Port Arthur to visit her son, Dr. Ted Eakins.

Mr. M. M. Gould is spending a few weeks in Toronto with her sister, Mrs. Hemstreet.

Mrs. Long and son Warner, of Toronto are visiting her mother, Mrs. Sidney Warner.

Miss Marjorie Gibson left on Thursday to visit her cousin Miss Lou Shibley, Harrowsmith.

Miss N. E. Williams after a three weeks visit at this town has returned home where she will immediately leave for Toronto.

Mr. H. Jackson and wife (nee) Maude Bruton are in town visiting the latter's mother, Mrs. W. H. Bruton.

Mr. Edward Foster, of Picton, was in Napanee with his motor boat for Dominion Day.

Dr. W. Huff, wife and daughter, returned to their home in Rome, N. Y., on Tuesday.

Mrs. Theodore Lilley and Miss Sultan, Guelph, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Herrington.

Miss Jettah Gould made a flying trip to Glenn Miller to attend the wedding of her friend, Miss Nancy Smith.

Mrs. F. P. Douglas and daughter, Helen, spent the week with friends in Brockville.

Mr. C. H. Boyes, Kingston spent Sunday and Monday in Napanee.

Mr. Jno. Brandon, Humboldt, Sask., is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Brandon.

Mrs. Norris Brisco and little son are guests of her mother, Mrs. C. E. Bartlett.

MARRIAGES.

LAYNG—FERGUSON—By the Rev. G. S. White, at Piety Hill, Napanee, on Thursday, June 29th, 1911, Mr. William G. Layng, and Miss Edna May Ferguson, both of Brockville.

DEATHS

Continued on Monday, July 10, 1911.

ROBLIN.

We are having very warm weather at time of writing.

Farmers are busy working in the hay.

Mrs. G. Richardson is on the sick list.

Our school has closed for the summer holidays.

A number of our young people attended the lawn social at Sharp's Corners on Tuesday evening. All report a good time.

Misses Tressa and Rose Lasher, of Napanee, spent Sunday and Monday at their home here.

Mr. Clinton Kellar, Forest Mills, spent Sunday at Mr. W. Asselstine's.

Miss Myrtle Pringle was the guest of Miss Iva Hall on Sunday.

Mrs. Woodall and son, Fred, of Deseronto, are spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. F. Bradshaw.

Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Paul and family spent Sunday at Newburgh.

Miss Carrie Hall, Toronto, is spending a few days at her home here.

Rumor says a wedding soon.

These are the days when reapers and mowers have full swing. They swing much better when you use "Ruby Castor Machine Oil" from The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

NORTHBROOK.

Prospects are that Bon Echo park, which is owned by the Bon Echo company, of Toronto, and superintended by Mr. Dennison, will be enjoyed by a far greater number of guests this season than have ever before visited this beautiful spot. We believe Bon Echo to be one of the most ideal, healthy, charming, picturesque and pleasure affording retreats in Canada. The automobile transfer used to convey the guests from Kaladar Station is already busy. A carload of provisions including delicacies of all kinds has been taken to the park.

The prospectors working on the famous Massanoga rock, at Bon Echo, are in high anticipation of finding the long sought Myer's Cave. Stick to it brave boys, the reward is to those that persevere.

The Ore Chimney mine owned by the Ore Chimney Mining company, of Buffalo, which has for the past six months been under the sole management of J. A. Jimereson, is proving to be a great success and everything seems to be working perfectly, the shaft is being lowered very speedily and the ore is continually becoming richer in the precious metals sought for. The mechanical arrangement of the machinery and the location of the buildings together with the kind of machinery used to equip the mine, all speak very highly of the engineering skill of the manager, the workmen employed are only those who are men of experience and any who are not found to be practical and agreeable are immediately discharged. We expect that this mine will be a great boon to this part of the country.

The Cobalt-Frontenac Mining company, of Hamilton, is also operating a mine near the Ore Chimney, which is turning out some very fine ore. This mine is under the management of Wm. Atkins, of Northbrook. We cannot speak too highly of Mr. Atkins regarding his ability to fill this position. His years of experience in the mining business, together with the knowledge gained while acting as chief engineer for the Ore Chimney Mining company, during the opening and developing of their mine until he went with the

“Oh, Lucy dear, there really can't be such a difference between one tea and another.”



“I thought that too, Marie, till I used Red Rose. Just you try it, dear.”

DENBIGH.

Mrs. Nellie Riley, principal of our village school during last term, terminated her engagement and left for her home in Kingston. A successor for the next school term has as yet not been engaged.

Mrs. Adolph Fritsch, who has spent a month visiting her son Charles and her daughter, Mrs. G. Stein, at New Liskeard, arrived home again last Saturday night immensely pleased and satisfied with her visit. Her daughter, Elsa, a student in the Renfrew High School, also arrived home at the same time and will spend the summer vacation at her old home.

Miss Katie Marquardt, teacher in one of the public schools in Raglan Township, is also enjoying her holidays at home.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Rahm are away at Arnprior, combining business with the pleasure of renewing old acquaintances and visiting old friends there.

Mr. Otto Berger, of Germanicus, has arrived on a visit to friends in this vicinity.

Miss Emma Stein, of Ottawa, is expected here this week for a month's stay with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Stein, of the Denbigh House.

Invitations are out for an interesting wedding to take place in our village on the 19th inst.

Messrs. David and Wm. Youmans, who have been residing in New Ontario for some years, arrived on Sunday for a visit to their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Youmans, and other relatives in this vicinity.

Mrs. (Dr.) J. Adams is enjoying an extended visit in Kingston and vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Lockwood are spending a couple of weeks visiting relatives in different parts of this county.

P. P. P.

Pure Prepared Paint at Paul's, 50c. quart.

PRESSED HAY AND STRAW

WOOD OF ALL KINDS.
The Best in Canada.

12th July Dinner

The Ladies of the Western Methodist Church will serve hot dinners in the vacant store Corner Dundas and Robert Streets on July 12th. Dinner 35 cents.

St. Mary Magdalene.

Sunday, July 9th: 8 a. m. Holy Communion; 10:30 a. m. Morning Prayers; 7 p.m. Evensong; the Orange Lodges of the Town will attend service in Afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Pianos.

The place to select your piano is from VanLoven Bros. stock at Paul's music store, Napanee. We have several makes, including the celebrated Gerhard Heintzman and Newcombe. You can see the different styles, hear the different tones, and take your choice. We trade for anything, we want twenty horses on deal and give very easy terms of payment. We also sell Organs sewing machines, separators, and the celebrated Fairbanks and Harris Gasoline engines. We have two large farms sale. Will be at Mr. Paul's store Saturdays.

VANLOVEN BROS.
Moscow and Yarker.

PROMOTION EXAMS.

Held at No. 15 North Fredericksburgh. School-Sections Nos. 15 and 18 N. Fred. and No. 13 Richmond. Names in order of merit (75% or over Honors.)

TOTAL 750.

III to IV—Blake Sine 626 (Honors) Annie Matthew 523, Loretta Killorin 490, Vera Woodcock 483, Percy Sedore 481, Maggie Sedore 443. All of No. 15 North Fredericksburgh.

TOTAL 470.

II to III—Cecil Luther 418 (Honors) No. 18 N. Fred: Cecil Hough 399 (Honors) No. 15 N. Fred: Laura Woodcock 385 (Honors) No. 15 N. Fred: Gladys Davy 342 No. 13 Richmond.

Primer to Class I No. 15 N. Fred. Beatrice Blakely, Walter Kelly, Jack Bentley. Teachers—Norma E. Shannon No. 15 N. Fred: Dora F. Casey No. 13 Richmond: Annie M. Sutton No. 18 N. Fred.

Do you wear a truss? The latest and best in this line of goods, always, at Hooper's—Napanee's Largest Drug Store.

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B. B.

at 100per's—Napanee's largest Drug Store.

Sudden Death.

Monday evening a very sudden death occurred in Napanee when Mrs. John Williams, passed away after but a short hour's illness. The deceased had always enjoyed fairly good health but on Sunday she was not feeling very well, the cause being attributed to the extremely hot weather. Monday morning she had apparently regained her usual good health, but during the day she suffered a similar attack of the indisposition of the day previous. However this passed away and nothing serious was even dreamed of. About eight o'clock she was again stricken and became unconscious and in spite of every effort she passed away in a very short time. The cause of her sudden demise is attributed to heart failure. Deceased was a daughter of the late Gilbert Markle, and leaves besides her sorrowing husband, three brothers and one sister, who are Messrs. Martin and Charles, of Napanee; Frank, of Cornwall; and Mrs. Albert Wagar, residing in the United States. Much sympathy is felt for the bereaved husband and sorrowing family. The last sad rites were performed over the deceased on Wednesday and the remains interred in Riverside cemetery.

Shake the bottle and take as directed and in 48 hours Four T's will shake you cold. Look for the four red T's. Price 25c.

Sold and recommended by T. B. Wallace, Druggist.

DEATHS.

CREIGHTON—At Hawley, on Wednesday, July 5th, 1911, Fred W. Creighton, aged 52 years, 5 months, 9 days. Funeral this afternoon from his late residence, at 2.30, thence to Riverside cemetery, Napanee.

HUFFMAN—At his residence, one mile east of Moscow, on Tuesday, July 4th, 1911, George Marshall Huffman, aged 79 years, 2 months and 4 days.

VALENTINE—At Kingston General Hospital on Tuesday July 4th, 1911, John Valentine of Violet, aged 49 years.

WILLIAMS—At Napanee, on Monday July 3rd, 1911, Annie L. Markle, beloved wife of John Williams, aged 42 years, 10 months. (Kingston papers please copy.)

Impartial.

"What did the captain of the vessel do when he found the men were not disposed to do their full duty?"

"He gave up the voyage and docked the vessel."

"What then?"

"Then he docked the crew."—Baltimore American.

Between Friends.

Bess—He said my face was a perfect poem. Jess—It is—like one of Browning's. Bess—What do you mean? Jess—Some of the lines are so deep.—Toledo Blade.

How blessings brighten as they take their flight!—Young.

during the opening and developing of their mine until he went with the Cobalt-Frontenac Mining company, about six months ago, makes us feel that he is the right man in the right place. We expect, too, that this mine will, in the near future, be the scene of great activities.

Turned the Tables.

Two hunters, returning from the Catskills, decided to try some New York city humor upon the agent of a little railroad station in the foothills.

"When does the 3:49 train get in?" asked one.

The old man regarded him seriously and at length. "Waal," said he, "she generally gets in just a leetle behind the engine."

Later they approached him respectfully. "About time that train is due, isn't it, uncle?"

"Yes," said the agent, "she's about due. There comes the conductor's dog."—Everybody's.

Dauntless.

"He cleared the sill at a bound and vanished in the darkness," related Romance breathlessly.

"But," scoffed Realism, "only a moment ago he was riveted to the spot. Did he file the rivets?"

"Oh, no!" rejoined Romance, nothing daunted. "Fortunately it was only a small spot, so that by a superhuman effort he wrenched it loose and carried it along with him."—Puck.

WOOD OF ALL KINDS.

The Best in Groceries
Flour, Feed, Etc.

S. CASEY DENISON.

Centre Street, North.

Phone 10



V. KOUBER

received this week a car of Granite, 26 tons direct from the eastern quarries.

ON HAND NOW

40 Granite Monuments

bought before the advance in prices in Scotland.

Come to the Old Reliable Napanee Marble and Granite Works, west of Anderson's Livery. White Cement Block.

V. KOUBER, Proprietor.



Try this Thirsty Flour

A very thirsty flour. Absorbs a lot of water. Because it contains so much *gluten*.

Manitoba wheat is wonderfully rich in sturdy *gluten*.

And, think of it, FIVE ROSES is milled *exclusively* from the very *cream* of the Manitoba wheat berries.

So FIVE ROSES must be awfully thirsty, don't you see.

In your mixing bowl it greedily absorbs *more* water.

So you get *more* loaves than usual without using more flour. You use *less*.

Your flour lasts *longer*, doesn't it?

Less trips to your dealer.

That's how FIVE ROSES saves money.

Actually saves *YOU* money.

Use this *economical* flour.

Five Roses Flour

Not Bleached



Not Blended

LAKE OF THE WOODS MILLING COMPANY, LIMITED MONTREAL